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ACT OF BISHOP CAUSES CHURCH OF ENGLAND STIR

Criticism Is Showered Upon Mombasa Official for Celebrating Communion for a Presbyterian Society at Kikuyu

OTHER CASES TOLD

Represented as an Innovation Which May Split Organization Into Hopeless Factions—Referred to Canterbury

LONDON—The controversy which has arisen over the action of the Bishop of Mombasa in celebrating communion service in a Presbyterian church at Kikuyu with an Anglican form of service has created an immense sensation in church circles in the United Kingdom, and has been represented as an innovation which might split the Church of England into hopeless factions.

The whole matter has been now referred to the Archbishop of Canterbury, who is the most diplomatic and cautious prelate who has sat for many years in St. Augustine's chair. Dr. Davidson will most probably prove equal to the occasion of fact there is nothing particularly new in the occurrence.

Upwards of 40 years ago the "Glen-garry scandal," as it was termed, filled columns of the English press without creating a rupture. On that occasion Dr. Wilberforce, then Bishop of Oxford, and Dr. Thomson, Archbishop of York, conducted a couple of services in the parish kirk. This was a scandal which flattered the devotees of orthodoxy in 1871.

There was a worse scandal and one described in much more fiery language when some years later Dean Stanley welcomed non-conformist members of the Commission for Revision of the Bible to joint sacrament in Westminster Abbey. The Anglican papers made terrific statements on that occasion but the church survived.

Then again in coronation year the Bishop of Hereford welcomed the non-conformists of his diocese to communion in his cathedral to celebrate the occasion, only to hear when convocation met that his act was a cause of grievous scandal and distress to large numbers of the faithful.

Today the Bishops of Mombasa and Uganda find themselves in the place of Dr. Wilberforce. Dr. Thomson, Dean Stanley and Dr. Percival, whilst the Bishop of Zanzibar, with his cry of heresy, stands in place of the critics who discovered the Glen-garry scandal, the apostasy of Dean Stanley and the impropriety of Dr. Percival.

All the leaders and scholars of the church are at present fighting out the question at enormous length in the columns of the Times and prominent among them is the Dean of Durham, who once provoked the horror of the faithful by occupying a non-conformist pulpit in the days when he was Canon of Westminster.

PEACE KEYNOTE IN EMPEROR'S SPEECH TO PRUSSIAN DIET

BERLIN—The Prussian Diet met yesterday, when the Kaiser's speech was read by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg as first minister in Prussia. The speech dwelt on the assured maintenance of peace in Europe.

MRS. EDDY'S ESTATE PAYS LEGACY TAX

CONCORD, N. H.—The State of New Hampshire received Thursday from Josiah E. Fernald, the administrator of the estate of the Rev. Mary Baker Eddy, Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, \$116,791.92, the tax on the estate. This is the largest legacy tax ever collected by the state.

ZABERN CASE COURT-MARTIAL ENDS WITH SOME WITNESSES UNHEARD; DECISION SATURDAY

BERLIN—The Strassburg court-martial ended suddenly yesterday without the calling of the remaining witnesses. At the end of the proceedings the court adjourned till Saturday, when its decision will be given. The military prosecutor, in summing up the evidence, proposed that Colonel von Reuter should be acquitted of usurping civil functions but sentenced to seven days' confinement to barracks for unlawful imprisonment of civilians. In the case of Lieutenant Schad, he proposed that the charge of violating dwellings should be

BOSTON TRANSIT COMMISSION REPORTS ON RAILWAY CHANGES

Bennet Street Station in Tunnel Opposed—Chelsea Boring Estimated at \$6,700,000—Dorchester Subway to Be Connected With South Terminal

Four reports regarding improvements in the railways within the metropolitan area were filed with the Legislature today by the Boston transit commission.

In one, the commission admits a station could be built at or near Bennet street in the tunnel but disapproves of it; in another it says a tunnel could be constructed between Boston and Chelsea for \$6,700,000; in a third it indicates the Dorchester tunnel undoubtedly will be connected with the South station by passageways, and in the fourth it declares that no further action has been taken respecting the substitution of a tunnel for the elevated structure between the end of the Washington street tunnel and Sullivan square.

In its opinion on the proposed Bennet street station the commission says that in the first place it does not believe that a subway station on a 4 per cent grade is desirable in safety of operation, and it does not consider that any flattening of the grade at Bennet street desirable because it would result in closing Oak street to traffic.

In the second place, the cost of such a station, which would be from \$350,000

to nearly \$500,000 to construct and land damages, and probably from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000 if the capitalized operating expenses are included, is not justified.

In the third place, a station at Bennet street would be a very short distance from the existing station at Boylston street and the district in the neighborhood is already served by surface car lines in Washington street.

The distance of more than 3000 feet between the Boylston street station and the Dover street station is greater than the distance between stations in Washington street to the north, but on the other hand it is less than the distance between the stations at Dover street and at Northampton street. It must be remembered, it says, that the object of the Washington street tunnel is to promote rapid transit between the suburbs and the congested center of the city. A station at Bennet street would delay this traffic.

Regarding the Boston to Chelsea tunnel, the commission submitted two routes. The first has at the Boston terminus (Continued on page eight, column seven)

MR. FOSS, PRIVATE CITIZEN, IS BACK AT OLD BUSINESS

Former Governor Visits Machine Company at Hyde Park—Comes to Boston Office Later

Former Gov. Eugene N. Foss today again took up the management of his business affairs, going to the plant of the Becker Milling Machine Company at Hyde Park. Late this afternoon he is expected at the office of the B. F. Sturtevant Company, 34 Oliver street.

Miss Ethel Peck of Dorchester, who has been Mr. Foss' private stenographer for several years and who assisted him in this capacity at the executive office during his three-year term, is back at her former place at the Sturtevant Company's office today.

Mr. Foss continued to be a breaker of customs and traditions at the State House until the very end. Even the time-honored custom of the departing executive leaving by the central entrance to the Bulfinch front of the State Capitol was not excepted.

Though the faithful elevator man at the House, Robert Turner, stopped at the proper landing yesterday afternoon and directed former Governor Foss how to depart according to tradition, the latter chose to go out the side door near the General Hooker statue, as has been his practice for three years.

JUDGE SAYS U. S. MERITS UNITED SHOE DECREE

Declares Government Has a Case on the Grounds of Conspiracy Even if a Monopoly of Machinery Business Is Not Proved

PRESIDENT RECALLED

Even if it should be found that the United Shoe Machinery Company has not a monopoly of the shoe machinery business of the country, Judge Brown, who is sitting with Judges Dodge and Putnam in the United States district court, hearing the suit of the government charging the company with monopoly, said today he believed the government had a case and was entitled to a decree on the charge that the company had conspired to effect a monopoly.

William S. Gregg, special assistant to the United States attorney general, in reply stated that while the government charged it was the original intention of the defendant to monopolize other lines of machinery the actual monopoly effect was limited, he said, to machinery for preparing bottoms and uppers of shoes and eyeletting and clicking machines.

Sidney W. Winslow, president of the company, was recalled to the stand regarding questions which the government wished to ask. He said that in 1890 about 19,000,000 out of a total of 23,000,000 pairs of shoes were made on the machines controlled by the United Shoe.

PILGRIM LANDING CELEBRATION PLEA FILED IN SENATE

Authorization Asked for New England Commission to Prepare for Tercentenary

Senator Hobbs of Worcester today filed the petition of John L. Sewall for legislation to establish the New England Tercentenary commission of nine persons who shall prepare plans for a proper celebration of the three-hundredth anniversary of the landing of the pilgrims at Plymouth, in 1620, and which may expend \$5000 for the purpose. The commission shall report to the legislature Jan. 10, 1915.

Senator Boyle of New Bedford has introduced the petition of William S. Cook that cities and towns be authorized to incur debt for temporary loans by an amendment to the municipal indebtedness act of 1913.

A state purchasing board of three persons who shall purchase all supplies needed for the commonwealth and its institutions is asked by Frank B. Homans in a bill introduced by Senator Langelier of Quincy.

That the tenure of all collectors of taxes in cities and towns be extended to three years in office is the intent of a bill introduced by Senator Williams of Dedham, who has also introduced the petition of W. Edwin Ulmer to increase the jurisdiction of the municipal court of Boston by a consolidation of all the branch district courts and establishing a municipal court bench of a chief justice and 15 associate justices.

LAST AQUEDUCT BARRIER TO GO

NEW YORK—The last barrier in the Catskill aqueduct, which will carry 500,000,000 gallons of mountain water into New York daily will be blasted away tomorrow. The tunnel is 96 miles long. Seventy-two thousand men have been employed in its construction.

COLOMBIA DISPUTE BROUGHT TO END

WASHINGTON—A final settlement of the old dispute between the United States and Colombia, which has been pending since the Panama revolution, is near, according to a statement today by Acting Secretary of State John Bassett Moore.

CLERKS GET PROMOTIONS IN SWEEPING POSTAL CHANGES

Chiefs Reduced in Rank and Salary and Their Places Filled by Subordinates, Who Receive More Pay—Veteran Forty-Five Years in Service Resigns

Frank D. Johnston, superintendent of the New England railway mail service, today announced reductions of many chief clerks throughout the division and the promotion of clerks to the places. The shakeup is the greatest in many years.

Another surprise was the resignation from the service of Edward J. Ryan of Worcester, for 45 years in the service. He handed in his resignation to Superintendent Johnston yesterday. No provision has as yet been made for this vacancy.

Mr. Ryan entered the postoffice service as a clerk in Worcester, and rose from the ranks to the superintendency of the New England division. He held that office for more than 25 years. Last summer he was reduced to the rank of chief clerk with a reduction of \$1000 in salary. Since his reduction he has been acting in the capacity of chief clerk. He is a veteran of the civil war.

William R. Dee, a railway mail clerk on the Boston & Albany run, has been

promoted to chief clerk in charge of district No. 1, Boston, in place of Charles H. Collins, who has been assigned as clerk in charge of the Providence rural postoffice terminal.

David F. Hunt, clerk on the Boston and New York run, has been advanced to chief clerk in charge of the White River Junction office, relieving E. M. Carpenter, who has been assigned to the office as a clerk.

Richard J. Gorman, clerk on the Boston, Springfield & New York run, has been promoted to chief clerk and assigned to the New Haven (Conn.) office in place of William H. Sanders, assigned to the New Haven rural postoffice terminal.

The clerks promoted to chief clerkships will receive \$2000 per annum each. They are now receiving from \$1600 to \$1700 each.

The chief clerks reduced and transferred receive reductions of from \$300 to \$400 each.

HANDEL BOOTH CALLS DUBLIN 'TRIBUNAL UNFIT FOR ITS WORK'

Former Participant Says Exclusion of Union Representative Destroyed Workers' Confidence in Court and People of City Are Now Indifferent

DUBLIN—Handel Booth, as called yesterday has withdrawn from participation in the inquiry as to the conduct of the police, on the ground that counsel for the police described him as a blackguard.

Interviewed by the Monitor representative yesterday at the Shelburne hotel, he gave it as his opinion that the present tribunal was not a proper one to sift the evidence. The exclusion of a representative of the unions had destroyed the confidence of the workers in the commission enormously. He was surprised, he declared, at the absolute indifference of Dublin people to the inquiry.

Mr. Booth explained that he felt inclined to send a manifesto to the Lord Lieutenant. He had intended to return to England by the middle boat, and if he did not it was because he had decided on sending a manifesto and therefore remained to work it out.

He added that it was not known that he had been present at the Brunswick street baton charge and at the Monday night charge, and that he was not satisfied in making use only of what he had seen during the Sackville street charge. The commission, which is already discredited by the refusal of the workers to participate after what they consider Augustine Birrell's breach of faith, is

NEW ENGLAND URGES RESERVE BANK IN BOSTON

Business Men and Bankers Make Plea Before Federal System Organization Board That This District Should Stand Alone

AGAINST NEW YORK

Mayor Fitzgerald Among Those Who Believe That City Should Not Be Center of Region to Include Bay State

Strong appeals that one of the regional banks to be established under the federal reserve system should be placed in Boston were made at the opening hearing before Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo and Secretary of Agriculture David F. Houston at the Chamber of Commerce today.

Arguments of New York financiers, made at the hearings held by the organization committee in that city earlier in the week, were answered by prominent bankers and business men of New England, who held that one huge bank in New York city, to include within its district Boston and New England, would not be in harmony with the purposes of the currency law.

Backed by statistics, Boston was upheld as the logical financial center of all New England and the various speakers gave many reasons why they believed a bank should be established here for this district.

Speakers generally favored the retention of New England as an entity in answering questions by Secretary McAdoo as to whether the western part of Massachusetts, Connecticut and Vermont (Continued on page eight, column one)

RESOLUTION IN LEGISLATURE ASKS FOR RESERVE BANK

An order favoring establishment of a regional reserve bank in Boston and approving action of the Boston Chamber of Commerce for the same was introduced at the opening session of the House of Representatives today by Representative Fred P. Greenwood.

The resolution was referred to the House committee on rules for consideration. It is as follows: "Whereas, the matter of the establishment in the city of Boston of a regional reserve bank under the currency law lately enacted by the Congress of the United States is now under consideration.

"Resolved, that the General Court of Massachusetts hereby expresses its hearty approval of the plan and commends the action of the Chamber of Commerce of the city of Boston in endeavoring to procure the establishment of such a bank in that city.

"Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be sent by the secretary of the commonwealth, to the representatives in Congress from Massachusetts and to the secretary of the treasury of the United States."

RAILWAY STRIKE IN SOUTH AFRICA FAILURE THUS FAR

LONDON—The first day of the South African railway strike has proved a complete failure, and if more men cannot be induced to come out immediately the whole thing must collapse. Trains are running without interference and it is calculated that barely 1000 men, and these mainly in the workshops, have struck.

There is a feeling of considerable dissatisfaction in Cape Colony and Natal at the Transvaal officials having called the strike on their own responsibility. The result is that so far all trouble has practically been confined to the Transvaal.

POSTAGE REQUIRED FOR MAILING TODAY'S PAPER
In United States.....2c
To Foreign Countries.....4c

China Is Warned Against Administration Methods

YUAN'S RECORD SET FORTH BY CHINESE PAPER

Prominent Kuo Ming Tang Organ Calls Attention to Dangers to Republic by Continuance in Office of Man Like President

REACTION PREDICTED

(Special to the Monitor)
SHANGHAI, China.—In one of the last issues of the China Republican, the prominent Kuo Ming Tang organ, before its suppression by order of Yuan Shih-Kai, there appears a vigorous leading article under the heading "Yuan's Record," which is specially interesting inasmuch as it confirms in a marked degree the views put forward by the Monitor's special correspondent.

It is difficult to believe, says the Shanghai Journal, that even the most enthusiastic supporters of Yuan Shih-Kai are so impervious to reason and good sense that they totally fail to see the dangers to which the Chinese republic is exposed by the continuation in office of a man like Yuan Shih-Kai.

The intrepid driver of a fiery chariot at the edge of a precipice may seem a picturesque sight which wins the plaudits of the unthinking few by its sheer appeal to the imagination, but too fast a pace is liable to lead to disastrous results. Yuan Shih-Kai is going at too fast a pace—backwards. There are those who hold that progress may be too quick and thus turn itself into a positive menace. But this is literally and logically fallacious reasoning. Progress is never too quick, but rather the reverse is true. Yuan Shih-Kai is not making progress. He is reverting to ancient and timeworn methods of government which have long fallen into disuse. The career of the man from beginning to end shows this.

Yuan Shih-Kai's sorry record since he assumed the office of President, the China Republican continues, started with the military intimidation of the National Council in order to coerce the members into passing his nominees for the cabinet after the dissolution of Tang Shao-Yi's cabinet. This was followed by his promulgation of laws regulating and governing the appointment of officials without reference to Parliament. Next came the demoralization of Parliament by the creation of the Chinputang for the purpose of blocking parliamentary progress.

The history of the big loan, as well as a series of small loans, without the sanction of Parliament, is too fresh in the minds of everybody to require laboring. It will suffice to say that in any other country money bills, if not referred to and sanctioned by Parliament, which is the custodian of the people's interests, would not be tolerated, considering that it is the people who are ultimately called upon to pay the piper, and it is therefore essential that all money matters, like other affairs affecting the national wellbeing, should receive their concurrence. It is not inspiring to see the country saddled with useless warships ordered from Austrian and German firms which the people can ill afford. This was bad enough, but something infinitely worse was to follow. The arrest, imprisonment and even execution of members of Parliament without sufficient cause were ordered by Yuan Shih-Kai without quail of conscience.

Going on to speak of the recent presidential election, the China Republican says that the mere fact that the first two ballots were indecisive serves to show that there was no spontaneity in the voting. In any case, victory for Yuan Shih-Kai was insured beforehand. Had there been any doubt of the issue there would have been no election, at all events not in this year. The reaction, the China Republican says in conclusion, is bound to come. If there is an appearance of obedience it is inspired by fear, and not love and respect. If there is tranquility in the land, it is the silence of a desolate wilderness.

INTRODUCTION OF POTATO INTO FRANCE CELEBRATED

(Special to the Monitor)
PARIS, France.—Neuilly has been celebrating the centenary of Parmentier, the man who in the days just preceding the revolution, made the potato familiar in France as an article of food.

Sir Walter Raleigh had brought the potato to England in the seventeenth century, and in Germany the plant was widely known, but in France it was regarded with prejudice and disfavor, and was not grown, except in districts of Anjou and Limousin where Turgot had introduced it.

At the commencement of the seven years war Parmentier, a chemist apprentice, obtained a post in the French army, and while in Frankfurt became acquainted with the properties of the potato. Later on he contributed an essay on vegetables capable of taking the place of bread, a subject for which a prize was offered by the Besancon Academy. Parmentier wrote of the potato and won the prize.

In 1778 he published a "Chemical Examination of the Potato" and was granted some land near the Bois de Boulogne on which to grow the plant. Regardless of the ridicule which the



(Reproduced by permission of Lord Courtney)

Bas-reliefs of Sir Thomas More and Erasmus, who was entertained by the former on Cheyne Walk

NEED OF MORE CANDIDATES URGED BY BRITISH PARTY

Independent Labor Organization to Materially Increase Number Running for House

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON.—At a sitting of the National Administrative Council of the Independent Labor party it was announced that having considered the present arrangement, whereby the number of prospective Independent Labor party candidates allocated to the various districts is limited to a total of 15, the council is of the opinion that the arrangement is limiting to the political energy and opportunities of the party.

It was therefore resolved that while the council could not, by reason of the financial obligations which would be entailed, materially increase the number of candidates, it would be prepared to consider applications for additional candidatures in cases where the strength and prospects of the party justified the application.

SOMERSET HOUSE SITE FOR LONDON UNIVERSITY URGED

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON.—The London County Council recently rejected by two votes a proposal in favor of a South London site for the London university, and decided to ask the government to give Somerset House for the purpose.

The council adopted a recommendation of the improvements committee that a conditional agreement be entered into with the Liverpool and London Globe Insurance Company, in connection with the completion of the Mall to Charing Cross improvement, providing for the reinstatement of the company on a site fronting on Charing Cross and the admiralty arch approach.

GEOLOGIST VISITS AUSTRALIA MINES

(Special to the Monitor)
HOBART, Tasmania.—E. F. Pitman, government geologist and under-secretary for mines, New South Wales, is on a visit to Tasmania with the object of compiling a brief description of the mining fields of eastern Australia. Mr. Pitman will inspect both the west and the east coast mines before returning to Sydney.

TRANSVAAL GOLD OUTPUT SMALLER

(Special to the Monitor)
CAPE TOWN, South Africa.—The gold output of the Transvaal for October has been declared to be 718,431 ounces, value £3,051,701, or a yield of £98,442 per day. This is a smaller daily average than for August and September. There is hope, however, that with the continued improvement which is being shown in the matter of native labor, headway will soon be made, and the progressive outputs experienced prior to June and July last resumed.

CAIRNS HARBOR WORK CONTINUES

(Special to the Monitor)
BRISBANE, Queensland.—The work of the new section dredge in connection with Cairns harbor has been most satisfactory. In four months the channel has been deepened by two feet, and if during the next six months another two feet should be added, a 26 foot ship will be able to enter the harbor at any time during the year.

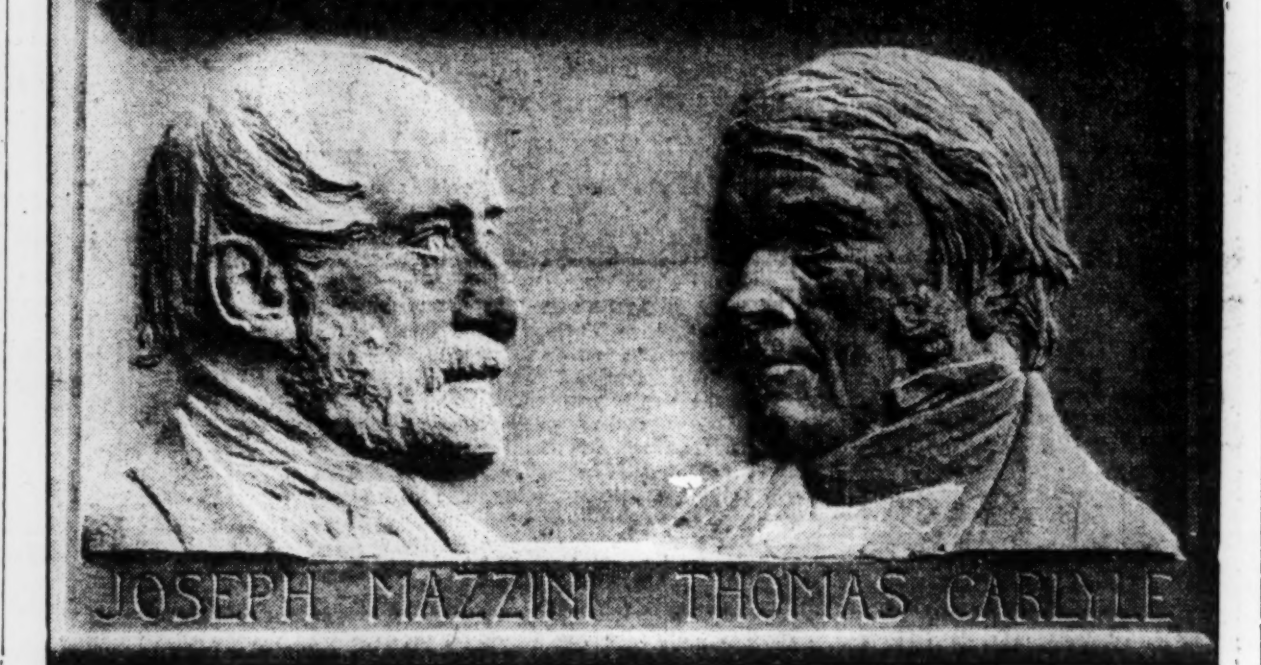
FACES OF FAMOUS MEN ON HOUSE WALL

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON.—Lord Courtney, still better known to many people as Leonard Courtney, some time one of the radical members for Cornwall, has initiated a new scheme of house decoration by placing two tablets on the front of his house in Cheyne Walk, between the second and third stories.

Cheyne Walk itself is celebrated as the abode of many famous people. At one end of it lived George Eliot, and at the other end of it Turner. In between is the famous house built for Catherine of Braganza, and centuries later occupied by Meredith, Rossetti and Swinburne. Here also are two of the houses, including "The Copper Door," formerly occupied by Whistler, to say nothing of Lind-

say House and the home of Cecil Lawson. The tablets on Lord Courtney's house each represent a pair of heads, the owners being engaged in conversation. On the one side are More and Erasmus, on the other side Mazzini and Carlyle. More's house lay on Cheyne Walk and the old wall of what was possibly the menagerie stood until it was pulled down for building purposes quite recently. It was here he entertained Erasmus on that famous visit which is depicted in the delightful letters of the Dutchman.

The garden, where Erasmus declared all the birds of Chelsey came every morning to be fed, has given place to buildings, and curiously enough, amongst these buildings is Crosby Hall, the famous city mansion once occupied by



(Reproduced by permission of Lord Courtney)

Bas-reliefs of Joseph Mazzini and Thomas Carlyle, who gained the title of "the sage of Chelsea"

MAP OF WORLD CONFERENCE IS BROUGHT TO END

Proposition Said to Have Taken Long Step Forward and Bureau Will Be Established

(Special to the Monitor)
PARIS, France.—The international conference which has been held in Paris to discuss the scheme proposed by Professor Peuck of Munich for the compilation of a map of the world, has terminated. This conference, as well as that held in London in 1909, was of an official character, the delegates representing the different nations having been sent by their respective governments.

The Paris conference was attended by delegates from 33 states, including Guatemala, China and Siam. As a result of the work accomplished since 1909 it may be affirmed that the map of the world has taken permanent shape. Every section has been compiled with the intention of providing a thoroughly accurate map of each separate district, the appearance of the map being considered only as of secondary importance.

A proposal was put forward by the British government that a permanent bureau should be established for the purpose of receiving information and of providing advice. This proposal will probably be adopted and the office opened at Southampton. The great part taken in the work of the conference by the Latin states of South America was a noteworthy feature of the sittings, as were the excellent sheets produced by the governments of Spain and Portugal.

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AUSTRIA SEES IMPROVEMENT IN ITS FINANCES

(Special to the Monitor)
VIENNA, Austria.—Speaking at a plenary sitting of the industrial council on the economic situation, the minister of finance declared that the financial and industrial depression had hit Austria hardest of all. Nevertheless, a pessimistic view should not be taken of the present state of affairs.

Austrian industry had held its ground, in spite of the difficulties of the period through which it had just passed, and it could be regarded as certain that, generally speaking, the most difficult time was over.

Referring to the much-desired cheapening of money, the minister said that a gradual improvement in production and consumption was to be expected from it. He was convinced that, with lasting peaceful conditions, a gratifying extension of Austria's normal commerce with other countries would soon make itself apparent. The ministry of finance was doing everything in its power to facilitate the development of Austrian industry.

NEW ZEALAND IS PRAISED FOR GIFT OF WARSHIP TO NATION

Winston Churchill Tells Officers and Crew That It Was One of Greatest Acts of Foreseeing Imagination Which Any Modern State Could Claim Credit For

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON.—Captain Halsey and the officers of the New Zealand were welcomed home recently from their tour of the empire at a lunch given by the Navy League at the Hotel Cecil. Mr. Yerrburgh, M. P., president of the League, was in the chair, and there was a distinguished company of guests.

In supporting the toast of "The captain, officers and ship's company of H. M. S. New Zealand," Winston Churchill said he was very glad to join in offering a welcome home to the officers of the New Zealand on their return from what might well be considered a historic cruise.

He ventured to say that everywhere they had left behind the same impression, the impression of one of the great instruments of war of the highest efficiency, manned by officers and men who carried on in their persons the traditions of which the modern British navy was the heir.

The gift of the New Zealand by the dominion to the Mother country at a time of serious crisis was one of the greatest acts of foreseeing imagination which any modern state could claim credit for. This small community, far away in the recesses of the Pacific, contributed the money out of which the magnificent ship had been called into being, and then dedicated it wholeheartedly, without reserve, condition or return, to the general service of the imperial navy.

They had to keep the great structure and fabric of the British empire, which, linked by so much sentiment and such

growing community of feeling in the moral and intellectual sphere, had only this one great material link of the sea power of Great Britain to weld it into a permanent and enduring whole.

Captain Halsey, who was heartily cheered on rising to reply, gave an account of his experiences at the different places visited during the cruise. At Cape Town, he said, their reception by all the community was such that there was no difference between Dutchman and Briton. It was the same at Durban. He went with a detachment of officers and men to Bloemfontein and was astonished at the reception they got, not only from the British but from the Dutch people, who but a decade ago, or a little more, were their bitter enemies.

In Australia also and in New Zealand they were received with open arms. Wherever they had been in the British Dominions the navy league prospered. The aspect of it he particularly wanted to emphasize was the work among the young in bringing them up to realize what their duties and responsibilities to the empire were. He was sure the children in the dominions were beginning to realize much more than the children in the Mother country their responsibilities in this regard.

He thought it would be a great thing if more people from the Mother country visited the dominions. The growth of the spirit of nationality in the great dominions had not destroyed the sentiment of loyalty to the empire, but rather it had given to that sentiment increased vigor.

GIFFORD LECTURER FOR EDINBURGH UNIVERSITY NAMED

(Special to the Monitor)
EDINBURGH, Scotland.—In succession to Professor Bergson, whose first course will be given next year, the senatus of Edinburgh University have appointed Sir W. M. Ramsay, D. C. L., to be Gifford lecturer for the period of 1915-1917.

Sir William was appointed in 1885 professor of classical art in Oxford, and from 1886 to 1911 he was professor of humanity in the university of Aberdeen. The results of his researches in Asia Minor are embodied in his "Historical Geography of Asia Minor" (1890) and "The Cities and Bishoprics of Phrygia" (1895-7). He has also done much by specialized investigations to elucidate the conditions and problems of the apostolic age.

Recently his services to sacred learning received a tribute of recognition from representatives of the churches and colleges of the United States. The subject of Sir William's Gifford lectures will be "The Early Religion of the Aegean Lands, and Its Subsequent Modifications."

KING TO ACCEPT SYDNEY PICTURE

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON.—The Sydney correspondent of the Morning Post states that the King has announced his willingness to accept a picture by Percy Spence, a well-known Sydney artist, depicting the arrival in Sydney harbor of the vessels of the Royal Australian navy. The picture is intended as a gift to his Majesty on behalf of the citizens of Sydney to commemorate the historic occasion. It shows the vessels entering the Heads with the flagship Australia in the foreground.

ROYAL EXCHANGE AT MANCHESTER IS TO BE ENLARGED

Chairman of Stockholders Says Work on Rebuilding Is Expected to Start in September

(Special to the Monitor)
MANCHESTER, Eng.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Manchester Royal Exchange recently, Sir Arthur Haworth, the chairman, gave some interesting particulars as to the extension which it is proposed to make to the present building.

The price of most of the property, he said, to be acquired, had been agreed upon, and it was expected that the remainder would be settled by the end of the year. All occupants of the buildings, which it would be necessary to pull down, with one exception, would be required to quit by June 24 next, and probably in a few days after that time pulling down operations would commence.

It is hoped, Sir Arthur Haworth continued, to start rebuilding on fair ground on Sept. 1 next, and the extension will, it is fully expected, be completed in about one and a half years' time, namely, about May, 1916, though it is possible some portions of the increased floor space will be available some months before that date.

At present there are 49 architects engaged in the competition and it is expected that by the middle of January the assessor will have given his award and the successful architect appointed. In conclusion, Sir Arthur Haworth said that the directors confidently expected that the new building would be a credit to the city from an architectural point of view, and satisfactory in every way from a utilitarian point of view.

Instantly turns the hot water in the kettle into a delicious beverage in the cup, by pouring it on an Armour Bouillon Cube. A food, a joy, an inspiration for the housekeeper needing an added course in a hurry.

Ask for Armour's Cubes. At Grocers Everywhere.

If your dealer cannot supply you, write us for free samples. Mention your dealer's name. Address Armour and Company, Chicago.

New Governor's First Day

Mr. Walsh's First Message in Senate Contains List of Pardons Issued Last Year—Committee Naming Is Deferred

DETAILS ARRANGED

While Governor Walsh was busy in the executive office on work attendant on his first day as chief executive, both branches of the Legislature held brief sessions and adjourned to meet again Monday at 2 p. m. It was announced that the legislative committees would not be made public until Monday.

Governor Walsh's first message to the Legislature was received in the Senate, transmitting to this branch the number of pardons granted during the past year by his predecessor, Eugene N. Foss.

The committee on re-arranging seats reported an order which was adopted. By this arrangement, although the committees were not announced today, it was made certain that Senator Gordon of Springfield will be the floor chairman of the committee on rules; Senator Clarence S. Hobbs, Jr., of Worcester, chairman of the committee on judiciary; Senator Charles E. Ward of Buckland, chairman of ways and means and Senator Charles L. Gifford of Barnstable, chairman of the committee on bills in third reading, they being assigned to the seats always reserved for those chairmen.

In the House the order which has been adopted by the Senate, to abolish the liquor law committee and to increase the membership of the committee on public institutions from eight to 11 was read, but not acted upon.

Representative Frederick P. Greenwood of Everett submitted resolutions expressing the approval of the scheme of establishing a regional reserve bank in the city of Boston and commending the action of the Boston Chamber of Commerce in attempting to expedite this proposition. Mr. Greenwood moved that the rule requiring this resolution to be submitted to the committee on rules be suspended in this case, but Mr. Lomasney objected to this because he said many others outside of the Chamber of Commerce had done good work in endeavoring to secure a reserve bank in this city and they should be included in the resolution.

Most of Governor Walsh's work today consisted of directing the arrangement of details in the executive office and reading and answering congratulatory messages. He directed to have the flowers received yesterday sent to charitable institutions in and near Boston.

At the first meeting of the new executive council, after the inauguration ceremonies, Lieutenant-Governor Barry moved to strike out the rule which provides that the sessions of the council shall be private and executive. The Lieutenant-Governor said he saw no reason why the council should hold all of its meetings in private. He thought there was no reason for the so-called executive sessions except in rare cases.

Because of the lateness of the hour this motion was put over for further consideration at the meeting on Wednesday.

The Governor's nomination of William L. Reed of Boston, to continue as executive messenger was confirmed unanimously.

Committees of the council were announced as follows:

Pardons, charitable institutions and prisons—The Lieutenant-Governor and Councilors Bowles, Frothingham, Hogan and Buckley.

Finance accounts and warrants—The Lieutenant-Governor and Councilors McGregor, Guy, Mortimer and Hogan.

Military and naval affairs—Councilors Hogan, Bowles, Frothingham, Guy and Keith.

Harbors and public lands—Councilors Keith, McGregor, Mortimer, Buckley and Guy.

The State House—Councilors McGregor, Bowles, Buckley, Frothingham and Mortimer.

Nominations—The Lieutenant-Governor and Councilors Keith and Holden.

The executive councilors were sworn in as soon as the Governor and his inauguration party had left the House chamber. Calvin Coolidge, president of the Senate, administering the oath of office.

Governor Walsh and Lieutenant-Governor Barry shook hands with about 2000 persons at the reception in the hall of flags. The two executive officers received standing before the Governor's staff.

Major William H. Casey of the ninth infantry, Maj. William H. Dolan of the sixth infantry, Capt. Charles P. Dukelow of the fifth infantry, Capt. William B. Stearns of the First Corps Cadets, Capt. Ambrose Clogher of company F, second infantry, Capt. Frank M. Gundy, engineer, C. A. C. Capt. Robert F. Blake of the field artillery, Capt. James D. Coady of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery, First Lieut. William J. Keville and Second Lieut. Nathaniel Very, ordnance officer of the second cadets.

After the reception Governor Walsh retired to his desk where he received many personal friends.

In the evening Governor Walsh was a guest and speaker at the dinner of the Boston Chamber of Commerce at the Hotel Somerset.

Lieutenant-Governor Barry was the guest of honor at his honor at the Elks' clubhouse, 10 Somerset street, given by his neighbors and friends in South Boston.

SUFFRAGE DIRECTORS TO MEET
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—The quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Massachusetts Woman Suffrage Association will be held in Springfield Thursday.

BUSINESS MEN TELL GOVERNOR THEY WILL HELP

Chamber of Commerce in Its "Commonwealth Night" Dinner Assures New Administration of Its Hearty Cooperation

MR. WALSH GIVES PLAN

Nearly 600 bankers, business men, legislators and state officials listened last night in the Hotel Somerset to Governor Walsh tell of the constructive manner in which his administration will deal with New England's railroad problem and attempt to work it out to the interest of all classes. He said he would use his energies to bring about a reorganization of the Boston & Maine.

The occasion of the Governor's address was the "Commonwealth Night" dinner given by the Boston Chamber of Commerce to the newly-elected members of the Legislature and state government. Twelve of Massachusetts' 15 congressmen were present, about 250 members of the state Legislature, scores of state officials and about 300 members of the Chamber of Commerce. The dinner was distinguished by its harmony of expression.

Governor Walsh and his staff, whom he had entertained at dinner at the Hotel Lenox, came in after the dinner was finished. Secretary of State F. J. Donahue, his private secretary, J. Meaney, and State Senator W. B. Hickey, came in with the Governor and his staff.

J. Randolph Coolidge, Jr., president of the Chamber of Commerce, welcomed the new officials and legislators. He assured them of the support of the Chamber of Commerce in all fair constructive legislation.

Among those who were present were Grafton D. Cushing, speaker of the House of Representatives; Calvin Coolidge, president of the Senate; Henry S. Dennison, John Mason Little, Francis R. Bangs, Samuel E. Winslow, E. K. Hall, Attorney General Thomas J. Boynton, J. H. Pope, William C. Ewing, auditor of Massachusetts; Allen T. Treadwell, congressman; John F. Fahy, Joseph A. Maynard, Frank J. Ludwig, John J. Mitchell, congressman; Daniel D. Morse, Calvin D. Paige, congressman; James A. McKibbin, Sydney R. Wrightington, Richard S. Teeling, William F. Murray, congressman; John F. Malley, collector of internal revenue; Charles J. Hubbard, George L. Barnes, W. S. Greene, congressman; Walter M. Lowney and J. L. Richards.

SHOE TRAVELERS CHOOSE ROCHESTER FOR NEXT MEETING

Rochester, N. Y., has been chosen by the National Shoe Travelers Association at their convention in the United States hotel, as the place for holding the convention in 1915.

John S. Kent, former mayor of Brockton and president of the New England Shoe and Leather Association, delivered the principal address. Other speakers were: A. L. Chase and A. L. Greenwood of Boston, George W. Smith of Chicago and Jere Collins of San Francisco.

The executive committee included G. W. Smith, F. W. Stanton, S. A. McOmber, G. L. Starks, H. H. Ripley, E. B. Slocum, J. J. Walsh, P. A. Ritter, A. H. Walters, J. S. Groh, R. M. Coombs, J. F. Mail, H. L. Poyneer and H. H. Kimball.

The convention reconvened at 10 a. m. today to elect officers. The Boston members tender the visiting delegates an informal dinner at the Hotel Essex this afternoon.

C. H. WEBSTER MAKES REPLY TO CRITICISMS

Replying to criticisms by Progressive party leaders of six of the Progressive representatives for voting for the reelection of Speaker Grafton D. Cushing rather than supporting the candidate of the Progressive-Democratic coalition, Charles H. Webster of Northfield, one of the six members, says in a public letter to Charles S. Bird that he felt it to be his duty to do his part in preventing "an alliance which might have resulted in far greater injury to our commonwealth."

Mr. Webster says further that though he is a member of the Progressive party he is also a representative of the people of Massachusetts and that in voting as he did for the candidate whom he believed would best serve as speaker of the House he was merely fulfilling the oath to which he had a few hours previously subscribed, "to faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent" on him as a representative.

DEDICATE BUILDING JAN. 22
South Boston's new municipal building, in which court was held for the first time yesterday, will be dedicated the evening of Jan. 22, simultaneously with a reception to Judge Joseph D. Fallon.

SEAMEN'S RELATIVES GET \$200,000
BUFFALO, N. Y.—At a meeting Thursday afternoon \$200,000 was distributed among the relatives of the 200 Great Lakes seamen who were drowned on Nov. 9.

AUTHORITIES ON THE PHILIPPINES TELL OF NEEDS

Conditions Prevailing in the Islands Under American Rule Described at City Club by Former Officials

WRITER ALSO TALKS

Problems that have been solved and others that are still to be faced were discussed at a dinner in the Boston City Club last evening by W. Cameron Forbes, former secretary of the islands, Martin Egan, editor of the Manila Times, and Edward K. Fallows, president of the American Philippine Company of New York. E. A. Filene addressed the gathering and Frederick P. Fish, president of the club, presided.

After the gathering moved to the upper hall, Mr. Worcester gave an illustrated lecture on the conditions prevailing in the Philippines and the vast amount of work done by the commissions sent out by this country.

Mr. Forbes in introducing Mr. Worcester said that he probably possessed more knowledge of the Philippine Islands than any other man, and that there was at least 600,000 persons on the islands whose daily life was influenced by the work done by Mr. Worcester.

With the aid of slides he then described the many problems this country met with at the close of the Spanish-American war and the manner in which conditions have been improved in regard to sanitation, education and in developing the land.

President Fish was given a reception, it being his first public appearance since his election. Joseph M. Head, ex-mayor of Nashville, but now living in this city, welcomed the guests in behalf of the club.

Mr. Fallows said that one of the great works that is to be done in the Philippines is to interest capital in a commercial way. Mr. Egan said it was fortunate that the Philippine proposition can be discussed in common, and that it dissolves itself in its last analysis into a question of humanity in giving to the people in the United States' care the things that are best for them.

SIEGEL ASSETS OF N. Y. STORE ARE GIVEN OUT

Henry Siegel & Co. store of Boston owes the Fourteenth street store of New York \$99,206, according to a statement of assets of the New York stores made public yesterday by William A. Marble.

Mr. Marble showed that the assets of the Simpson Crawford Company are \$4,916,944.07. Of this amount the largest items are: Accounts receivable, \$650,560; inventories of merchandise, \$912,767.96; store fixtures, \$493,764; investments, principally in Simpson Realty Company, \$1,287,065; and loans to affiliated companies, \$1,365,778.

The total assets of the Fourteenth street stores, not including leaseholds, good will and other items are said to be worth \$1,648,262, of which the largest items are as follows: Merchandise, \$653,607; store fixtures, \$338,990; building improvements, \$265,709; accounts receivable, \$112,640. A statement of liabilities is expected today in New York.

DANCE HALLS MAY BE REGULATED BY NEW STATE LAW

Representative Lewis R. Sullivan of Boston has introduced a bill for the regulation of dance halls. This bill provides that no girl under 16 shall be admitted to a dance hall unless she is accompanied by her parents or her legal guardian. No dance halls shall be allowed unless there shall be present a matron appointed by the police department.

A bill to change the day of holding the state primary elections from Tuesday to Wednesday has been introduced by Representative Andrews of Woburn on petition of Isaac Gordon and others.

Representative Henry Wright of Rowe, on petition of Arthur J. Davis, has filed a bill to prevent persons, firms or corporations to whom licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors are granted from transporting or delivering such liquors into a city or town in which licenses are not granted.

COLLEGE SORORITIES BANNED
GRANVILLE, O.—C. W. Chamberlain of Denison University here has forbidden the pledging for initiation of any new members. In this way the local chapters will automatically become extinct in four years in the woman's department.

BRITISH M. P. TO LECTURE
Under auspices of the Harvard Socialist Club, George Lansbury, member of the British Parliament, will lecture on his work among the laboring people in England next Thursday afternoon.

BATTLESHIPS TO BE DISCUSSED
Battleship construction will be discussed by United States Naval Constructors W. J. Baxter at the mid-winter meeting of the Man's Club of the Church of Our Savior, Longwood.

CHAMBER CALLS ON EVERY ONE TO HELP THE B. & M.

Directors of Commerce Organization Agree With Governor Walsh and Tell How Railroad Can Be Made Profitable

GOVERNMENT BLAMED

Directors of the Chamber of Commerce agree with Governor Walsh that if the people of New England will only pull together the Boston & Maine can be put on its feet. They say the Boston Chamber and the business men of New England should make every endeavor to bring this about.

"Northern New England is good railroad territory," say the directors of the Boston Chamber of Commerce in a statement issued this afternoon. "Its industrial output is large and its people know the value and use of capital, and can be depended on to see that investments in the railroad which serves them yields a fair return if the necessary readjustments are made, and if they are convinced that the road is managed solely in the interest of stockholders and the people of New England."

"Contracts which are unduly burdensome—such as the Pullman contract and the American Express Company contract—should be revised."

"We agree with Governor Walsh that such leases of other roads as, looked at in present conditions, are inequitable, should be readjusted."

"It is asserted, and generally conceded, that the amount paid by the government to the Boston & Maine for carrying mails is less than what it costs the road to carry them. The deficit last year, before the introduction of the parcel post, is declared by the road to have been about \$600,000. The government has no right to make the railroads carry mail matter at less than cost."

"The road has received no payment whatever for carrying the heavy parcel post matter; and it has been deprived of a portion of the income formerly received from the express company."

"It is settled that the Boston & Maine is to be separated from the New Haven. No one knows in whose hands the future control and management of the Boston & Maine will be. They should be New England men, representing New England capital, and of such character and reputation that the people who put their money into the road and the people who pay the road for services rendered may both feel assured that hereafter the road will be managed wisely, efficiently and prudently."

"The future owners of the Boston & Maine, whoever they may be, have the right to ask that the public show its willingness to help bring about such a situation that those who have money to invest can reasonably be expected to invest in that road—such a situation, in short, that the man who expects other people to put money into that road will be willing to do so himself."

"The people of New England must ask for new capital for the Boston & Maine road, and it is necessary to create conditions that will make this new investment wise and prudent. The income of the road at present is not sufficient to meet its operating expenses and fixed charges—to say nothing of providing a fair return to its stockholders."

"Its income can, and in our opinion ought to, be increased in the ways we have already mentioned. It seems obvious that there should be a readjustment for the purpose of increasing its revenue."

"This chamber favored an increase in the classified freight rates. It should be remembered that these increases applied to approximately only 16 per cent of its freight traffic, and they should be followed by a readjustment and reasonable increase in the commodity rates. Passenger traffic, which in New England yields an unusually large portion of a railroad's income, is apparently not paying its proper portion of the expenses."

"In the general readjustment which is so clearly necessary, all parties should contribute their part and bear their share of the burden."

"Each group must take its contribution to this common cause. The present management by work; the government by paying fairly for its mail service; the stockholders of the New Haven road by accepting an inevitable sacrifice; the financial leaders of New England by putting up their money; the shipping and traveling public by contributing its share of increased income; the leased lines by agreeing to new arrangements; the investors by showing their willingness to meet the transportation needs of the community; the employees by a willingness to do their duty; the commonwealth of Massachusetts by displaying patience and wisdom, and the community by showing confidence in itself and in the future of New England."

MOVES BACK TO OLD CAPITOL
ST. PAUL, Minn.—The state department of labor, including the bureau of women and children, has moved from the new to the old capitol building. The change was made necessary because of the small quarters in the new capitol, says the Dispatch.



The Globe-Wernicke Business Show At Our Store—91 Federal Street—NOW!

It explains GLOBE-WERNICKE DEVICES—the High Road to Business Efficiency

Business—your business—is changing—becoming more exacting every day. "Clear your desk for action"—keep things up-to-the-minute. Investigate GLOBE-WERNICKE methods. Let us demonstrate facts to you.

Interesting Sidelights at the Show, Complete Working Exhibits on:

Burroughs Adding Machines—Thomas A. Edison Dictating Machines—Royal Typewriter—Elliott-Fisher Book-Keeping Machines—Hammond Typewriter—Addressograph—Peerless Check Writer and Other Modern Office Equipment.

THIS IS A "TELLING" EVENT, NOT A SELLING EVENT. YOU ARE UNDER NO OBLIGATIONS TO BUY

The Globe-Wernicke Co.

January 5th to January 10th—8.30 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

STANFORD EQUIPS LABORATORY FOR WATER ENGINEERS

SAN FRANCISCO—Through the recent completion of the new hydraulics laboratory Stanford is able to offer in its spring curriculum practical courses in hydraulic engineering, says the Examiner.

The equipment of the laboratory has cost approximately \$40,000.

There are eight testing units, so arranged that eight sections can simultaneously carry out the same experiment. In addition to this the power laboratory is being equipped with various types of hydraulic machinery of the best types.

PLAYHOUSE NEWS

A large audience, which included many persons well known in Boston musical circles, gathered at the Hub theater Thursday evening to watch the first performance of Mme. Agullia's brief engagement in Italian repertoire. The Oscar Wilde drama they came to see was not given, the management according to a request from the mayor's office that the bill be changed.

Instead a brilliant performance of "Memmo in Bacio," a comedy in four acts by Roberto Bracco, was given to the evident enjoyment of the auditors. The story is that of a vivacious young woman who, while visiting her aunt, makes merry with her sober cousin, Enrico. The girl really comes to care for Conradi Liberti, who is much older. This man, whose character is not of the finest, has his better instincts touched by the girl, and does not press his attentions, though he sees that they would not be unwelcome. The boy bitterly denounces the man and girl. In the last act the cousins meet again. He has new friends and is happy. Pathetically she parts with him, and says that some day he will receive a letter that will make him think more kindly of her and of the older man of the earlier acts.

The play gave the expert actress full play for her versatility. She is able to act pathos, society and domestic comedy, classic and folk tragedy, for she has succeeded in all these veins in her Boston performances. Several persons were heard to express the belief that she would be a notable acquisition to the American stage if she carries out her present intention to learn English with the object of acting on our stage.

In the first act of last night's play she delighted with her delicate comedy touch and in the second act revealed her vigorous emotional powers. In the last act there was a gentle sweetness in her aspect and methods that has been unsuspected by those who have seen her only in the more strenuous scenes. Throughout the evening she played with the intense sincerity that marks all her work. Her support was capable and always interesting.

SCOUTS TO BE REORGANIZED

O. E. Loomis, scout commissioner of Boston, is to assist in reorganizing the boy scout troop of the Boston Y. M. C. A. at the Y. M. C. A. building, Saturday, Jan. 10, at 1 p. m. This troop was organized over four years ago.

TOWN MEETING POSTPONED
LEXINGTON, Mass.—The special meeting will be held in the town hall Saturday night at 7:30 o'clock. It was to have taken place last night.

PAINE'S NEW BUILDING

Nearly Completed
The new ten-story building of the Paine Furniture Co. is fast nearing completion. Inside and out the work is being rapidly pushed, and in a few weeks it will be ready for occupancy. There will be many new features which will make it incomparably the most beautiful and convenient furniture store in the world. Adv.

MUSIC

OPERA SCHEDULE REVISED

Montemuzzi's opera, "The Love of Three Kings," according to Henry Russell's latest plans, will be produced at the Boston opera house in the second half-season in place of the new opera, "Francesca da Rimini," which was in the original announcements. In the cast of the Montemuzzi piece will be Miss Bori, Mr. Ferrari and Mr. Amato, the principals in the recent Metropolitan opera house production in New York.

Another novelty to be given is Victor Herbert's "Madeleine," a short opera with English text. It will be presented in Boston after it has had its first hearing in New York. Mme. Alda will have the title role.

For the visit of Mme. Melba and the return of Mr. Muratore in March Gounod's "Romeo and Juliette" is announced. Mme. Melba is expected to sing in "Bohème" and "Faust" as well as in the Gounod piece.

PATRIOTIC PROGRAM SUNG

At the fourth concert of the Tremont Temple course Thursday evening, a program of patriotic and classic pieces was presented by a group of Boston opera singers, comprising Miss Evelyn Parnell, soprano; Miss Elvira Leveroni, contralto; and George Everett, baritone. John A. O'Shea, organist, assisted. A large audience applauded the work of the artists.

MILITARY MAPS WILL BE SKETCHED

Sketching military maps of the surrounding country will comprise the principal duty of the mounted scout detachment of the eighth infantry, M. V. M., at its camp Jan. 17 and 18 at South Weymouth. This detachment comprises 35 men from which the permanent detachment probably will be selected after next week's tour of instruction.

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CLOSING

If you want to make any change in your telephone service, DO IT NOW, so that the corrected listing may appear in the next Boston Directory.

Give your order at 119 Milk Street, 165 Tremont Street or 50 Oliver Street, Boston, or by telephoning Fort Hill 7000—the Contract Department.

New England Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Adv.

Girls Trained in Salesmanship

Boston Educational Plan Raises Standard of Service and Is Pointing Better Positions and Higher Salaries to Students

TEACHERS DEVELOPED

Training girls in salesmanship, a new feature of education in Boston within the last few years, is credited with having elevated the standard of saleswomen with a consequent steady increase in salaries, improved its opportunities as a business for women, and practically established new and higher positions for them.

According to Mrs. Lucinda Wyman Prince, who started the work in Boston and is an acknowledged leader in education for salesmanship in this country, there is a demand for women in the executive positions such as buyers and floor managers, and not enough women to fill them. It is expected that the extended work now being put into operation in the public continuation and high schools of Boston will meet the local conditions and exert an even wider influence. As it is, Boston leads the country in this work.

The first important step to be taken will be the training of teachers to overcome a present scarcity in that respect, which will begin the first of February, the course now being worked out by W. Stanwood Field, director of evening and continuation schools; R. O. Small, deputy commissioner of education for Massachusetts, and Mrs. Prince, recently appointed as director of practice in courses in salesmanship in high and continuation schools. The course will set a standard for the whole state.

The normal pupils are to be taken from the trades itself and trained through part time and evening classes in a special pedagogy of the concrete type, and through service as pupil-teachers. The course will continue until June, and may be extended through the summer. This will be preliminary to a wide extension of the work for sales girls and young women at the beginning of the next school year.

In addition to her work in the training of teachers Mrs. Prince is working out a plan of coordination between the stores and high schools, harmonizing the training courses in salesmanship with the needs of the business houses and securing opportunities whereby pupils in the day high schools may have actual experience in the stores and shops. Pupils in the Girls and Dorchester high schools, where salesmanship courses now are given, go into stores for practice on Saturday and Monday of each week and to help in rush seasons. This work counts as a part of the school course. An interchange of teachers between the continuation and high schools will be worked out later. These courses have already had the effect of keeping girls in school longer than they would have remained without them.

Salesmanship classes were started in November, by special request, in three of the big department stores, the business firm furnishing the room and equipment and the public schools supplying the teachers. When classes in salesmanship were first started employers in general regarded them skeptically, now they are giving them their cordial support. Mrs. Prince said that, speaking broadly, 3000 girls and young women are newly placed in salesmanship positions in Boston every year.

The salesmanship course, she says, strengthens her character and gives the girl a practical and broad knowledge of many things that will always be useful to her. One of its various purposes is to teach right thinking toward the work itself and arouse a feeling of responsibility. It takes in a study of textiles, color and design, economics, arithmetic, cleanliness, business honesty, and practical talks on related subjects. The contact with many classes of people Mrs. Prince regards as having a broadening influence.

The training of girls in salesmanship was started eight years ago by the Women's Educational and Industrial Union and was taken up three years ago in continuation school classes by the Boston school committee, with W. Stanwood Field as director. Early in October the position of director of practice in courses in salesmanship was established by the Boston school committee for a period to expire Aug. 31, 1915, unless otherwise ordered, and a little later Mrs. Prince was appointed to the position.

MEN'S SUITS THAT FIT SNUG TO BE STYLE NEXT FALL

Clothing Designers in Convention Decide What Shall Be Worn—Overcoats, Kimono Sleeves

BALTIMORE, Md.—Men's outer clothing next fall, excepting overcoats, will be of lightweight texture and tight fitting. Cloths will be modest in color and design. This was the decision Thursday by the delegates to the convention of the National Association of Clothing Designers.

But the overcoat will more nearly approach rivalry with women's garb. Plaids and rough cloth will be used. Sleeves will be on the order of kimono, and there will be strap loops in front, through which the owner can thrust his arms when he wishes to use his blanket for a cloak. This will be allowed to hang with careless draping effect over the shoulders.

MILWAUKEE TO OPEN CITY JOBS TO ALL COMERS

Service Board Reduces Residence Rule From Three Years to Thirty Days to Insure Men Best Qualified for Work

LOCAL PREFERENCE

MILWAUKEE—City jobs in Milwaukee will be open in the future to the best qualified persons available, practically regardless of where they reside. Saturday the city service commission out the required period residence for city job seekers from three years to 30 days.

The commission will urge that Milwaukee men be used to fill all positions where Milwaukee men can be found who are as well qualified as any from the outside.

Commissioner P. J. Koehler, who, with Commissioner Otto Hoppe, took the initiative in bringing about the amendment to the rules, said that if Milwaukee, or Wisconsin, couldn't furnish the man wanted, let it go outside and get him. There were but two really important things to be considered in selecting men to fill positions—economy and efficiency.

Under the civil service rules of the past only certain classes of the so-called expert service were exempt from the requirement that the applicant be a voter and resident of Milwaukee of three years' standing, says the Journal.

STORE NEWS

Miss Margaret Burns, formerly of A. Shuman & Co., has become buyer of infants' and children's wear for the Shepard & Norwell Company, succeeding Miss Minahan, who recently resigned.

C. A. Durant of Hartford has been engaged by the Gilchrist Company as a buyer of men's clothing.

The R. H. White Company has formed a men's bowling league with F. G. Richardson as chairman and A. A. Berry secretary. All of the arrangements have not yet been made but much enthusiasm is manifested in it and the organizers state that they expect there will be eight teams.

W. H. Hatch, who has resigned as buyer of women's suits for the Magrane Houston Company was presented with a handsome diamond stickpin by the members of the department.

The Filene Cooperative Association has recently been presented by E. A. and A. L. Filene with the American Home Library of Poetical Literature in 32 volumes, for use in the library.

Buyers in New York this week include: E. H. Bell, E. I. Lahty, D. Robillard and G. A. Papke of the Jordan Marsh Company; Miss B. Norwell of the Henry Siegel Company, Fred Vorenberg of the Gilchrist Company, A. H. Shannon and D. C. Theall of the R. H. White Company and A. C. Smith and C. O. Cooper of the William Filene's Sons Company.

READING

Veteran post, G. A. R., has elected Alfred B. Ridlon as commander.

Gen. J. F. Reynolds camp, Sons of Veterans, elected and installed these officers Thursday night: Commander, Nelson R. Weston; senior vice-commander, Charles H. Flanders; junior vice-commander, Herbert A. Buttrick; treasurer, John R. Bancroft; camp council, Alfred L. Oliver, Charles H. Flanders, Charles N. Abbott. The ceremonies were conducted by William A. Stevens of Arlington, past division commander of Massachusetts.

QUINCY

The Parent-Teacher Association of the Massachusetts Fields school held a meeting at the school last evening. Miss Effie Beal of Boston delivered an address on "How Parents May Help Teachers."

The stockholders of the Mt. Wollaston National Bank have elected the following directors: Henry M. Faxon, George H. Field, Frank S. Patch, Herbert F. Doble, H. Everett Crane, Charles A. Howland, C. Theodore Hardwick, Arthur H. Alden and Horace F. Spear.

STONEHAM

Members of Fells lodge, A. O. U. W., will attend the installation exercises and entertainment of the lodge at Wakefield tonight.

J. P. Gould W. R. C. and Lizzie Clawson Jones Tent, D. of V., will name officers tonight and joint installation ceremonies will follow.

EAST BRIDGEWATER

The firemen's assembly will be held in the town hall on Friday evening, Jan. 16. The newly elected officers of Colfax lodge, I. O. O. F., will be installed this evening.

MELROSE

Installation of officers of William F. Barry camp, Sons of Veterans and its auxiliary will be held tonight in Grand Army hall.

FRAMINGHAM

The Congregational church choir of Holliston will have a musicale Jan. 20.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

WAKEFIELD

Crystal lodge, A. O. U. W., officers will be installed tonight by George L. Franklin of Lynn, district deputy, and his suite. Ceremonies will be public and a musical entertainment will follow.

The county commissioners announce a hearing for Jan. 23 and another for Feb. 9 on petitions of Wakefield citizens for repairs and widening of Nahant street and Montrose avenue.

Opportunity circle, King's Daughters, of the Congregational church has elected Mrs. Laura L. Keith as leader, Mrs. Julia S. Lyman as vice-leader, Mrs. S. B. Kenney as secretary and Mrs. A. E. Sweetser as treasurer.

LEXINGTON

Edward P. Bliss, a former member of the board of selectmen, has submitted to the board of survey, asking its approval, on the layout and grade of a proposed highway 60 feet wide, running from a point in the state road near the residence of Fred H. Moulton over the hills and meadows to a point near the junction of Massachusetts avenue and Pleasant street in East Lexington. The board will give a public hearing on the subject in Cary hall, Tuesday evening, Jan. 29 at 8 o'clock.

The ninth assembly of the Lexington Firemen's Benefit Association takes place in the town hall Wednesday evening, Jan. 14.

LYNNFIELD

Lynnfield grange, elected and installed the following officers last night: Master, George N. Abbott; overseer, Miss Pearl Pulsifer; lecturer, Mrs. Edna M. Smith; steward, Joseph A. Donovan; chaplain, William E. Moxham; assistant steward, Mrs. Bertha Copeland; secretary, Mrs. Alice M. Mahon; treasurer, Sidney M. Eaton; crier, Mrs. Lena E. Pulsifer; pomona, Mrs. E. May Eaton; flora, Mrs. Emma C. Harvey; gatekeeper, Peter Kernan; lady assistant steward, Miss Marion Richardson.

MEDFORD

Percy G. Savage of 16 Lapham street has been elected an instructor in the Kentucky State University at Lexington.

John Walsh of the junior class of Medford high school has been elected manager of the football team by the school. Joseph Gillis will captain the team.

A carnival to be held on Mystic lake is being arranged by the Medford Boat Club for the latter part of the month.

MAYNARD

At the annual meeting of the Sunday school at the First Methodist Episcopal church, Emmanuel Taylor was elected superintendent.

The Ladies Benevolent Society of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Frederick N. Rutan in the parlors of the manse this evening at 7:30 o'clock, to arrange for the annual supper, which will be held Wednesday evening, Jan. 21.

EVERETT

A session for registration for the special election will be held in the city hall Jan. 20. There will be no ward registrations.

A shift of routes for the police department has been made by Chief William E. Hill and Patrolmen James Crocker, Thomas Smith and Charles Richardson are named as chauffeurs for the motor apparatus of the department.

SOUTH ACTON

The Loyal Temperance Legion meets this afternoon.

The annual business meeting and roll call of the Congregational church took place last evening in the church.

A mothers' meeting will take place next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Chickering, at West Acton and Martin streets.

ARLINGTON

Wilfrid A. Wetherbee of post 62 of Newtonville, assistant adjutant-general of the G. A. R., last evening in Grand Army hall publicly installed new officials of the Francis Gould post 36.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Aid Association of the Symmes Arlington Institute takes place this afternoon in Associates hall, under the direction of the president, Mrs. True Worthy White.

CAMBRIDGE

Dr. A. P. Norris is making an effort to induce the government to locate its "port" postal station in the building known as the Thayer estate on Massachusetts avenue, opposite Temple street. He is having plans made for a renovation of the property which would provide quarters for the postoffice.

BEVERLY

Beverly's postoffice receipts for 1913 showed a gain of \$2,263.09 over the figures of 1912. The total for 1913 was \$47,892.89 compared with \$45,629.80 in 1912.

STOUGHTON

Supt. Albert Nelson of the Edison Company of Brockton will be the speaker at the January meeting of the Board of Trade. The annual election of officers will be held at that time.

ROCKLAND

The Wampum Club has elected C. P. Inley as president.

The Rockland Teachers Association holds a subscription party in the high school assembly hall this evening.

NORWOOD

W. R. C. 78 has elected: President, Mrs. Laura E. Wellington; senior vice-president, Mrs. Carrie E. Dexter; junior vice-president, Mrs. Blanche M. Swift; chaplain, Mrs. Sarah Mason; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Grace E. Fenton; music leader, Mrs. Etta J. Nead; secretary, Mrs. Lillian M. Williamson; treasurer, Mrs. Julia B. Hale; conductor, Miss Hattie Garlick; assistant conductor, Mrs. Margaret Schepmoes; guard, Mrs. C. M. Wheeler; assistant guard, Mrs. Betsey Morse; press correspondent, Mrs. Mary A. Squires; color bearer, Mrs. Bertha Rock, Mrs. Anna W. Dexter, Mrs. George W. Lothrop and Mrs. Hattie C. Keenan.

MALDEN

Malden W. C. T. U. last evening elected: President, Mrs. Theodore L. Dean; vice-president, Mrs. Deloraine E. Corey; treasurer, Mrs. W. H. Sargent; vice-presidents, Mrs. J. W. Webster, Mrs. Augusta R. Brigham, Mrs. Ezra A. Stevens, Mrs. Q. E. Rankin, Mrs. Albert J. Ladd, Mrs. Charles L. Dean, Mrs. E. P. Pierce; auditor, Mrs. Charles N. Peabody. Reports of the state convention were given by Mrs. Brigham.

Middlesex lodge of Odd Fellows last evening held its installation, with District Deputy Milton F. Thrasher and suite in charge. L. F. Downing is noble grand.

DEDHAM

Local division, No. 373, A. A. of S. and E. R. E. of A., has elected: President, Percy A. Chamberlain; vice-president, William P. Delaney; recording secretary, Harry Coulton; financial secretary, Michael J. Gilmartin; conductor, James Hare; warden, Albert Tays; sentinel, Alexander Brymer; delegate to general conference board, Percy A. Chamberlain; executive board, William O. Curtis, James W. Quinn, Daniel McNamara, Percy A. Chamberlain and Albert Tays.

MIDDLEBORO

The Middleboro Commercial Club has elected the following officers: President, Henry W. Sears; vice-president, George E. Doane; secretary, Reginald W. Drake; treasurer, William A. Harthorne; board of management, Samuel Shaw, William G. Boynton, James A. Thomas.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Rock church has elected: President, Miss Marion Atwood; vice-president, Waldo S. Thomas; secretary, Miss May Brothers; corresponding secretary, Miss Ida Merrihue; organist, Miss Florence Sweet.

CHELSEA

Members of the Past Matrons and Past Patrons Association of Ruth chapter, O. E. S., will hold their annual dinner at the Quincy house, Boston, this evening.

The annual business meeting and election of officers of the Central Congregational church will be held this evening.

The senior class of the high school will have a party in the hall this evening.

The Girls Friendly Society of St. Lukes church will have a meeting this evening at the home of Mrs. John K. Winn of Washington avenue.

WINTHROP

Ervin D. Osborn, principal of the high school, will be the speaker at the meeting of the Winthrop Woman's Club this afternoon, taking for his topic "Our High Schools."

Preparations are now being made for the Easter edition of the High School Echo, which is not only written and edited and the advertisements solicited by the high school pupils, but it is also printed by the pupils themselves in the manual training room of the school.

CONCORD

The regular weekly meeting of the current events class of the Concord Woman's Club takes place this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Raphael M. Hoyle, at 9 Sudbury road, under the direction of Mrs. Frederic C. Dumaine, a former president. The annual roll call of the members of Concord grange will be held on the evening of Jan. 20, at which time there is to be a discussion on the high cost of necessities.

BRIDGEWATER

Seven Star Rebekah lodge has elected: Noble grand, Mrs. Robert Carroll; vice grand, Mrs. Alexander Ripley; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. J. H. Dickinson.

The pupils at the W. H. McElwain school have started a course in manual training.

The High School Alumni Choral Society is to give a concert in the assembly hall of the state normal school Friday evening.

PEMBROKE

Commander Charles H. Poole has issued the call for the mid-winter convention of the Plymouth County G. A. R. Association to be held at Kingston next Wednesday.

The senior class of the high school is arranging an entertainment to be given soon.

WHITMAN

Miss Woodhead, who resigned as teacher in the Dyer school in this town some time ago, is now a teacher in Leominster.

An evening school has been established at the high school building and there is a large registration.

REVERE

St. Paul's Episcopal church has just elected: Warden, John R. Seward, and treasurer, Perkins Smith.

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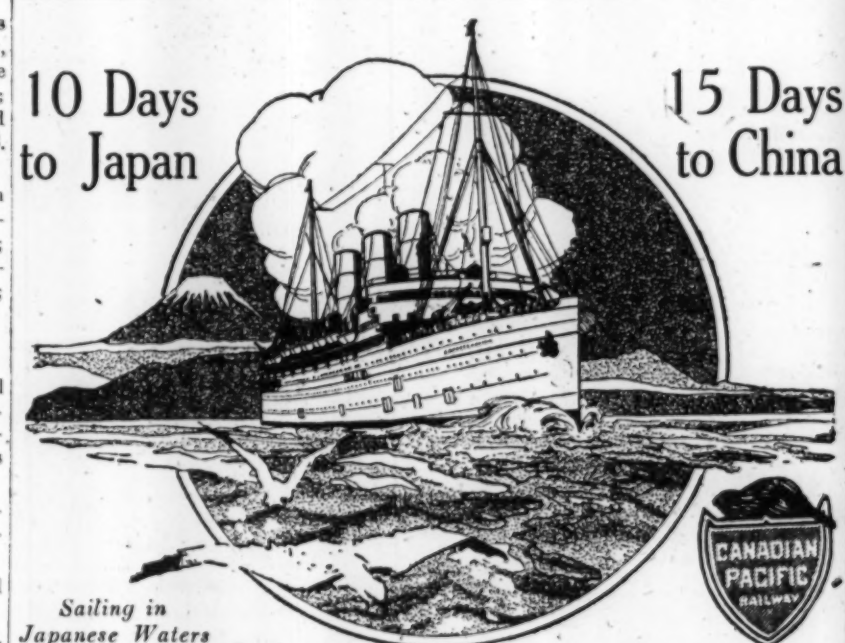
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SOMERVILLE

The Prospect hill chapter, D. R., meets with Mrs. F. M. Wilson, vice-president, this afternoon. The Rev. Paul G. Favor makes an address and a musical entertainment to be furnished by the chapter trio, and Mrs. William Barker of East Boston, vocalist.

EAST DEDHAM

The German Relief Association has chosen: President, Ernest Manicke; vice-president, Hugo E. Poeckert; financial secretary, Adolph Jacob; treasurer, Hugo Kreutel; secretary, Emile Lange; board of directors, Carl C. F. Kipp, Henry C. Winsman and Paul Morgner.

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FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

PROPER WAY TO COOK CHOCOLATE

If you have difficulty in cooking chocolate with any liquid so that it is smooth and without lumps, try always mixing the chocolate with sugar before cooking it, says the Kansas City Star.

For hot chocolate, for instance, shave the chocolate, melt it, add sugar, let the sugar melt and then add milk or water.

For chocolate sauce for puddings and ice cream melt the chocolate—in a double boiler, of course, so that it will not burn—add sugar, melt that, and then add the water. One recipe for this sort of sauce says to melt the sugar in the water and to boil them together for 10 minutes, then to add them to the melted chocolate.

But it is better to melt the chocolate, add half the sugar, boil the rest of the sugar with the water for 10 minutes and then add this syrup to the sugar and chocolate. The sauce made in the first way is smooth if you use great care in mixing the syrup and the chocolate. Made in the second way it is practically sure to be smooth.

In many cases cocoa can be substituted for chocolate in cooking. In blanc mange, for instance, cocoa can be used. So can it be used for cake filling and for chocolate sauce. When it can be used it can be more easily mixed with other ingredients than chocolate, for it is part sugar.

CORRECT SERVICE AT TABLE

Renders a meal much more enjoyable

The value and comfort of having the home table correctly served cannot be overestimated, as the refined home, where breakfast, luncheon and dinner are pleasant social occasions, and where the maid is taught to serve deftly and noiselessly, need never view with anxiety the event of extra guests to luncheon or dinner, owing to the fact that the routine will vary but slightly from that to which the maid is accustomed.

Almost as important as the food is the way in which it is served and presented to us. Unfortunately, many housewives think that with but the services of one general maid, who performs both cook and waitress, perfect table is denied them, and, unless she is already drilled in this most important branch of her work, expect but little else save the bringing in of the dinner and the changing of the plates between courses.

Simplicity in home menus as well as in more formal functions is now being adopted by even the most successful hostesses, and the dinner or luncheon of three or four courses, each perfect in itself and correctly served, is infinitely to be preferred to a more elaborate repast, carelessly cooked and presented.

Although the breakfast may be of the simplest description, consisting of fruit, cereal, broiled bacon, poached eggs and toast, still it is susceptible of ideal service. Lay the table with either a cloth or set of doilies, having the fernery or small growing plant as the central decoration. The individual covers should be placed at regular intervals and the fruit course served before the announcement of breakfast.

To the left of the fruit plate lay an orange spoon, teaspoon and breakfast fork, in the order of use, and to the right a medium sized knife, teaspoon and small butter spreader.

A bread and butter plate, a napkin of breakfast size and a thin drinking tumbler for water should also be provided.

On the removal of the fruit plates, instruct the maid to substitute finger bowls, half filled with lukewarm water, which in turn are removed when the small plates of cereal are placed in position. On the removal of the cereal plates, place the platter containing the bacon and eggs in front of whoever is to serve them, with the warmed breakfast plates. Pass the edibles quickly and noiselessly, see that the minor wants of water and extra butter are attended to, and instruct the maid to remain within easy call of the bell.

A complete set of doilies or a small luncheon cloth over the polished table is delightful for the family luncheon. For a simple luncheon of bouillon, broiled chops, peas, creamed potatoes, chocolate junket, wafers and lemonade, arrange at each cover a service plate, holding the bouillon cup, and to the left of the plate a bouillon spoon, breakfast fork and teaspoon, while to the right place a steel-bladed knife and butter spreader.

Hemstitched monogrammed napkins of medium size are preferable for luncheon, and may be laid on the bread and butter plate with a small roll or breadstick laid under the first fold.

For a very simple dinner of soup, a meat course, with vegetables, salad and a sweet or dessert, instruct the maid to lay the table with the damask cloth laid over the "silence" one; the fernery or flowers as the central decoration and candles placed at the corners of the table, fitted with shades of a harmonizing tint. Celery, olives, relishes and salted nuts are now considered part of the home dinner menu, and should be placed on the table before the announcement of dinner.

The individual service at each cover for the above menu will consist of a service plate, on which is laid a large napkin and a pointed dinner roll; to the left of the plate a soup spoon, dinner fork and salad fork, and to the right the dinner knife, a spoon or ice cream fork. Glasses may be arranged in sequence above the service plate and

FOR MIDWINTER SCHOOL-DAYS

Serge blouse dress, with trimming of velvet

The blouse dress is always a good one for the schoolgirl. It is loose and comfortable, at the same time, smart in effect.

The serge illustrated with trimming of velvet is practical and pretty. The four gored skirt can be joined to an under waist or finished with a belt as each mother may prefer.

The blouse is entirely separate with the wide belt making a becoming finish. If serge is not liked, wool poplin could be used or one of the wool crepes that are new and handsome.

Mothers who are thinking of making over last year's costumes will do well to remember the frock of two materials. The blouse of one material over a skirt of another would be fashionable. So long as the two are harmonious, plain and fancy materials can be combined effectively. Wool is pretty in contrast with corduroy, and there are numberless other contrasts that are effective. Either the sailor collar or the rolling collar with square fronts can be used.

For the 12-year size, the dress will require 4½ yards of material 27 or 36 or 3 yards 44 inches wide, with ½ yard 27 inches wide for the collar and cuffs.

The pattern of the dress (7966) is cut in sizes for girls from 8 to 14 years of age. It can be bought at any May Manhattan agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.



FRUIT LAYERS IN MEXICAN SALAD

Chop fine the meats of a dozen English walnuts. Spread well washed and drained lettuce leaves around a salad bowl and over these in the bottom of the bowl arrange two peeled bananas cut in thin slices. Mix the chopped walnuts with mayonnaise dressing and spread over the banana with a few bits of the heart leaves of lettuce. Make another layer of bananas and dressing. Serve a spoonful of the salad on two nice leaves of lettuce, putting a dash of paprika over the whole.—Racine Journal.

SWEETBREADS FINE BROILED

They should be served piping hot

Although authorities on the cooking of sweetbreads all agree that they must be parboiled and blanched as soon as they are received from the butcher, they do not all agree on just the method in which this parboiling and blanching are to be accomplished.

One authority says to parboil the sweetbreads for 15 minutes in salted water just below the boiling point, and then to drop them into ice-cold water made acid with vinegar or lemon juice for an hour to blanch.

Another authority says that the sweetbreads should be soaked for three hours in three changes of cold salt water—an hour in each water. They should then

be plunged into cold water and gradually be brought to the boiling point. Then they should be drained and dropped into cold water and wrapped in a napkin and kept on the ice until they are wanted.

There was a day, not so very many years ago, when butchers threw the sweetbreads away with other trimmings from the calves and lambs. Then the few persons who appreciated these delicacies could hardly force any payment on the butchers for them. Today they are expensive. There is little waste to them, and they are valuable because they are appetizing, says the New York Times. Broiled sweetbreads are easy to prepare, but they must be served piping hot to be at their best. Cut a pair of blanches and parboiled sweetbreads into halves. Brush them over with a tablespoonful of olive oil, and dust them with salt and pepper. Arrange them on a wire, and broil them over a clear, brisk fire for five minutes on each side.

In the meantime have ready a few tablespoonfuls of clear, hot stock or gravy, season it with salt and pepper, add a few drops of lemon juice and a little chopped parsley, and the minute the sweetbreads are broiled lay them on a hot dish, and pour the hot sauce over them.

Creamed sweetbreads are a good luncheon dish and are not difficult of preparation. For the cream sauce melt a tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan, and when it is bubbling add a tablespoonful of flour. Add gradually half a cupful of hot cream, stirring all the time until it is thick and smooth. Season with salt and pepper.

Cut parboiled and blanched sweetbreads into neat dice. Put a tablespoonful of butter in a saucepan, heat it, and put in the sweetbread—about a cupful. Heat it quickly over the fire. Have ready a cupful of canned peas, heated in a double boiler. Drain them and season with butter, pepper and salt. Put them in a mound in the center of a dish and put the sweetbreads, covered with the sauce, around them.

Baked sweetbreads are prepared in this way: Split parboiled sweetbreads in halves and brush them with melted butter or olive oil. Season them with salt and pepper and dip them in well-beaten egg. Then roll them in the bread crumbs. Put them in a buttered baking dish and bake brown, uncovered, in a hot oven. Garnish with parsley and serve hot.

Sweetbread balls are made of finely chopped parboiled sweetbreads. Mix it with half its own measure of bread crumbs, a little chopped parsley, and pepper and salt to taste. Add enough beaten egg to bind the other ingredients, and then form into balls. Roll each in beaten egg and crumbs, and fry brown in butter. Serve with cream sauce to which chopped parsley has been added.

Sweetbread croquettes are still more complicated. Mince a cooked sweetbread and add enough minced cooked chicken to measure two cupfuls. Melt a quarter of a cupful of butter and add half a cupful of flour. When this bubbles add gradually a cupful of chicken stock, well seasoned, and concentrated. Stir all the time and when it is smooth add a third of a cupful of cream.

Add the sweetbread and chicken and when it is hot add a beaten egg and salt and pepper. Cool and form into croquettes. Roll each croquette in fine bread crumbs, then in beaten egg and then again in fine crumbs. Fry brown in deep fat. Serve with cream or mushroom sauce.

Scalloped sweetbreads are good. Cut parboiled sweetbreads in small dice. Have ready some thick, well-seasoned cream sauce. Butter a baking dish, put in the bottom of it a layer of bread crumbs, rather coarse, then a layer of sweetbread, then enough cream sauce to moisten the sweetbread and crumbs. Fill the dish with alternating layers of crumbs, sweetbread and cream sauce, topping the dish with fine buttered crumbs sprinkled over the last layer of cream sauce. Bake brown in a brisk oven.

A stove that has been splashed with fat can be effectively cleaned by dipping a rag into the soot at the back of the stove and rubbing the greasy spots before applying blacking.

Salt on the fingers when cleaning fowls, meat or fish will prevent slipping, and a little vinegar will prevent odor.—St. Louis Star.

MINCE SUBSTITUTE

This substitute for mince pie is given by Los Angeles Express: Two large apples, half cupful of seeded raisins, pressed into with thumb and finger (if put into pie without cooking first, otherwise boil the apples and raisins first), cupful of sugar (small one), teaspoonful of cinnamon, tablespoonful ground nuts, three crackers (mashed fine), small lump of butter, bottom and top well-shortened crust, quite juicy before baking. Bake an even, tight brown.

TRIED RECIPES

BANANA SHORTCAKE

Into three cupfuls of sifted flour rub two tablespoonfuls of butter; add one half of a teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of sugar and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Mix to a soft dough with cold milk and bake in two layers. Grate one half of the peel of an orange, then cut it in half, crosswise and scoop out the pulp; rub four bananas through a sieve, add to this the orange rind and pulp and one cupful of sugar. Lastly, stir in one half of a cupful of thick cream, beaten stiff, and spread between and over the cakes. Serve with sweet cream or custard.—Toledo Blade.

STEAK EN CASSEROLE

Select a slice of round steak weighing 1½ pounds and cut one inch thick. Sear on both sides in a hot skillet. Remove to a platter and dust thickly with flour. Place in a casserole with a piece of suet. Mix one chopped onion and one cup of canned tomato together, season with salt and pepper and pour over the meat. Add a little water from time to time to keep from burning and cook slowly for 2½ hours. Thicken the gravy and serve from casserole.

CARROTS MAITRE D'HOTEL

Scrape a sufficient number of small-sized carrots, cut in half lengthwise and cook in boiling salted water until tender. Drain, place in a saucepan with a tablespoonful of minced parsley and the juice of one lemon and a dash of pepper; a little sugar may be added if liked. Toss lightly over the fire until thoroughly heated, pour into a hot dish and serve.

STUFFED YELLOW TURNIP CUPS

Select three small yellow turnips of uniform size, wash and scrape thoroughly and bake until soft in a moderate oven. When done cut in half neatly and scoop out the inside. Mix this with six level teaspoonfuls of butter or bacon fat, two teaspoonfuls of cream and three tablespoonfuls of chopped English walnuts, one-half teaspoonful of salt and a shake of black pepper. Fill the shells, sprinkle a few breadcrumbs over the top and put into oven until crumbs are lightly browned, then serve with slices of whole wheat bread and butter, for luncheon, or with a rich cream dressing for dinner. Leftover mashed potatoes may be added to the mashed turnip if on hand.—Chicago Record Herald.

RIBBON SLIPPERS

One pair of slipper soles, one and one-half yards of 5½-inch ribbon, two yards of one inch ribbon, five eighths of a yard of one half inch silk elastic. Gather one edge of half the wide ribbon and sew to the edge of sole, joining the cut ends in a seam at center back. Turn over the top edge of the ribbon ½ inch and stitch. Stitch again to form a casing three-fourths of an inch wide. Insert half the elastic in the casing and fasten in front under a bow made of half the narrow ribbon.—Los Angeles Express.

SILK FOR SPRING

Printed radium silks, in combinations of stripes and figures, will be featured among the novelties for spring. The designs are decidedly futuristic, says the Indianapolis News. Another novelty silk for spring has a figure in frappe or beaten effect on a ribbed ground. It is remarkably effective.

FUR IS NOW PUT ON EVERYTHING

Large proportion of evening gowns trimmed with it

Whether or not the fur of the day is genuine or mostly imitation, is not to be considered when one takes up the question of its fashion as a trimming for gowns, although one cannot limit peltry to gowns; it is everywhere; silk and chiffon combinations are touched with it; even the petticoats of the day are sprinkled with pieces of it.

The late winter gowns, those that are really intended for cold weather, are showing wide bands of fur on the edge of tunics and skirts. Innumerable collars of it finish half the coats, and when a muff of velvet is worn it is usually with peltry and the neckpieces are arranged in the same way.

The verdict is that one must trim coats and skirts and hats with fur even if it is left off the other garments. Many have odds and ends of good peltry,

or they may be willing to buy a few yards of good imitation fur that will furnish their suit so that it will pass muster for the rest of the season.

Imitation skunk is excellent, and even the best dressmakers do not hesitate to use it on admirable gowns. High collars of it are actually more fashionable than wide neck pieces, although the majority of women will choose the latter whenever they have the money to do it.

The majority of evening gowns now display fur. The admixture of peltry and tulle is attractive, although the two materials were never intended for each other in the beginning.

Paris has sent out an opera gown in that new shade of blue tulle that is so unusually becoming to the majority. It has its tunic edged with brown fur, and there is a bit of it at the neck. It is mounted on silver gauze in the most delicate texture that shimmers through the tulle and gives it an imitation moonlight effect. With a few strands of pearls and a blue ornament, the frock is complete, and the charm is that it will serve for all four seasons of the year. Naturally, there are those who must change, no matter what the seasons do, or because they do, which is probably the better reason. But there are others who prefer to have gowns ready for all weather, warm or cold. The evening gowns of today serve this purpose, even when they have fur on them. Something has happened that has broken the traditions in clothes, and we no longer hold to the ideas that governed us 10 years ago.

Where hats are to go is a question. Towering masses of palm trees may be all very well in the Panama Canal Zone, but not in the main streets, and not in the theater or any public place where persons go to see something. Possibly, if a woman held her head entirely still, those around her might have peace, but if she is restless, the only thing to do is to leave the building or persuade her to remove her hat. There might be a chance of success if the wearer was at a concert, but at a reception or any like entertainment that is too much to expect.

WORTH KNOWING

Biscuits may be shaped in a variety of ways but they should always be small.

Clothespins that are dipped in white enamel paint can be kept perfectly clean.

Gilt frames can be cleaned by wiping them with a sponge moistened with oil of turpentine.

The secret of successful packing of a trunk is tight packing. The inexperienced fear of crushing gives articles room to slide and slip.

A stove that has been splashed with fat can be effectively cleaned by dipping a rag into the soot at the back of the stove and rubbing the greasy spots before applying blacking.

Salt on the fingers when cleaning fowls, meat or fish will prevent slipping, and a little vinegar will prevent odor.—St. Louis Star.

WAIST RESTORED

The white silk shirtwaist that has turned yellow from washing should be treated as follows: Dip the waist in a solution of one tablespoonful of ammonia to a quart of warm water. Squeeze out this solution and rinse in bluing water until fully restored. Hang in the shade to dry and while damp press between dry cloths on the wrong side.—New Haven Journal-Courier.

CEMENT USES AT COUNTRY HOME

Coldframes, gate posts, benches, etc., easily made

Gravel, sand, and crushed rock possess a new value to the landowner. Mixed with Portland cement, they assume the forms not only of dwellings, but of innumerable objects which reduce labor and expense in a country place and add to its appearance.

Does a man want a coldframe for early vegetables or winter flowers, a well-cover or a gatepost, he immediately sets to work mixing concrete and pouring it into the forms he desires. Any farm-laborer can mix and mold concrete; the work is quickly and cheaply accomplished, and the result is durable and attractive, says Suburban Life.

This is particularly noticeable in neat gateposts of concrete, which are replacing posts of wood and iron, with their inevitable tendency to sag. The making of such a gatepost is quite a simple matter, and, with its braces, forms one solid piece of concrete shaped in three wooden molds. A post 10 inches square has braces six inches square, which extend into the ground for a distance of 3½ feet and end in a bulb of concrete.

When constructing the post-mold, it is possible to use two boards of narrower width if 2x10-inch boards are not available. Two boards of this width and two 2x14 inches in size are required, all 7 feet 6 inches in length. The 10-inch-wide boards are nailed to three sets of cleats, 2x4 inches in size, through which holes are bored, to admit bolts 18 inches in length and ½ of an inch in thickness. These extend across the forms, from cleat to cleat, against the 2x14-inch boards and hold the form in shape. In order to level the edges of the post, 1-inch triangular strips are tacked in the corners of the form. For the braces two troughs are constructed, 10 inches in length, 8 in width and 6 in depth. To make the bevel joint with the post form, lay off 3½ inches on the lower edge of the side pieces at one end, and saw off the trough to the bevel. Eight inches from the top of the post-mold, in the side pieces, cut an opening deep and wide enough to receive the trough-mold for the braces.

A hole 3½ feet deep must be dug for the post, and nine feet six inches from the center of the post dig a hole of similar depth for the concrete bulb in which each brace must rest. One foot above the bottom of this hole dig a trench eight inches wide, sloping toward the post and within seven feet of the center of it.

In mixing the concrete, use one bag of Portland cement to two cubic feet of sand to four cubic feet of crushed rock. Good pit-gravel will serve as well as the rock and sand, using four cubic feet of it to one bag of cement. With the mushy, wet concrete fill the hole to

the depth of one foot. Place in position the mold for the post, and slide the troughs for the braces into the holes, taking care to have the upper ends even with the inside of the post-form.

The forms must be braced securely, fastened together firmly and the cracks chinked up. Inside the post-form, two inches from each corner, set a 10-foot rod ¾ of an inch thick and with upper ends bent backward. Fill the post-form with concrete to the openings of the braces, and then place an inch of concrete on the troughs for these, and lay upon it, one inch from each side, two rods of the same size as those in the post, and with their upper ends extending into the post-mold. Add four more inches of concrete, place two other rods in similar fashion, and cover them with an inch of concrete. The balance of the post-mold must be quickly filled, and, after the concrete has stiffened, level the top edges of the post and upper edges of the brace with a trowel. All the materials used will cost about \$2.50.

The post must be protected until the concrete has attained its strength. In seven days the forms may be removed, but it requires 30 days to make a post ready for use. When farmers desire to attach wire fencing to such a post, they can wrap the wire around it, or else attach ratchet fasteners by making holes through the post by means of small gas-pipe set through holes in the form, or by means of greased rods, turned frequently while the concrete is setting.

Garden benches are made in the same manner as posts except that planks are cut to the sizes of bench when molds are made.

Such posts and furniture are economical, since they neither wear nor rust out, and it has been discovered that, on a farm, manure pits of concrete are an even greater economy, as government experts have estimated that one load of manure stored in a concrete pit is worth from one and a half to two loads cared for in the old way.

PRETTY BIBS

Short lengths of linen, damask or duck may be transformed into useful and attractive bibs, if one has time for a little handwork, says the St. Louis Republic. Of course, bibs that are double are more practical than those which are made of a single thickness of the material. If they are made double, it is wise to do the handwork before lining them. Simple designs in outline stitch or cross stitch, if done in colors, say, the soft blues or blue and yellow are particularly effective. The child's name in cross stitch, too, gives a touch of individuality.



Est.

1840

Cuts "the bread-cost of living"

Reduce the high cost of living—bake your bread at home.

Two loaves of better bread for the price of one is your saving with Heckers' Flour.

Just think—better bread, your own bread at half the cost.

When in the vicinity—call at our permanent demonstration store—99 Summer Street—There will be something new to every housewife—something well worth learning.

For real economy—buy by the barrel

Boston's Plea for Federal Reserve Bank Is Heard

(Continued from page one)

ment should be included in the New York or Boston district.

Mayor Fitzgerald appeared early in the afternoon and added a few words to the weight of argument in favor of Boston. The hearing began at 10:10. At 1 o'clock it adjourned till 2:30. The hearing will be continued tomorrow. Among those who were heard before the mayor appeared were:

Hugh Bancroft, chairman of the directors of the port; Prof. O. M. W. Sprague of Harvard, E. G. Preston, T. P. Beal, president Second National Bank of Boston; C. P. Blinn, Jr., vice-president of the National Union Bank of Boston; Robert C. Davis, president of the Fall River Chamber of Commerce; Henry D. Sprague of the Lynn chamber and several bankers from different parts of New England.

An impromptu reception was held by Secretaries McAdoo and Houston before the opening of the hearing in the reading room. William A. Gaston, president of the National Shawmut Bank; J. Randolph Coolidge, Jr., president of the New Hampshire National Bank of Portsmouth; Congressman Phelan of Lynn; O. M. W. Sprague, professor of finance at Harvard University, and Gen. Charles Taylor were among those to shake hands with the cabinet officers.

The hearing was opened at 10:10 when Secretary McAdoo rapped for order.

The reading room was crowded by banking and business men. President Coolidge welcomed the federal committee with brief remarks.

Frederick H. Steffens, statistician of the committee and the other members of the staff, were grouped about the long table at which the cabinet officers sat.

Mr. Coolidge told the committee that he was confident it could bring in no minority report. He asked to be excused if he took it for granted that inasmuch as at least regional banks are to be established one of these would be situated in Boston.

Secretary McAdoo replied that the purpose of the hearing was to select eight regional bank centers, but that one of the phases was the establishment of branch banks. He emphasized that the question was a most economic problem.

The committee, he said, was not on a political junket; it was here for business and intended to pay strict attention to this phase of the hearing. The hearings, he said, are to bring the facilities of the committee into close touch with the people as expeditiously as possible. He said the committee expected to close the hearings at noon Saturday.

Mr. McAdoo said the committee was familiar with the importance of Boston. What it did want to know was the condition of New England; whether some part or any part of it should go to New York if a reserve bank should be established there.

"My one desire," said Secretary McAdoo, "is to represent the entire country without reference to any section."

Elwyn G. Preston, treasurer of S. S. Pierce Company, and speaking for the chamber, said that he believed that New England could best be served by a regional bank managed by local persons who are familiar with its industries and interrelations financially and otherwise.

New England is geographically off by itself, he said. Boston constitutes the great woolen market of the country. It has never been financed by New York, he added.

Mr. Preston gave statistics to show the dominating position of New England in reference to the cotton, woolen and boot and shoe output of the country, of which New England produces over 50 per cent.

Hugh Bancroft, chairman of the directors of the port, said that Boston was the second international port of the country and that a regional bank should be established here as strong as possible to assist in the growth of this port. He gave statistics to show great increase in shipping here during the last year. Further data he was invited to leave with the committee.

O. M. W. Sprague, professor of statistics at Harvard University, spoke at some length concerning the desirability of having a regional bank in Boston. He raised considerable laughter when in reply to a question from Mr. McAdoo as to where he would place the regional banks if only three were located in the East, he said that he would locate one at Boston, one at New York, and that he preferred not to state where the third one should go.

He said that he did not attach much importance to the foreign commerce of this country in relation to the establishment of central banks in reply to a query from Secretary McAdoo.

He said New England came under that class of districts where there were in the community plenty of funds to meet all of the requirements and plenty of surplus for local demands.

A regional bank in New England, he said, would face a less serious problem than one in any other section of the country for the reason that the local banks have a surplus sufficient to meet any local calls.

Secretary Houston asked Professor Sprague's opinion as to the claim that one big bank should be established in New York for the East.

Professor Sprague admitted that the bulk of the business of the country would continue to go through New York. He believed, however, that such a claim was based on a very dangerous assumption that the regional banks are going to get themselves into such shape as to need foreign assistance at times.

Europe, he said, could not provide so large an amount of money as would in

that case be demanded; it would obstruct the movement of funds.

The speaker believed that the regional banks should stand on their own foundations. They ought to be in such a position that if international conditions were against business in the United States they could see 50 to 60 millions go out of the country without being affected.

It isn't necessary, Prof. Sprague said, for the New York bank to do any foreign exchange business. The size of the bank in this country he maintained was of no particular importance.

C. W. Barron said: The purpose of the federal reserve act is the decentralization of the national bank reserves and the establishment of other financial centers supporting commerce by commercial discounts. Boston is the first center in the United States for commercial paper because it is the one market in the United States in which commercial paper is sold every day in the year. The leading note brokerage houses maintain with the national banks in New England continuously \$200,000,000 of loans on commercial paper. The regional reserve bank for New England, centered in Boston, is the primary, first and essential regional reserve bank. Boston and New England rank first in the United States in savings per capita of population and this is reflected in the lowest discount rates in the country for short term maturities. The purpose of the federal reserve act is to give commerce the benefit of surplus funds. Nowhere else outside of New England are funds for short term notes so steadily accumulated in volume to be available for commerce.

W. D. Higgins, a Boston investor, offered a plan for dividing the country into regional reserve bank districts. New England could not be added to New York as one district, said Mr. Barron, in answer to Secretary McAdoo, because the local discount market must have the names of local men on its transactions. The rates here are lower, he said, and furthermore it was the intention of the system to collect the savings of such a section as New England within itself. The reserves cannot amount to a great deal, he said, unless there is local discount control.

The essential necessity of the new system, he held, would demand central reserve banks at Chicago, New York and Boston, and if a fourth, it should be at Washington. The latter he styled as a growing educational center. Other centers he placed at St. Louis, two on the Pacific coast, and he questioned the alternative of a bank at New Orleans or to have that section served from St. Louis. If a bank should be established at Philadelphia, he said the district should include Pittsburgh. The regional banks, he said, were to act like clearing houses for the business of the country, as mail passes through a postoffice.

Thomas P. Beal, president of the Second National Bank, was next speaker. He presented resolutions of the Boston Clearing House Association favoring a regional reserve bank in Boston.

Secretary McAdoo was particularly desirous of finding out what the Boston men thought about the placing of western Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut in this district. Mr. Beal said that he did not care to reply in connection with Vermont but that he thought it would be to the advantage of western Massachusetts and Connecticut to be allied with Boston rather than New York.

Alfred L. Ripley, vice-president of the Merchants National Bank, said that the system of collection of checks in New England was a very simple one, which would be entirely overthrown if a branch of a reserve bank in New York were placed in Boston. He said he believed bankers of western Connecticut would have more voice in their local affairs if they were connected with Boston. He also spoke of a certain amount of local pride here that desired a central bank in Boston. He did not think a large bank in New York controlling 40 to 50 per cent of the capital of the country was advantageous, inasmuch as the coordination of the several equal units under the control of the reserve board would obviate that.

R. C. Davis, president of the Fall River Chamber of Commerce, said his city needed considerable capital, and its associations had usually been with Boston which had usually supplied its financial needs. The clearings of his city amounted to \$63,000,000 annually, he said. He represented the cotton industry, which, he said, operated as many spindles as the entire South.

Charles P. Blinn, Jr., president of the Massachusetts Bankers Association and vice-president of the National Union Bank of Boston, quoted his poll of the 100 members of the association as 78 in favor and 28 against a central bank in Boston.

Taking cities and towns west of the Connecticut river in Massachusetts, he said the poll showed 11 in favor of Boston and 10 for New York.

Mr. Blinn divided the country so as to place regional banks at New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Boston, St. Louis, New Orleans, Washington and Denver. The capitalizations, deposits and resources of these cities he said would be: For New York, \$38,707,000; \$162,147,000 and \$200,000,000; Chicago \$22,434,840, \$105,904,020 and \$128,339,480; St. Louis, \$14,923,580, \$53,902,380 and \$68,835,060; Boston, \$9,946,440, \$34,776,000 and \$44,723,040; San Francisco, \$7,405,200, \$28,470,900 and \$35,882,100; Washington, \$5,877,780, \$19,542,240 and \$25,420,020; New Orleans or Atlanta, \$5,822,400, \$16,152,420 and \$21,974,820; and Denver, \$1,894,080 from the banks and \$2,105,920

from the public to make up the \$4,000,000 minimum, \$9,245,660 and \$13,245,660.

He said he believed the financial standing of Boston required a regional bank here.

Others who favored a bank in Boston were Henry W. Batchelder, president of the Merchants National Bank of Salem; John W. Sawyer, cashier of the Union National Bank of Lowell; Nathan A. Gibbs, president of the Thames National Bank of Norwich, Conn.; A. M. Hurley of Manchester, president of the New Hampshire Bankers Association, and Nathan D. Prince of Danielson, Conn.

Mayor Fitzgerald arrived about 12:20 p.m. and shook hands with each cabinet official. He said that it is the business of Boston to guard the interests of its investors and of New England, and New York should not be allowed to control the money policy of this section when it is in such strong competition with Boston.

Charles H. Hoyt, speaking for the New England Shoe and Leather Association, said that in the face of the arguments presented the administration should recognize New England more than it has heretofore. He read a brief of resolutions passed by the association in favor of a regional bank in Boston.

Congressman J. J. Phelan of Lynn said that New England would have either to be put with New York or to stand as a separate district. If put with New York he said Philadelphia would logically be added to the New York district and that would put 43 per cent of the country's capital in the New York district.

Congressman Phelan said that the President must, according to the new act, appoint but one man from New York on the federal reserve board and that thus 43 per cent of capital would have but 20 per cent representation on the federal board.

A large bank in the eastern part of the country he said, was not consistent with the intentions of the act. He believed two strong banks in the East would be better than one. The country is so large and economic conditions are so varied, he said, that men familiar with local conditions should be in control. It is advantageous to get a varied kind of paper to deal with, he said, by the establishment of a number of equal banks rather than one large one.

Henry B. Sprague, president of the Lynn Chamber of Commerce and of the Central National Bank, said the great cost to the Lynn manufacturers was in the collection of checks from all over the country. The reserves of his bank, he said, had been transferred to Albany, which constituted an artificial base. The reserves, he said, should be returned to Boston.

The committee adjourned to 2:30 p.m. Secretary McAdoo stepped off the 1 o'clock train from New York at the Back Bay station at a minute or so after 7 o'clock this morning and attended only by his private porter went directly to the Copley Plaza hotel. He went to breakfast and later left for the chamber.

When asked as to the specific facts that he desired to secure by the hearings in this city, Secretary McAdoo said that he wanted to know everything that he could find out that would help the committee in dividing the country into reserve districts.

The meetings are public, he said, and he expected the program as arranged for him by the secretary of the committee, M. C. Elliott, who came on in advance, to be carried out on these lines. The committee, he said, is traveling about the country at considerable inconvenience so as to give bankers an opportunity to come before it in their own community instead of making them come to Washington.

PRESIDENT STILL SERVANT OF CHILDREN AROUND GULFPORT

PASS CHRISTIAN, Miss.—Most of the events not scheduled in President Wilson's vacation continue to be brought about by children. He has made it a rule not to accept invitations extended to him by grown-up societies; yet the children, with no organization behind them seem to have their own way with the chief executive.

This influence extends even to correspondence. Little Willa Green, who requested him to release a white dove from a box she had given him, is awaiting a letter from the President himself to prove that the report that he granted her request is true, and not merely a newspaper story.

Cecil Brown, 11 years of age, is also one of those who disregard, and with impunity, the President's desire for only limited correspondence during his vacation. Cecil's story goes back a bit. Some days ago as he stood among the crowds of children waving things at the President, it occurred to him that he wished to do something more for the President than the ordinary child had been doing lately. There must be some way he could make his admiration for the chief executive stand out in bold relief.

Finally he concluded that the right course would be to seek out his mother as an ally. Accordingly he got her to make a lot of delicious candy, the kind he liked himself. Then he wrote a note, wishing the President well. This note he placed inside the candy box. Then he dressed himself all up in Confederate gray and took his staid old along the road where the Wilson party would pass en route home from golfing. When the President came along Cecil gave him the box, saluted, then went home to await his reward.

It came soon in the form of a letter

of thanks, signed by the President himself.

That was not the end. Cecil wanted more. Today he was out bright and early on the Shell road to Biloxi. Children lined the way, waving banners and flags. The President sat uncovered and told Representative Harrison, who rode with him, that he was prouder of the children's homage than of any other honor he might receive down here.

But through the excitement of it all Cecil Brown did not forget that he was out in that crowd of yelling youngsters for a purpose. And he did his duty. When the automobile stopped he stepped up and handed the President a bunch of flowers and this note:

"I liked your letter so much that I have brought you these flowers. Won't you please write me when you get back home?"

The President is expected to do his best to make a good correspondent of Cecil, or rather keep up his own end of the correspondence in a manner which will match the boy's.

Thursday children singing "America" lined the main street in Gulfport when the Wilson auto returned from the golf links. A child handed the President a box and a letter. When he reached home the President released a white dove from the box. The letter read:

"Dear Mr. President—You will find in this box a real, live dove. It flew in the door and broke its wing several months ago. We have cared for it and now my mama says we must give it freedom."

"If you will do me the honor to open its prison and let it fly away to find companions of its kind I shall be very grateful. Lovingly,

"P. S.—Just a little Tennessee girl enjoying the beautiful Southland."

The President learned that the girl's name is Willa Green and will notify her that he has complied with her request.

NEWPORT (N. H.) Board of Trade—Samuel D. Lewis and Perley A. Jackson. Bankers—Col. Henry L. Higginson, Lee Higginson & Co.; John J. Martin, president Exchange Trust Company; B. A. Kimball, president Mechanics National Bank, Concord, N. H.; A. M. Heard, president Amoskeag National bank, Manchester, N. H.; Mr. Taft, president Mechanics National bank, Providence; Lucien Sharpe, Brown & Sharpe, Providence, R. I.; W. H. Brackett, cashier People's National bank, Brattleboro, Vt.; F. W. Adams, cashier Merchants National bank, Bangor, Me.; George A. Curran, president International Trust and Banking Company, Calais, Me.; Nathan D. Prince, cashier Windham County National bank, Danielson, Conn.; George W. Goss, cashier First National bank, Lewiston, Me.; John K. Bates, president First National bank, Portsmouth, N. H.; Fred F. Partridge, Home National bank, Holyoke; H. W. Stevens, president Hartford National bank, Hartford, Conn.

BARS NEBRASKA STATE BANKS LINCOLN, Neb.—By an opinion of Atty.-Gen. Grant Martin of Nebraska, on the Nebraska banking law, state banks in this state will be prohibited from entering the federal reserve system.

The three dangers that are possible under the act, he said, are political entanglements, liability to impair the government credit and liability to inflation.

"As to speculation," said Mr. Andrew, "the federal reserve act will unquestionably diminish the use of bank reserves in the stock market. It sweeps away the present provisions of the national bank law, which have pyramided the reserves of banks in the reserve and central reserve cities, and above all it provides methods of liquidating other assets than loans upon stock collateral."

"It will doubtless tend to check the accumulation of idle funds in the stock market in dull periods and their sudden withdrawal in times of activity. It will thus tend to check the violent fluctuations in call loan rates."

"Whether it will foster speculation in other fields is another question the answer to which will depend upon the wisdom with which the federal reserve board exercises its powers."

"That the act provides sufficient means for meeting stringencies goes without saying. Provision is made for an issue of additional notes to an amount variously estimated in billions of dollars and for even greater possibilities of enlarging credit in the form of ledger balances."

"All such issues of notes, however, are to be subject to the control and at the discretion of the federal reserve board."

"There can be no question that the act will help to prevent general bank suspensions, stoppages of domestic exchange and the other features of panic with which we have long been too familiar."

"We shall henceforth be equipped with permanent institutions to serve the banks at all times in the same way that the temporarily organized clearing house committees have tried to serve them in the past in times of panic."

"These institutions will not have to be contrived in moments of emergency as have the clearing house committees in the past. More important than all this, for the first time in our history, the reserves or more than a single locality will be mobilized."

"The regional mutualization of reserves provided for in this act marks the great advance in banking legislation that has been made since the national banking system was established."

In showing how extraordinary were the powers of the federal reserve board and

BANKS IN STATE BACK BOSTON AS RESERVE CENTER

Association Hears Report of Poll Showing Only 28 Out of 106 Opposed to Plan—Currency Bill Is Explained

MR. ANDREW SPEAKS

Massachusetts Bankers Association at its annual dinner at the Copley Plaza last night heard its president, Charles P. Blinn, Jr., give the results of a poll of the banks of the state as 78 in favor and 28 opposed to a regional reserve bank in Boston. A. Piatt Andrew, former assistant secretary of the treasury, analyzed the new currency system. Samuel L. Powers and Charles V. Havican were the other speakers, the latter impersonating a German nobleman studying United States banking methods.

Mr. Blinn said that "from present figures it appears that if a federal bank were organized in Boston, covering the whole of New England, the bank would have a capital of \$9,946,440, deposits of \$34,000,000 and total resources of approximately \$44,000,000. The bank would rank fourth in size."

President Blinn called attention to the fact that during the past year legislation of the greatest importance to bankers had been enacted. He urged all bankers to get behind the federal reserve act and give it a boost. He said there was a plan on foot for a joint meeting of the various state bankers associations of New England at New-castle, N. H., next summer.

Mr. Andrew explained the strength and weakness of the federal reserve act; explained the unusual and immense powers of the federal reserve board; said it would end panics for all time in this country; would enlarge credits and would "end the reign of anarchy and disorder in American banking."

Samuel L. Powers explained some of his ideas about banking. What appealed to him especially was the fact that this new federal reserve board would have the power to discharge presidents and directors of banks and even close up banks. He said he would like a job of that kind.

Seated at the head table with President Charles P. Blinn, Jr., were A. Piatt Andrew, Samuel F. Powers, Daniel G. Wing, Frederick W. Mansfield, Augustus L. Thorndike, Pierre Jay, E. E. Foye, Fred E. Farnsworth, Charles A. Ruggles, Charles V. Havican, J. H. Gifford, George V. Hyde, Thomas P. Beal, George H. Doty, O. M. W. Sprague, F. W. Rugg, P. A. Drury, O. H. Brothwell, John E. Gould, H. M. Batchelder, James D. Brennan, Ralph P. Alden and T. C. Nichols.

Mr. Andrew said the five principal objects of the new act were to provide facilities for handling foreign trade, to provide for the handling of surplus government funds, to divert the reserves of the country from speculative use, to mitigate periodical financial stringencies in agricultural district, and to prevent the recurrence of general panics.

The three dangers that are possible under the act, he said, are political entanglements, liability to impair the government credit and liability to inflation.

"As to speculation," said Mr. Andrew, "the federal reserve act will unquestionably diminish the use of bank reserves in the stock market. It sweeps away the present provisions of the national bank law, which have pyramided the reserves of banks in the reserve and central reserve cities, and above all it provides methods of liquidating other assets than loans upon stock collateral."

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"The regional mutualization of reserves provided for in this act marks the great advance in banking legislation that has been made since the national banking system was established."

In showing how extraordinary were the powers of the federal reserve board and

how much depended on that board, he said: "From whatever viewpoint we regard the provisions of the federal reserve act, and no matter which of its features we have under consideration, it is evident that the federal reserve board is the crux of the entire system."

"It is no exaggeration to say that this board is endowed with powers such as have never been exercised before over independent banks in any important country—powers, in fact, which have never been exercised by any banking board over its own business in this or any other country."

"It needs no argument to prove that the success or failure of the entire plan, and indeed the very soundness of our entire banking system, will depend upon the character and ability of the members of the board."

COOPERATION OF HORTICULTURE AND AGRICULTURE

LYNN, Mass.—Cooperation of the state board of agriculture and the Massachusetts Horticultural Society is to be sought by the Houghton Horticultural Society, which is making arrangements for the celebration of its fortieth anniversary next September. Lectures and addresses on gardening and an exhibition will be included in the program.

The new officers of the Houghton Horticultural Society are: President, Frank L. Whipple; first vice-president, George L. Gove; second vice-president, Luther C. Parker; secretary, Mrs. Nettie L. Day; treasurer, Edwin L. Newhall; chairman of horticulture committee, George A. Colby; chairman of industry committee, Miss Lillie B. Allen; chairman of nature study committee, Miss Mary I. Tufts; chairman of committee on excursions, Miss Abby L. Newhall; chairman of publicity committee, Park Commissioner Louis A. Wentworth; chairman of membership committee, Mrs. Cora B. Austin; chairman of committee on school gardens, Edwin Damon.

PROGRESSIVES IN CAMBRIDGE SPLIT OVER CITY TICKET

(Continued from page one)

Progressives of Cambridge are divided on the question of having a party candidate at the city election in March.

Eleven members of the city committee who favor a coalition with the Republicans and the citizens' committee have tendered their resignations and have formed a new Progressive organization with the following officers:

Franklin H. Bigelow, president; William H. McDonald, vice-president; Rupert D. Worcester, secretary, and Howard E. Whitling, treasurer. They propose to work for a fusion candidate and have notified officials of the citizens' committee to this effect.

The regular Progressive committee has organized for the year, Albin M. R. Richards, recent candidate for register of deeds on the Progressive ticket, being elected chairman; Wayne K. Little, secretary, and Harold D. Carey, treasurer.

NEEDHAM FOLK HEAR EDUCATORS

NEEDHAM, Mass.—Over 200 parents met with the school teachers in the high school assembly hall last night at the meeting of the Parents and Teachers Association and listened to an address on "The Education of the Boys" by Principal I. Arthur Lee of the Malden high school. Playgrounds and outdoor exercise, indoor recreations and moral lessons were as important as the three R's, he said. He strongly urged more intimate relations between teachers and parents.

Brief talks on educational matters were also given by Chairman William S. Mosely of the school committee and by Superintendent of Schools Dr. A. H. Keyes. Leonard Dawson presided.

REVERE SUMMONS TAX WITNESSES

Summonses have been served by Inspector Silas Waite of the police department upon several persons to appear before the Suffolk grand jury next Monday in connection with the investigation into the alleged shortage of about \$80,000 on the tax books in the Revere assessors' office. The books alleged to show the shortage have been seized by the inspector.

The witnesses who were summoned are Arthur C. Fendergast, tax collector; William H. Colcord, a member of the board of assessors; George B. Burke, the new member of the board; Minot D. Fenno, former tax collector, who is now living in Kingston, N. H.; Gladys R. Hamilton, of 100 Walnut avenue, Revere, a clerk in the tax collector's office and Inspector Silas Waite.

REGULARS MARK BATTLE DAY GALVESTON, TEX.—Commemorating the battle of New Orleans, the seventh United States infantry, the only organization of the regular army that took part in the conflict, held the ceremony "escort to the colors" at Ft. Crockett Thursday.

DOUBT ABOUT DATE OF COIN NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The 1804 silver dollar found several weeks ago at the Arena-Centerfreeze has been pronounced genuine by numismatists, but there is some question as to whether it was issued in 1804.

EXCHANGE OF STOCK OPPOSED PORTLAND, Me.—President Frederick W. Hinckley of the South Portland Board of Trade will call a meeting Monday evening for protest against the exchange by the Maine Central of \$10,000,000 bonds for 100,000 shares of its stock now held by the B. & M.

MEASURE FAVORS EXTENDING NEW BOYLSTON TUBE

One of the Bills Filed With Clerk of House Provides for Continuation of Subway to Congress and Dewey Squares

MANY LAWS PROPOSED

Continuation of the new Boylston street subway to Dewey and Postoffice squares and the establishment of an additional station half way between the proposed Dartmouth street station and the Boylston street station is provided for in two bills filed with the clerk of the House today among numerous others.

The petition of Otto J. Piehler and others seeks to have the Boylston street subway extended to pass under the Tremont street subway, Washington street tunnel to Essex street, Atlantic avenue, and under the proposed Atlantic avenue station of the Cambridge-Dorchester tunnel, thence under Dewey square, Federal to Milk street, thence to Postoffice square.

Considerable relief to Boylston street traffic, it is asserted, would accrue from the proposed station, which the petitioners believe should be in the vicinity of Arlington street. It is claimed that the extra station is demanded because of the distance between the Dartmouth and Boylston street stations which is about 3500 feet, the longest stretch between any two subway stations in the system.

Other bills filed today were:

BOSTON TRANSIT BOARD REPORTS ROAD CHANGES

(Continued from page one)

minus a loop extending from Hanover street under private property to the Haymarket square station, thence under Sudbury street, connecting with the Scollay square station, thence under Brattle street, Brattle square and private property to Hanover street. The main subway extends under Hanover street, and under the harbor to Winnisimmet square in the city of Chelsea.

The second has a similar loop at the Boston end, connecting with the Haymarket square and Scollay square stations; but the main subway extends under Washington street, under the Charles river, the United States navy yard and the Mystic river to the same terminus at Winnisimmet square at Chelsea.

The commission considers that the first is preferable. Either route would afford connections at Haymarket square and at Scollay square with the East Boston tunnel and with the Tremont street subway.

Of the proposed tunnel to Sullivan square from the end of the Washington street tunnel the commission points out that the Elevated company has not given its consent to such a plan and therefore it has done nothing further in regard to it.

The question of the proposed subway to connect the Dorchester tunnel with the South station, the commission is involved in the plan for the tunnel station, which have not been completed and therefore makes no separate estimate of the cost of constructing it.

LADDERMEN CARRY MAROONED PAIR TO THE STREET

E. W. Cranston and E. P. McKenna were carried by

Rivals for Mayoralty in Noon Rallies

Councilman Thomas J. Kenny
Addresses Crowds in Pemberton
Square and Ward 19—Mr.
Curley at Steamship Piers

MAYOR WARNS VOTERS

Noon rallies were held today by Councilman Thomas J. Kenny and Congressman James M. Curley in their campaign for mayor of Boston. Mr. Kenny spoke at Pemberton square and he and Walter Ballantyne, his campaign manager, addressed a gathering at Huntington avenue and Leon streets.

Congressman Curley spoke at the White Star line pier and in Faneuil Hall square.

Mayor Fitzgerald reiterates his statement that votes given him through stickers and writing his name on the ballot will be wasted. The mayor says the idea of his or anybody's winning in such a manner is absurd, and to those who still believe to the contrary the mayor says his plans for the future are made and under no conditions could he be persuaded to accept even if elected.

This repetition of a statement of a week ago was made on account of there having been 150,000 stickers printed with the mayor's name and address and circulated in part by James A. Sanborn, publisher of the Union Label. The mayor says he does not know Mr. Sanborn, and that he did not authorize nor know that stickers bearing his name were being printed. He cautions the voters to mark their ballot in a way that the city may benefit by their judgment.

It is charged by Kenny supporters that the stickers are the product of the Curley campaign, and designed to detract from Mr. Kenny's vote, as it is known they say that the mayor's friends will support Mr. Kenny.

The rallies in Mr. Kenny's interest tonight will be held as follows:

Palm Garden hall, Northfield and Tremont streets—Speakers, Councilor James A. Watson, Senator James P. Timilty, J. J. Mathews, Daniel Williams, F. Lewis, Francis J. W. Ford.

Bethesda hall, South Boston, Republican Club, ward 15.

Meridian hall, 163 Meridian street, East Boston—Reception.

Tremont hall, Tremont street, Roxbury Speakers, Roger F. Scannell, Dr. John J. Walsh, Edward D. Collins, Representative Edward F. McLaughlin, C. D. A. Hourin, Thomas F. Curley, Thomas J. Collins, M. J. Reilly, Edward C. Creed.

Shawmut theater, Blue Hill avenue.

Ward room, ward 9—Speakers, Thomas A. Dennison, John J. Douglass, Thomas M. Joyce, John J. Lydon, Michael J. McErick, Francis J. W. Ford, Walter L. Collins, James Donovan.

Deacon hall, Washington street—Speakers, Michael J. McErick, Representative Edward F. McLaughlin, Francis J. W. Ford, Walter L. Collins, James P. Murphy, Senator James P. Timilty, Joseph A. Dennison, John J. Douglass, John J. Lydon, Thomas M. Joyce, Daniel Sullivan.

Tremont Temple.

Republican rally, Dorchester High school.

Rallies in the interest of Congressman James M. Curley tonight will be held at the following places, and at each meeting Mr. Curley will speak:

Ward 20—Open air, Dorchester and Savin Hill avenue, Savin Hill.

Ward 20—Mary Hemenway school, Adams, corner of King streets, Dorchester.

Ward 20—Ward room, Meeting House Hill.

Ward 24—Blake hall, Fields Corner.

Ward 24—Greenwood hall, Glenway street, near Harvard street.

Ward 24—Odd Fellows' hall, River street.

Ward 24—Kellier hall, Neponset.

Ward 24—Codman hall, Codman square, Dorchester.

Mr. Kenny spoke at seven rallies last night beginning at Jubilee hall at Grove hall. Mr. Kenny devoted most his time to campaign issues.

He was followed by Councilman James A. Watson.

Saturday night's torchlight parade and meeting at Mechanics hall, with Speaker Champ Clark as a speaker favoring the election of Congressman James M. Curley, has been called off because the speaker cannot be present. The ward 20 Democratic committee however has a parade planned in favor of Congressman Curley, to take place tonight.

The parade will start from the ward committee headquarters in Eaton square, Dorchester, at 8 o'clock.

Dr. David D. Scannell, P. S. A. candidate for school committee, addressed a meeting of the Jamaica Plain Improvement Association last night in Agassiz school. He was followed by School Committee member Michael H. Corcoran, Jr., the P. S. A. candidate for reelection. Both candidates said that children should be taught to be more considerate and respectful and to recognize proper authority.

George W. Coleman, candidate for the city council, held a conference today with the chairmen of the committees of his 500 workers at 28 School street. A program was mapped out for the rest of the campaign. Tonight Mr. Coleman will speak at gatherings of voters in the West End, the North End and in the South End and in Hyde Park.

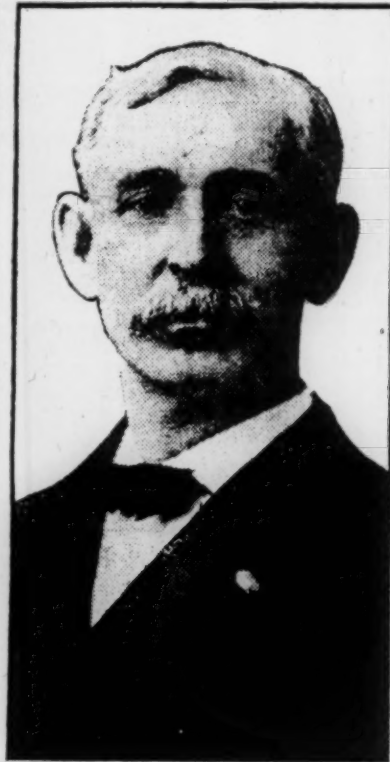
Last night he spoke at an old-fashioned town meeting in Kingsley hall and in Cohen hall, Cross street, and Schwartz hall, Leverett street—at all of which places he was enthusiastically received.

An appeal for votes for Mr. Coleman has been issued by 60 Boston men. Among

the names signed to the appeal are Henry Abrahams, labor leader; Bernard J. Rothwell of the Chamber of Commerce, Samuel Sackmar of 45 Joy street, Michael J. Fitzgerald of 48 Wolcott street, Dorchester; Edward C. R. Bagley of East Boston, W. C. Ewing of 985 Washington street, Benjamin Woronoff of 11 Lowell street, Joseph J. Quigley of 1 Victoria street, Dorchester, and Joseph P. J. Leahy of 151 West Sixth street, South Boston.

HOUSE PAINTERS INSTALL NEWLY CHOSEN OFFICERS

Installation of new officers took place at the concluding session of the twenty-third annual convention of the Society of Master House Painters and Decorators of Massachusetts in Berkeley hall last



WILLIAM E. WALL

night. About 300 members attended. A musical program was given by the Misses Elizabeth Kennison, Ethel Hodson, Mae Hodson and Harry McGowan, soloists.

The new officers installed are: President, William E. Wall; vice-president, George W. Brooks; secretary-treasurer, Alexander Peters. In charge of the installation were: M. F. Shea, Robert Hodson, Jr., Charles F. Smith, Elmer E. Johnson, W. E. Crowell and F. I. Cate.

NEW YORK PLAN TO ISSUE STATE BANK NOTES CONSIDERED

NEW YORK—The Van Tuyl commission to revise the state banking laws is considering a plan to provide for the issue of state bank notes secured by the deposit of commercial paper with the superintendent of banks, along the same lines as the provision of the federal reserve act for notes to be issued by the federal reserve banks.

Supervision of the issue of these notes, and especially the function of passing upon the quality of the commercial paper offered as security, would be vested in a state currency board, consisting of the governor, the state controller, the state treasurer, and the superintendent of banks. The duties of the superintendent in regard to the issues would be similar to those of the controller of the currency under the federal reserve system.

The matter has been put in the form of a bill, which will be formally discussed and acted upon at the meeting of the commission next Thursday.

CLUBWOMEN ARE RECEPTION GUESTS

Presidents and other officers of the clubs in the city Federation of Woman's Clubs were entertained by the Daughters of Massachusetts yesterday afternoon.

Among those in the receiving line were Mrs. George C. Jenkins, state regent of the D. A. R., Mrs. Charles H. Bond, vice-president general of the national D. A. R., Mrs. George H. Plummer, state regent of the D. R., Mrs. Austin C. Wellington, president of the Daughters of Massachusetts, Mayor and Mrs. Edward E. Willard of Chelsea, Mayor and Mrs. Zebadiah E. Cliff of Somerville.

EVERETT G. A. R. LADIES INSTALL

Installation of officers, with Mrs. Carrie F. Stahl as president, was conducted by John A. Andrew circle, Ladies' Auxiliary of the G. A. R., in the G. A. R. post 15 hall, Everett, last night. Other officers installed are: Department press correspondent, Mrs. Nellie R. Thomas; senior vice-president, Mrs. Rebecca A. Cotrell; junior vice-president, Mrs. Sarah L. Kimball; treasurer, Imogene Phelps; secretary, Mrs. Alice Macnamis; conductor, Mrs. Jennie Barton; guard, Mrs. Clara M. Kemp; assistant conductor, Mrs. Lillian Reilly; assistant guard, Mrs. M. Hewson.

WIRELESS OPERATORS MEET
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Plans for a permanent organization started last evening, when persons interested in wireless telegraphy in this city and vicinity gathered at the Narragansett hotel. Another meeting will be held

FORTNIGHTLY ACTORS GIVE A SUFFRAGIST TWO ACT COMEDY

They Entertain Audience of More Than 300 Persons With a Laughable Farce Effectively Staged in Whiton Hall

Upward of 300 persons witnessed a farce in two acts, "When Women Get the Vote," given as an annual entertainment of the Thursday Morning Fortnightly Club in Whiton hall at the Dorchester Women's Club house last night. Preceding the entertainment Mrs. Alice Taylor Jacobs, president of the club, welcomed the assemblage and introduced Mrs. Helen M. Jacobs, who spoke a few words. Mrs. Alice P. Bates, honorary president, told of the objects of the organization and the work it had accomplished.

The play, neat, humorous and effectively staged, concerned the neglect shown by Mrs. Jamieson, the "Queen of Clubs," for domestic affairs because of her unyielding interest in the suffrage movement. She had a daughter, Helen, who evinced sentimental attachment to the son of Mrs. Delano, a wealthy lady. Complications brought out by an episode built on this circumstance caused much laughter. Mrs. Brownell also had the suffrage movement as her prime object and as a result her children were allowed to take care of themselves, with an unsatisfactory result.

Outstanding among the characters was that of Dinah, an old-fashioned family servant. This part was taken by Hattie B. Gettemy. Her actions, gestures and utterances were accorded approval by frequent handclappings.

Jennie Saville Smith as Mrs. Jamieson gave a humorous aspect to the champion of suffrage. Helen, her daughter, as given by Dorys A. Osman, was an attractive role.

Mrs. Delano, as played by Ida M. Smith, was a woman who sacrificed her worldly pleasures for the cause of woman suffrage. The character of Mrs. Brownell was assumed by Margaret E. Quincy.



MRS. HELEN M. JACOBS

Mrs. Helena M. Jacobs. Selections before and between the acts were provided by the Colonial orchestra.

PULLMAN CO. TO PENSION WORKERS

CHICAGO—The Pullman Company today announced the inauguration of a pension plan for its 33,000 employees in the manufacturing and operating departments. Workers will be retired at the age of 70, and those having been in the service for 20 years or more will be pensioned at the rate of one per cent of their last monthly pay for every year of their employment. An employee having been in the service 20 years will thus draw 20 per cent of his average salary for the last year as a pension. The pension system will cost the Pullman Company about \$250,000 annually, it is estimated.

ODD FELLOWS INSTALL
CONCORD, Mass.—Alfred Whitney was installed as noble grand of Concord lodge, I. O. O. F., last night in I. O. O. F. hall, Concord Junction, when the annual lodge induction took place.

SUNDAY LECTURE AT LIBRARY
A free public lecture on "The Sistine Chapel" will be given Sunday at 3:30 in the lecture hall of the Boston Public Library, by Harriette Hersey Winslow.

HOME CLUB TAKES A HOUSE FOR ITS USE IN WASHINGTON



(Photo by Clineclust, Washington, D. C.)

Residence leased by new government employees' organization

WASHINGTON—One of the latest additions to the social institutions of the capital is the establishment of the Home Club of the Interior Department in its own quarters. The Home Club is composed of about 1650 employees of the interior department, and its president is Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior. The club adopted its name, when it was recently organized, from the fact that the branch of the government which it represents was known at the time of its founding as the home department.

VILLA, WITH 9000 TROOPS, READY TO ATTACK OJINAGA

Rebel Leader, With Reinforcements, Artillery and Supplies, Joins Ortega's Command

PRESIDIO, Tex.—Escorted by 2500 troops under General Herrera, General Villa early today reached a point south of Ojinaga and effected a junction with the rebel army under General Ortega. He brought many wagon trains of provisions and ammunition and half a dozen big guns.

General Villa took personal command of the besiegers, and indicated that he would order the attack on Ojinaga resumed before night. With his own and Herrera's troops and those under Ortega, Villa has 9000 soldiers. The federal garrison in Ojinaga and in the trenches at the base of the hill on which the town is situated, is about 4000 men, is the report.

General Villa brought word that several wagon trains of ammunition are coming down the Rio Grande from Juarez, and should reach the rebel camp by Saturday.

Gen. Pascual Orozco, commander of the federal defenders of Ojinaga declared today that during the five-day respite his men had put their defenses in better condition than ever.

WASHINGTON—The marine guard on the United States warships off the east coast of Mexico is to be doubled. There are now less than 450 officers and men aboard the ships. Orders were issued Thursday for 400 marines in the Canal Zone to join the fleet.

Secretary Daniels said the order was in accord with the recent recommendation of the general board for redistribution of marines and that it was in no way connected with the recent visit of John Lind to Gulfport.

None of Thursday's reports told of fresh battles in Mexico.

MAYTORENA, Sonora, Mex. — Gen. Manuel Chao has been named civil governor of Chihuahua state, succeeding Gen. Francisco Villa, who asked to be relieved that he might devote his entire time to military operations. This was announced here Thursday by General Carranza, who abandoned his plan to go to Chihuahua City and organize the civil government.

Instead, the constitutional leader, with most of his cabinet ministers and the expedition of Gen. Lucio Blanco, started by special train for Culiacan, below Nogales on the Arizona border. There were about 400 men in the escort.

SECRETARY BRYAN SAYS PRESIDENT LEADS THE PEOPLE

CHICAGO—Secretary of State Bryan before the Chicago real estate board praised President Wilson on Thursday, as the leader and inspirer of legislation for the common weal.

"We have a progressive President and no obstruction to immediate legislation remains except the ancient rules of the Senate, which permit the active minority to extend debate almost indefinitely," said Mr. Bryan. His subject was "The New Era in American Politics."

"President Wilson," he said, "follows his conscience and is in sympathy with the masses, thus combining the two necessary qualities of a leader."

WAKEFIELD TOWN BUDGET APPROVED

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—A two mo' is municipal budget has been approved by the selectmen and the town treasurer ordered to pay over the following sums to town departments and officers: School department, \$13,900; water department, \$2500; fire department, \$1490; board of health, \$300; assessors' clerk hire, \$50; cemetery commission, \$25; park department, \$10; highway department, \$3000; library, \$342; moth department, \$1061; inspector of plumbing, \$100; miscellaneous fund, \$600; police department, \$1300; poor department, \$1666; reading room, \$45; sewer department, \$200; charities, \$1250; town hall, \$439; tree warden, \$50.

N. Y. CHAMBER FOR HIGHER FREIGHTS

NEW YORK—The New York Chamber of Commerce favored the proposed advance in railroad freight rates. The chamber adopted a resolution on Thursday holding that the advance would not only be an "act of justice" to the farmers, but also beneficial to the business of the United States.

TYPOS UNION NOW HAS NEW HEAD

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—New York's new state labor commissioner, James M. Lynch, formally retired as president of the International Typographical Union, Thursday, and was succeeded by James M. Duncan of New York city, who has been first vice-president of the organization.

The New Express Rates

Effective February 1, 1914

In conformity with the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission

The following table is illustrative of some of the differences between the new and old rates

Between BOSTON, MASS., and the following points:	5 lbs.		10 lbs.		20 lbs.	
	Express Insured	Old Rates	Express Insured	Old Rates	Express Insured	Old Rates
New York, N.Y.	.24	.40	.28	.45	.36	.50
Chicago, Ill.	.31	.60	.43	.75	.66	1.00
St. Louis, Mo.	.33	.65	.45	.80	.71	1.10
Denver, Col.	.48	.80	.76	1.25	1.32	2.00
Butte, Mont.	.58	.80	.97	1.40	1.74	2.50
Dallas, Tex.	.46	.75	.71	1.15	1.23	1.65
San Francisco, Cal.	.71	.80	1.23	1.50	2.26	2.85

Food Products Carried at Still Lower Rates

Express Service Means

Highest Class of Transportation
Free Insurance up to \$50
A Receipt for Each Shipment

Responsibility—Safety—Efficiency

Telephone or Write to Your Nearest Express Office

MR. FORD TELLS OF DESIRE TO MAKE WORKERS HAPPY

Detroit Manufacturer, in Discussing His Recently Announced Profit Sharing Scheme, Says "Use Your Money While You Have It."

NEW YORK—Declaring that his "only desire was to make the men who are doing the work contented," Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer, who recently announced a \$10,000,000 profit sharing plan for the employees of his plant today discussed his personal beliefs and habits.

"Use money while you have it," he said. "I am enjoying my money and I am going to get all out of it that I can while I am here. I do not expect to leave any vast fortune to my relatives, because I do not believe they would know how to use it. If they did, they would have it."

With Mr. Ford here is his son Edsel, 20, and Mrs. Ford. The son is a high school graduate, but instead of entering college he went into his father's factory and is now one of his right-hand employees.

GOV. FELKER WILL BE AN HONOR GUEST

Gov. Samuel D. Felker and Mrs. Felker of New Hampshire, President E. T. Fairchild of New Hampshire College, a representative from Dartmouth College and Mrs. Edwin D. Mead of the World Peace Foundation will be the guests of honor at the guest night of the Society of Daughters of New Hampshire at the Hotel Vendome Jan. 15. The president of the society, Mrs. Sarah F. Dearborn, will preside at the dinner following the reception.

MR. ORTH TO TELL OF LISZT
Compositions of Franz Liszt, with personal reminiscences of the composer by John Orth, will comprise the program of the lecture recital at the next meeting of the Society of Daughters of Vermont at the Hotel Vendome, Jan. 15.

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

BOOKBINDERS EDITION AND MISCELLANEOUS Dudley & Hodge, 299 Washington St., Boston, Mass.	PAPER DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENT The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.
BOOK-PAPER MANUFACTURERS Tilston & Hollingsworth Co., 49 Federal St., Boston.	PAPER DEALERS (Wholesale) Ray State Paper Co., 317-319 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
BUILDING CONTRACTORS Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 4 Beacon St., Boston.	POWER, HEATING and VENTILATING Cleghorn Co., 54 Battery March St., Boston.
ENGRAVING, DESIGNING, HALF-TONE and ETCHING Franklin Engraving Co., 230 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.	PRINTERS' ROLLERS Wild & Stevens, Inc., 3 Purchase St., Boston.
ELECTROTYPERS Dickinson Electrotype Foundry, 276 Congress St., Boston.	PAPER TOWELS Andrews Paper Co., formerly Higgins, Snow Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.
INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS Hickley & Woods, 21 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.	STEEL CASTINGS George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.
LEATHER GOODS—WHOLESALE Bristol Patent Leather Co., Patent Calf and Kid, Philadelphia—Bristol, Pa.—Boston.	WOOL F. N. Graves & Co., 234 Summer St., Boston.
KEYSTONE Leather Co., Glazed and Dull Kid, Philadelphia—Boston—London.	

Navy Department Asks Vice-Admiral

Possibility of Officers Being Out-ranked in Mexican Waters and at the Panama Canal Opening Confronts the U. S. Navy

SEC. DANIELS ADVISES

WASHINGTON—The anomalous situation that has arisen off the Mexican coast, the result of which is that the American battleship fleet, in the event of aggressive action against Mexico, would be commanded by a foreign officer, has awakened on the part of public men much interest in the recent advice of Secretary Daniels that Congress receive the grade of vice-admiral. Bills are pending to carry out the Daniels recommendation and it is now known that they are to be given careful attention by the naval committees of the two houses.

For several years this question has been before Congress, but in rather a hypothetical way; now, however, emphasis is being given to it by the situation existing in Mexican waters, and the outlook for legislation is considered good. Heretofore the American Congress has bestowed this title only as a reward for distinguished service, and it has not been a permanent naval grade.

Secretary Meyer, in the Taft cabinet, was quick to see the advantages that would follow giving the commanders of American fleets or squadrons on foreign stations higher rank than they now have, and it was on his proposal that Congress took the matter up with a view to legislation. At the recommendation of Secretary Meyer, two vice-admirals were provided for in the naval bill of two years ago, but they went out of the bill on a point of order. The following year the attempt was renewed, but with like failure.

Congress, with no concrete case before it, was unwilling to act, and gave itself up to the influence of tradition and prejudice. The creation of the grade of vice-admiral, except for the reward of exceptional service, for years had been opposed as foreign to American ideas and ideals, and an imitation of the aristocratic spirit of the old world.

But when the Mexican situation began to develop, and it was seen that the failure of the United States to provide this grade would mean that, in case of joint action, the combined fleets off Mexico would be commanded by an Englishman or a German, sentiment among public men began to undergo a change. That change is still under way, and what its extent will be no one can say at this time; it is safe to say, however, that there is at this moment a stronger feeling in favor of the establishing of the vice-admiral grade than has existed in the United States for many years. Men are now predicting legislation who until the present moment entertained quite contrary views.

Secretary Daniels recommends that there should be four vice-admirals, both for the sake of naval efficiency and also for reasons affecting the relations of the United States with other sea powers. In line with what Secretary Daniels has recommended, it is argued by public men that there should be a vice-admiral in command of each of the fleets—the Atlantic, the Pacific and the Asiatic—leaving to the rear admirals the work of commanding squadrons and divisions.

Such a distribution of naval command, it is pointed out, is a military necessity, and the lack of it amounts to a serious defect in organization. No other sea power permits it and it is in violation of all sea tradition. All this has been said for years, but it is only now, when the force of it is being demonstrated in Mexican waters, that opinion in Congress and in the country generally seems ready to harken to it.

The extra burden of the treasury for increased salaries, it is pointed out, would be very slight. Nine of the 18 rear admirals now on active duty under the American flag are being paid larger salaries than are paid the vice-admirals of other countries. It is understood that Secretary Daniels would favor paying the four vice-admirals he has in mind only slightly more than the \$8000 a year now paid the leading officers of the next lower grade.

At the same time, it is urged, if the service can be greatly improved, the question of higher pay, even if it would amount to a considerable sum, ought not to be considered.

At the end of 1914 the battleship fleets of the world will assemble at Hampton Roads in the most imposing naval review of all naval history. The occasion of this review will be the formal opening of the Panama canal, and a cruise from the Atlantic to the Pacific, with the San Francisco exposition as an objective point. Unless Congress, at the present session, can legislate so as to revive the grade of vice-admiral, the officer commanding the American fleet on that memorable occasion will be inferior in rank to perhaps every commander present. This thought is undoubtedly having something to do with making sentiment for the Daniels proposal.

The naval committees of Congress will take the question up as soon as Congress gets down to work after the holiday recess, and it is assumed that a majority of their members will favor providing for four vice-admirals, as Secretary Daniels has urged. The item, however, cannot be carried as a part of the naval appropriation bill, for it will be, as in the past, subject to a point of order. It will probably have to go through in a separate bill.

Whatever the result may be, the question is to be given very careful consideration by Congress, and for almost the first time.

PHILIPPINE HAT-MAKING OF BURI-PALM FIBER EXHIBITED

Smithsonian Institution Reopens Educational Showing in Raffia, Kalasiao and Buntal, Materials Taken From One Plant Used in Growing Household Industry

WASHINGTON—Among the household industries of the Philippines that of hat making has in recent years become a leading one. In 1910, 621,575 hats were exported, 180,100 of them coming to the United States. These figures indicate merely a small fraction of the possible growth which the hat industry may assume when the islands are able to supply an increased demand.

The national museum has a representative collection of these native hats, the manufacture of which is described in a publication of the bureau of education, Manila, by Hugo H. Miller. Among the different styles and sorts of hats are some made of fibrous material obtained from the buri palm, which for fineness of texture and finish surpasses the popular Panama hats. Four different "straws" are obtained from the buri palm which is one of the most valuable palms of the Philippines, in variety of useful products. These four "straws" are raffia, buri straw, Kalasiao straw, and buntal straw, of which the production of buri straw is the most widespread. The last two varieties are produced commercially in two districts only.

The buri straw is made from the unopened buri leaf, whitened, washed, and cut to size before it is woven into the hats. These hats are loosely woven and cheap, and since they do not wear very well are not as popular as some of the others, although they are manufactured in great numbers for home trade by nearly every town.

The Kalasiao hats are produced from the midribs of the unopened buri leaf, in the town of that name in Pangasinan, and in Pototan, Iloilo province, and a few neighboring towns. Hats of this make are of several grades, the finest requiring six weeks or two months to complete. They are not produced in sufficient quantities to warrant extensive export outside the province.

Buntal straw, which is extracted from the leaf stem of the opened buri leaf, comes chiefly from Tayabas province and upper Laguna, Tayabas town and Sariaya being the largest producers. A peculiar feature of this branch of the industry is that the farmers who raise these palm trees frequently sell or rent them to persons who extract the fibers. Considerable dexterity is required to get the fibers out of the cut stems of these palm leaves. It is usually done by practiced strippers who know just when and how to cut the leaves and secure the best results. When the stems are cut they are opened at one end, exposing the pith and the fibers, which are beaten and loosened. Several are then seized and drawn slowly out of the stem. The whole stem cannot be beaten as this discolors the fibers, and therefore considerable skill is necessary on the part of the stripper, else the fibers will be broken. The extracted fibers are round and of a light straw color, and vary in length. They also vary in size and have to be assorted and graded before use, after they are cured, dried and flattened.

Most of these buntal or Lukan hats are made with the "over and under" weave, a process to which the tough buntal readily lends itself. After the weaver finishes his work the hats are turned over to a finisher who completes the edge but leaves it plain, uncured and untrimmed. The hats are then scrubbed and dried, and go to the dealers, most of whom prefer to keep them unironed until ready for sale, since the ironing is very important in giving the hats the proper finish. The ironer also tightens the protruding straws to curl the brim. They are particularly well adapted for shaping, and usually hold well after being ironed and blocked. Buntal hats differ greatly from Panamas; they are very pliable, have a silky texture, a light appearance when on the head, and but little weight.

Very lately buntal straw has been imported into Baliwag, and there woven into beautiful hats of a "close" or "sawali" weave. These hats, known as buntal-sawali hats, were made from the

finest grade of buntal are regarded as the finest of the Philippine product. These Philippine hats have won a certain popularity in this country, but oddly enough not under their true name, but as "Bangkok," "East Indian Panama," or even "Italian straw."

The museum collection comprises some 30 of these hats and many specimens of the fiber and straw employed in their manufacture. The special Philippine exhibit, showing the work done in the Philippine islands, which was once before shown in the museum, is again opened to the public.

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NAVY RECEIVES LOWER PRICES IN BIDS ON SHELLS

WASHINGTON—Secretary Daniels announced Thursday that bids just submitted for the manufacture of projectiles for the navy are \$889,825 lower, as compared with prices paid last year.

If the department takes advantage of the right to increase the orders by 20 per cent, Secretary Daniels said, a saving of \$1,007,790 for the government would be the result of the restoration of open and real competition between the bidders. The competing firms include the Hadfield Steel Foundries Company, Limited, of England and the Krupp of Germany. The Bethlehem Crucible and Midvale companies underbid all others, including transatlantic firms.

Rear Admiral Victor Blue officially recommends abolishing naval prisons and substituting discharge for a few offenders whose conduct involves prison sentences.

WASHINGTON—There was marked increase in food imports last November. In some instances the figures doubled those for November, 1912.

The department of commerce announces that 10,856,000 pounds of beef were imported during November, 1913; 110,000 pounds of pork; 123,118 head of cattle, and 127,000 bushels of wheat. The value of cattle imports for 1913 is estimated at \$15,000,000, while exports are valued at only \$1,000,000 for the same period.

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ADMINISTRATION ANTI-TRUST BILLS READY TO SUBMIT

WASHINGTON—So far as the House judiciary committee is concerned preliminary work on the administration anti-trust legislation program was completed Thursday. Bills have been prepared covering every phase of the trust question and are ready for submission to the full committee soon after Congress reassembles on Monday. The committee will confer next week with President Wilson.

Congressman Clayton of Alabama, chairman, said that in cooperation with Congressman Carlin of Virginia, chairman of subcommittee on trusts, and Floyd of Arkansas, the views of the President and recommendations in the Democratic national platform have been followed. He declined to give the details of the proposed legislation but said the Sherman anti-trust law had been left intact. He said one of the bills would cover interlocking directorates.

It is known that this bill has been drawn so it would not take effect until two years after its passage, to permit corporations to adjust themselves to any necessary reorganization.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Army Orders

WASHINGTON—First Lieut. M. S. Lombard, medical reserve corps, from Philippines to United States, and report by telegram to army adjutant general. First Lieut. T. W. Jackson, medical reserve corps, First Lieut. H. J. Reilly, fifteenth cavalry, resigned.

Orders Dec. 17 detailing First Lieut. J. A. Mack, C. A. C., to forty-fifth company, revoked; report to commander Potomac coast defense, vice First Lieut. M. S. Keene, C. A. C., who goes to forty-fifth company.

Capt. J. E. Bastion, M. C., and First Lieut. F. H. Mills, M. R. C., relieved the Philippines May 15 to United States.

Maj. J. L. Hillman, ordnance department, on visit of inspection to Rock Island arsenal, Ill., via Pittsburgh, Pa. Second Lieut. J. C. Morrow, Jr., infantry to twenty-sixth infantry; relieved aviation duty, San Francisco.

Leaves—Second Lieut. C. A. Baehr, twenty-second infantry, 15 days' extension; First Lieut. M. S. Lombard, M. R. C., three months three days; Capt. A. B. Cox, eighth cavalry, one month.

Navy Orders

Capt. J. H. Oliver, to director of naval intelligence, navy department, Washington, D. C.

Commander B. F. Hutchinson, detached command the Birmingham, to command the Idaho.

Ensign A. A. Merrick, detached the Yankton, to the Michigan.

Ensign J. M. B. Smith, detached the Panther, to the Flusser.

Ensign W. L. Moore, detached the North Dakota, to the Monaghan.

Ensign W. A. Edwards, detached the Monaghan, to the Walke.

Ensign J. W. Du Bose, to navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Ensign D. I. Hedrick, detached the Walke, to the Benham.

Ensign R. M. Griffin, detached the Roe, to connection fitting out the Downes and duty on board when commissioned.

Ensign E. M. Pace, Jr., detached the South Dakota, to post graduate course, naval academy, Annapolis, Md.

Passed Assistant Surgeon A. H. Dodge, detached the Mississippi, to the Idaho.

Paymaster B. M. Dobson, detached bureau of supplies and accounts, navy department, to navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Assistant Paymaster J. L. Chatterton, to navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Paymaster's Clerk A. B. Dayton, appointed to the New Hampshire.

Revenue Cutter Orders

Capt. J. G. Berry, restored to duty, to command the Tuscarora.

Second Lieut. W. W. Fowler, relieved temporary duty on the Guard.

Second Lieut. C. F. Seiter, Tahoma, to the Guard.

Const. J. Q. Walton, to Boston.

Movements of Vessels

The Ontario, Sonoma, Utah, Wyoming, South Carolina and Delaware arrived at Hampton Roads.

The Celtic, from Boston to New York yard.

The Onida, from Port Royal, S. C., to Charleston.

The Georgia, from Hampton Roads to Veracruz.

The Glacier arrived at Mare island.

The Helena arrived at Wuhu.

The Annapolis, from Mazatlan to San Diego.

The Wilmington, from Canton to Hong Kong.

The Ocoela, from Guantanamo to Cuatro Reales Channel, Cuba.

The Eagle, from Gonaves to Port au Prince.

The Mississippi will leave Annapolis for Pensacola about Jan. 11.

The Texas ordered in commission at navy yard, Norfolk, Va., as soon as practicable after delivery by contractors.

GOVERNOR SAYS EVENTS MAY END COPPER STRIKE

Michigan Executive Announces That His Personal Effort on the Ground to Conclude Peace Is Over for the Present

IS LEAVING CALUMET

Houghton, Mich.—The Michigan copper strike will have to "wear out," according to Gov. Ferris, who, acknowledging his inability to bring about peace, was expected to depart today for Lansing. That he has some plan to procure a settlement of the strike after he returns to the capital, was inferred, however, when he said that subsequent events might cause a sudden termination of the dispute. He declined to explain his meaning.

Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, who returned to the copper country yesterday, was still guarded today by a dozen deputy sheriffs. The miners' leader appeared before the Houghton county grand jury late yesterday and related the circumstances of his ejection from the strike region two weeks ago.

To representations made by Charles E. Russell of New York, an appointee to gather information for the Socialist party executive committee, that the state executive could end the trouble if he would use his power and influence with the mining companies, forcing them to recognize the federation, Governor Ferris returned a flat declaration. This was at the public hearing conducted by the Governor, at which testimony was given by the copper mine operators.

COL. GOETHALS IS SAID TO BE NAMED CANAL GOVERNOR

WASHINGTON—Col. George W. Goethals, engineer-in-chief of the Panama Canal zone, according to semi-official rumor, soon will be nominated by President Wilson to be the first Governor of the Panama Canal Zone after the present administration is changed to civil government, as provided in the Adamson act.

Secretary Garrison of the war department has written President Wilson his recommendation regarding the time the Adamson act shall be made operative in the Canal Zone. This recommendation, it is said, provides for the appointment of Colonel Goethals as Governor of the Canal Zone.

Secretary Garrison also recommends that the Adamson act be made operative at once in order that the necessary machinery for operating the canal after the latter is formally opened on Jan. 1, 1915, to the traffic and commerce of the world may be efficiently organized.

This recommendation is in line with those made by Colonel Goethals, who urged that a civil governor be named at once so he might select an operating force from the present highly efficient employees in the Canal Zone.

PHONE COMPANY OUTLINES PLAN FOR UNMERGING

WASHINGTON—N. C. Kingsbury, vice-president of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, explained on Thursday to G. C. Todd, assistant to Attorney-General McReynolds, preliminary plans made for the disposing of \$29,000,000 worth of Western Union stock.

Although the present negotiations have not reached the stage where a policy can be outlined, it is known that the Attorney-General and Mr. Todd would oppose a pro rata distribution of the Western Union shares among telephone stockholders.

They take the position that this case is greatly different from that presented by the Union Pacific and the Baltimore & Ohio, and that there is no parallel to be found in the Union Pacific's plan to distribute the Baltimore & Ohio stocks to its shareholders. The two railroads are not competitors for business, the officials hold, while the two wire companies are.

EXPOSITION WINS SPRECKELS CASE

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—According to Judge Seawell, of the superior court in a decision made Thursday, Rudolph Spreckels must pay to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition his full subscription of \$25,000, on which he defaulted.

Mr. Spreckels paid the exposition \$2500 in March, 1911, and demanded that he be given possession of all of the stock for which he had subscribed. The directors refused until he should have paid in full. Judge Seawell held that this payment implied an express and intentional waiver of all the reasons Mr. Spreckels afterward alleged for nonpayment of the remainder of the subscription.

Classified Advertisements DETROIT ADVERTISEMENTS

FURS

OUR ANNUAL SALE OF FURS

offers wonderful opportunities for the selection of superb, reliable quality Furs at generous and GENUINE reductions from the regular prices.

Entire stocks are included—ALL Fur Sets, Fur Muffs, Fur Coats and Fur Lined Coats.

The House of George
INCORPORATED
250 WOODWARD AVENUE DETROIT, MICH.
F. H. ROLLINS, Pres. and Manager.

SHOES

They Are Trustworthy

WALK-OVER are good shoes because they give you all the finest essentials—style, quality, fit—in the greatest degree—the result of forty years' study of foot needs.

Their unapproachable style, strong lines and splendid fit are qualities that prove in service.

Get fitted, in the Walk-Over way, to the trustworthy Walk-Over Shoe.

Walk-Over Shoe Co.
153 Woodward Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

SHOES FOR LADIES, BOYS and MEN

THE ECONOMY SHOE HOUSE
61 and 63 W. Grand River Ave.

SCHOOLS

Waverley HOME SCHOOLS
51 Rosedale Ct., DETROIT, MICH.
Phone Hemlock 505 J

MERCHANTS IN DETROIT

Desiring to place advertising in the Monitor will receive prompt and careful attention by dealing with the local representative, E. A. MORRIS, 82 Washington Boulevard, DETROIT, MICH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., ADVERTISING

LADIES' TAILORS

Ladies' Fashion Shop, Inc., 1210, G St., N. W.

IMPORTERS AND LADIES' TAILORS; FINE FURRIERS

All fur garments remodeled in latest style. Suits made to order from \$35 up. We can make you a suit to order and have you from \$10 to \$15. Give us a trial. Fit guaranteed. PHONE M 7511.

REAL ESTATE

High class residences for rent, furnished and unfurnished, and for sale. High class business properties for sale. Offices for rent—Maryland and Westway Buildings.

Loans on real estate. Insurance. STOKY & COBB
1102 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.
Telephones, North 6080 and 6051

FURS

STINEMETZ
12TH AND F STREETS
FURRIERS HATTERS
Men's Fur Lined Coats
Special Value, \$95.00

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivaled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

RATES

With cuts or display type: 1 to 12 times, 15c per line per insertion; 13 to 25 times, 12c per line per insertion; 26 or more times, 10c per line per insertion.

REAL ESTATE—OAKLAND, CAL.

Morton L. Hanna
REAL ESTATE—INVESTMENTS
533 First National Bank Building
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.
PHONE OAKLAND 2448.

REAL ESTATE

FARMS anywhere in New England.
Write for catalogue.
GEO. W. HALL, 60 State st.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SALE

A retail grocery business in San Francisco, Cal., doing average monthly business of \$7500, cash and credit, in high class family trade; investment necessary about \$15,000; inventory if desired; all new, live, moving stock; modern fixtures; located in good building on the business corner; present owners wish to retire.
J. S. BLANTON, 582 9th Ave.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

TERRITORY MANAGERS (four) in Ohio for advertising campaign with canvassers and sales work with grocery trade. Product well established. Salary and stock interest to right men able to make nominal investment in new company taking over profitable business. C. A. SPENCER, Sales Manager, Akron, Ohio.

APARTMENTS TO LET

TO LET
Desirable 4-room suite and bath, all modern improvements, 27 Lincoln st. (Cambridge). Apply to Janitor or phone 2340
Somerville, E. J. C.

WANTED—A well furnished 8 room apartment, Back Bay or Brookline; 4 to 5 months. E. J. Monitor office.

ROOMS

BACK BAY—28 Westland Ave. Suite 22. Newly fur. rooms for man and wife or 2 gentlemen. Apply to Janitor.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

QUIMBY'S CANDY SHOP
31 PORTLAND ST.
Special Sale of
OLD-FASHIONED MOLASSES, KISSES
Per lb. 15c
Fancy Baskets & Boxes in Great Variety

HATTERS

WILLIAM R. HAND, Practical Hatter,
10 AVERY ST., few doors south of Adams
House. Soft, stylish and opera hats
cleaned, pressed and retimed. Hats
handed and bound while you wait. Best
work. Street floor.

TAILORS

M. GOLDSTEIN, 68 Huntington Ave.,
maker of fine clothes; unsurpassed facilities for pressing, altering and repairing.

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS FILMS enlarged, hand-colored, platinum. A. S. J. 27-28, 246
Adelaide ave., Providence, R. I.

AGENTS WANTED

Agents Wanted
To sell genuine Irish linens in all localities, full line of hand embroidered and handkerchiefs, a clean, profitable proposition for reliable parties who are willing to work. M. MILLER, P. O. Box 806, Los Angeles, Calif.

WE WANT AGENTS to take subscriptions for "Poultry Husbandry," a high-class, monthly magazine. Liberal salary, commissions and cash prizes. Write for particulars. Poultry Husbandry, Beacon St., Waterville, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

GENERAL HOUSEWORK, competent, neat, trustworthy, good cook; 2 adults in household; ref. exchanged; \$5. E. J. Monitor office.

LAWYERS

VIRGIL H. CLYMER
THOMAS W. DIXON
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
625 Gurney Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.
LEX N. MITCHELL, LAWYER
PUNXSUTAWNEY, PA.

C. A. S. FROST
Attorney at Law
Mills Building, San Francisco
ALBERT S. LONGBOTTOM
Attorney-at-Law
620-23 Stephen Girard Bldg., Phila., Pa.

ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

LAWYERS—OAKLAND, CAL.

JESSE ROBINSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
625-28 First National Bank, Oakland, Cal.

TAMPA, FLA.

REAL ESTATE
LOVELL-WILDER INVESTMENT CO.
G. S. HALL, Manager Court Arcade
Orange Groves, Truck Farms and City and Country Homes.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

MISS LOUISE S. BURTON
FINE GOWNS
352 Hyde Park Ave., Tampa, Fla.

PORTLAND, OREGON

MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS
ROBERT BOICK CARSON
Teacher of Singing
304 C. Stearns Building

PORTLAND, ORE.

Merchants may send advertising for the Monitor to **ALBERT S. BROWN**, 615 lack building.

NEW YORK ADVERTISING

ROOMS
FURNISHED room for gentlemen; all improvements; piano; subway and L. use of kitchen. CALDWELL, 25 W. 45th st.

LAWYERS

SAMUEL C. DUBREINSTEIN
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law
99 Nassau Street, New York
W. B. HORD & HORD
Attorneys and Counselors at Law
38 Park Row, New York City

New York Merchants

may send Monitor advertising to **WARREN C. KLEIN**, 409 Metropolitan building.

Monitor advertisers know the confidence of Monitor readers in their offerings as fully as Monitor readers are assured of the integrity and reliability of Monitor advertisers.

WHERE TO MARKET

SHATTUCK & JONES

INCORPORATED

TELEPHONE 142, RICHMOND.

NO. 123 FANEUIL HALL MARKET, BOSTON

ISAAC LOCKE CO.

97, 99 and 101 FANEUIL HALL MARKET

FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND HOTHOUSE PRODUCTS
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN FAMILY ORDERS

W. H. AMES & CO., Inc. POTATOES

Believing that quality would be appreciated in POTATOES as in other foods, we are placing upon the market through the merchants who are known for the high quality of the goods they carry, the VERY BEST POTATOES obtainable. In ONE BOX CAUTION: HIGH EXCELLENCE THE LIGHT. Maine produces the best potatoes. We purchase only the best of the Maine crop. We select only the best of the crop. Thus you get the CREAM of the Crop, the CREAM of the State. CHARLESTOWN, MASS.
25 to 28 H. & M. PRODUCE MARKET.

CHARLES W. SHARP

High Grade Meats Cleanliness **Fancy Fruits**
Poultry, Provisions Quality **and Vegetables**
and Value
Within a minute's walk of South Station. Tel. 177 FEDERAL ST., BOSTON.

CLEANING AND DYEING



CLEANING AND DYEING

Take Advantage of the
PARCEL POST
With its cheap transportation and have your
CLEANING
AND
DYEING

Done by America's Greatest, Best and Most Complete Cleaning and Dyeing Works. Our reputation for fine work and efficient service is nation-wide. Ladies' Gowns, Wraps, Furs, Street Costumes, Fine Laces, Silks, Gloves (colored) Gloves a specialty, Feathers, Slippers, Gentlemen's Dress and Business Suits, Overcoats, Gloves, Hats, Household Draperies, Hangings, Etc.

Our Illustrated Booklet and Price List Will Be Sent Upon Request. Address
FOOTER'S DYE WORKS, Cumberland, Maryland
CLEVELAND ADVERTISEMENTS
Persons may leave their advertisements at 728 Osborne Building

BANKS



The Cleveland Trust Company

How would you like to take a course in saving money?

The course is interesting, educational and will result in much good to all who desire to undertake it. The entrance fee is merely your desire to save. This you must have. While getting instruction you will receive 4% interest from this company on all sums placed with it. Call or send for the yellow card.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE

Five Million Dollars

BONDS

W. S. Snyder & Co.

Members Cleveland Stock Exchange

HIPPODROME BUILDING

Booklet Cleveland Securities Mailed Free Upon Request

LIGHTING FIXTURES

Artistic Lighting Fixtures



See our line and you will be assured our prices are right.

THE SOUTH END GAS APP. CO.,
1148 Prospect. Open Saturday evening.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

THE LA MARCHE ART CO.

All children's Stamped Dresses at half price. Children's hand crocheted wool School Caps at 75 cents.

6 COLONIAL ARCADE, CLEVELAND
Branch Store, 15003 Detroit av., Lakewood

PIANOS

Victrolas and Victor Records

THE HART PIANO COMPANY

33-35 THE ARCADE

H. H. Hart, Pres. Walter S. Raeder, Secy.

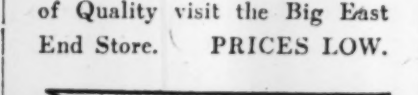
BOARD AND ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—Board and room, with private family, on West Side, by 2 business women. 11608 Detroit ave. Tel. Main 1992.

FURNITURE

For Furniture and Floor Coverings

of Quality visit the Big East End Store. PRICES LOW.



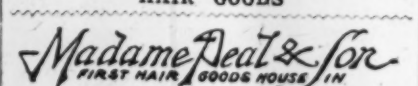
Geo. D. Koch & Son
EUCLID AVE. NEAR EAST 105 "ST"

TAILORS

THE Reitz Tailoring Co.

Tailors of Fashion
MATH. REITZ, Pres.
WALTER S. RAEDER, Secy.
2995 West 25th Street

HAIR GOODS



Madame Pearl & Son
FIRST HAIR GOODS HOUSE IN

30 Taylor Arcade, CLEVELAND

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Men's High Grade Clothing Furnishings and Hats

Rawlings, Agnew & Lang
507-509 EUCLID AVE.

MEN'S AND LADIES' TAILORS

START the New Year right and wear McLachlan clothes. Special reductions on everything in stock.

W. J. MC LACHLAN.
"Advanced Tailoring for Men and Women Who Know." 33 TAYLOR ARCADE.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

The Weidenthal Photo Supply Co.

CAMERAS, LENSES AND SUPPLIES
ARTISTS' MATERIALS
639 Prospect Avenue, S. E.
Cleveland, O.

PRINTERS

Calling Cards, Wedding and business Announcements printed or engraved. Cuxton Building. Main 1834

CALVERT-HATCH CO

CLEVELAND, OHIO

REAL ESTATE

F. J. WOLCOTT
Real Estate and Investments
502 American Trust Building

INSURANCE

FRANK L. THURBER
GENERAL INSURANCE
356-90 Leader News Building
Bell. Main 2366 Cuy. Central 2027-W.

COAL

J. A. DENNERLE & CO.
COAL AND COKE
5607 Lorain Avenue

BOARD AND ROOMS

CLEVELAND, 2037 East 77th St.—Desirable room, excellent board; 15 minutes from square, Euclid car; transients accommodated. Phone East 4196-W.

CLEVELAND

Merchants may send Monitor advertising to 728 Osborne Building.

H. A. Hovey & Co.

32 FANEUIL HALL MARKET
BOSTON
For 37 years we have supplied the most fastidious trade with the finest products of the Dairy.
E. A. HARRIS, Proprietor

NOTICES

City of Boston

Office of the Board of Election Commissioners, 100 Summer Street.

Boston, January 5, 1914.
We hereby certify, as required by law, that the following is a list of all the candidates duly nominated and to be voted for in the City of Boston, TUESDAY, JAN. 13, 1914.

John M. Minton, Board
Melancthon W. Burles, of
John B. Martin, Election
Tilton S. Bell, Commissioners.

For Mayor (4 years)—Vote for One
JAMES M. CURLEY, 105 Mt. Pleasant st.
THOMAS J. KENNY, 206 West Fifth st.

For City Council (3 years)—Vote for Three
DANIEL J. McDONALD, 28 Marion st.
WILLIAM H. WOODS, 19 Union st.
GEORGE W. COLEMAN, 177 West Brookline st.

FRED J. KNEELAND, 188 Wabushett st.
PATRICK A. KEARNS, 7 Mascota st.
HENRY E. HAGAN, 18 Victoria st.

For School Committee (3 years)—Vote for 2
MICHAEL H. CORCORAN, JR., 870 East Fifth st.
DAVID D. SCANNELL, 33 Peter Parley road.

JAMES M. KEVES, 53 Farragut road.
FREDERICK L. BOGAN, 188 Harvard st.

Mark a cross in the square at the right of your answer.

Shall the City of Boston be authorized to appropriate money to be added to the rental of the East Boston Tunnel?

YES

NO

Mark a cross in the square at the right of your answer.

Shall Chapter 807 of the Acts of 1913, being an act to provide for compensating laborers, workmen and mechanics for injuries sustained in public employment, and to exempt from legal liability counties and municipal corporations which pay such compensation, be adopted by the inhabitants of this city of Boston?

YES

NO

Mark a cross in the square at the right of your answer.

Shall this city accept the provisions of section forty-two of chapter five hundred and fourteen of the Acts of the year 1906, as affected by chapter four hundred ninety-four of the Acts of the year 1911, which provides that eight hours shall constitute a day's work for city or town employees?

YES

NO

Shall licenses be granted for the sale of intoxicating liquors in this city?

YES

NO

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An Established Reputation of 14 Years
BON-MARCHE
SPECIALIZING
In Women's, Misses', Juniors', Children's and Infants' New Fall and Winter Wear. Apparels. Worcester's only strictly cash garment store.

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INVITATIONS PRINTING

The Davis Press, Inc.

GOOD PRINTING
Graphic Arts Bldg., Worcester, Mass.

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Attorney and Counselor
30 South La Salle St., CHICAGO
MARSHALL, SMITH & FEINDT
LAWYERS
732 Ohio Building, Chicago

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Every Modern Convenience and Luxury
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FREDERICK BUTTER, Proprietor

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Harmonious Atmosphere
Moderate Rates
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Asst. Mgr.



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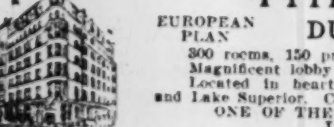
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Located in heart of business section but overlooking the harbor
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Ninety-three Apartments, tastefully furnished with view to comfort and elegance. Apartment and service that satisfies the most refined taste.
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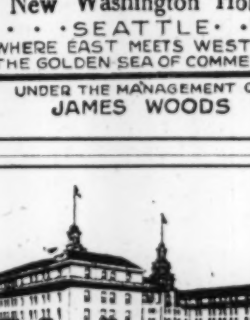
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Built Around a Beautiful Floral Court and Convenient to Fine Motor Route.
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SOUTHERN

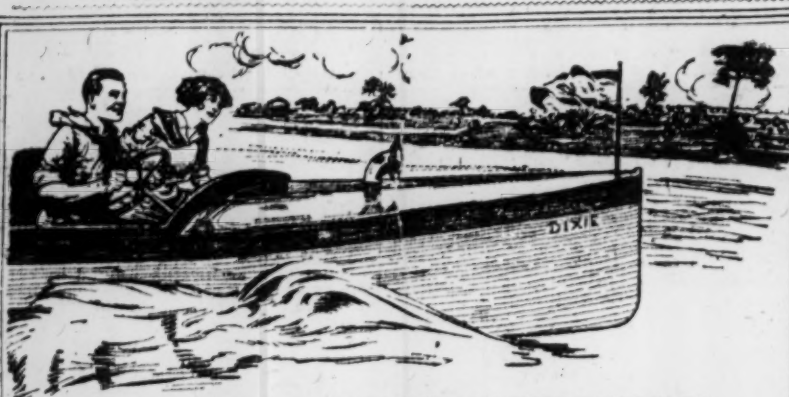
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SOUTHERN

NEW YORK AND EASTERN

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FLORENCE VILLA, Florence Villa. W. H. Seal, Mgr.	MANAYVISTA HOTEL, Bradenton. H. A. Haskell, Mgr.	TARPON INN, Tarpon Springs. Henry C. Burt, Mgr.
GASPARILLA INN, Boon Grande. F. H. Abbott, Mgr.	PUNTA GORDA HOTEL, Punta Gorda. Ray Palmer, Mgr.	VERONA INN, Clearwater. L. A. Marsh, Prop.
THE HILLSBORO, Tampa. J. L. Tallavert, Prop.	ROYAL PALM HOTEL, Ft. Myers. F. H. Abbott, Mgr.	THE BELLEVUE, Belleair Heights. H. D. Saxton, Mgr.

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THE ST. ANTHONY

430 ROOMS San Antonio, Texas \$1.50 AND UPWARD
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NOW UNDER PERSONAL DIRECTION OF THE OWNERS

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A Tourist's delight 52 weeks a year. 500 miles perfect shell road. Just 50 miles to the Gulf; 27 miles to the Bay.

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A Twentieth Century Model of Hotel construction and equipment. 600 Rooms; 625 with bath; 15 State Suites; one entire floor devoted to Ball Room, Parlor, Banquet Hall and Private Dining Rooms. 310 feet Loggia Promenade. Roof Sun Parlor.

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HOTEL WALDORF

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MODERN EUROPEAN HOTEL MODERATE RATES

The New Monteleone

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MODERN, ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Located in center of most interesting part of the city. European plan.

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Room with private bath, \$2.50 up

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THE CAROLINA

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BERKSHIRE " 15th

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Through Pullman Service from New York
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LEONARD TUFTS, Boston, Mass.

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A Progressive Hotel in a Progressive City
EUROPEAN PLAN: \$2.00 Per Day and Up
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A magnificent Moorish palace. Capacity 500 guests. Recently remodeled and renovated.

New Nine-Hole Golf Course, Tennis, Motor Boating, Bathing, Automobileing, Baseball.

The Chicago Cubs have winter training quarters in grounds; will play match games during Feb. and March with Philadelphia Athletics and St. Louis Browns.

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Grounds consist of 42 acres of luxuriant tropical shrubbery and flowers, beautiful palm-fringed walks, fountains and shady nooks, facing the Hillsborough River, where boating is unexcelled.

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On St. Johns River
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28 Miles South of Jacksonville

In private 600-acre park of Long Leaf Pine. Dry air; pure spring water; golf; tennis; swimming pool, etc., in hotel; elevator; steam heat; electric lights.

\$4.00 daily, \$21-\$28 week. Private baths extra.

O. D. SEAVEY, Manager

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DE LEON SPRINGS, FLA.

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The De Soto House is noted for its homelike atmosphere. Beautiful grounds, peaceful and quiet surroundings. Write for reservation to MRS. M. J. POWERS & SON, De Leon Springs, Fla.

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(Weymouth Heights)
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A thoroughly modern resort hotel. New last year. Now open. Ideal climatic conditions. Splendid roads. Superb 18-hole golf course. All outdoor sports, every modern improvement, private baths, orchestra. Through Pullman service via Seaboard Air Line. Write for Booklets and rates.

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AND COTTAGES

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On Same Block with Yale, Harvard, New York Yacht, Bar Association, Brown and St. Nicholas Clubs

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A Quiet, Convenient Stopping Place for Ladies Traveling Alone

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Subway, Express and Elevated Stations on Same Block

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

300 Rooms 200 Bathrooms
One room and bath \$2.00 per day and up
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European Plan Fireproof

Beautifully located in the center of the most fashionable part of the city, in the heart of the financial district, only one block from the Treasury and White House grounds and convenient to all points of interest.

The Shoreham has been entirely reconstructed and refurnished throughout, and now offers the most desirable accommodations obtainable in Washington.

Service and cuisine unequalled.

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Room with Bath, \$1.00 up
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CAMDEN, S. C.

A beautiful old Colonial Southern home, with all modern conveniences and comforts. For terms apply to MRS. S. E. F. SNELL, Camden, S. C.

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American Plan \$3.00 per day up.
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Highest standard. Moderate prices. First-class cuisine. All comforts and conveniences. Every bedroom has private bath.

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A strictly high class, modern fireproof hotel at a most convenient location, Broadway at Twenty-ninth Street, the centre of the shopping and theatre districts.

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For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED-MALE

ADJUSTER on E. 1 Harris printing press in Worcester. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

AMATEUR MUSICIANS wanted for concert orchestra; splendid opportunity. Call with instrument Sunday at 2:35, ELIZABETH PEARSON HOUSE, 250 Charles st., Boston.

A. R. PLATER in Worcester; \$18 week. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

CANDY MAKER in Somerville; all round man. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

CLERK good at figures, 18-22, with references. In city. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED ERECTOR on turbine power. Apply to B. F. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park, Boston.

FARM FOREMAN (worker) in Worcester, married man with A. references; \$50 month. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MACHINE FOREMAN on special machinery; man must have experience. Call or send stamp for blank. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MAN for general work; small country hotel on Cape Cod; low wages but a good home. WILLARD L. POTTER, Nauset Inn, Orleans, Mass.

MELTER (chess and aluminum). In Watling; \$15 week. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

MOTOR ASSEMBLERS, experienced, for medium sized electric motor. Apply B. F. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park, Boston.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young man, for exceptional opportunity to start at bottom and work up; wages to start \$12, increased according to efficiency. Ask for MR. HOLLAND, 302 John Hancock bldg., Boston.

WANTED—Experienced packer for ladies' first-class apparel house. For interview apply to HUGH HAMBRO, 112 Appleton st., Boston.

WANTED—Experienced advertising solicitor for Greater Boston business directory. GRIFFITH STILLINGS PRESS, 308 Congress st., Boston.

WANTED—First-class ledger man, one experienced in large mercantile business; references required as to ability. Best character, good salary. JOHN MORRELL & CO., 75 Commercial st., Boston.

WANTED—Married man with children to work on a farm and occupy tenant; state age, experience and pay wanted. CHARLES D. SAGE, North Brookfield, Mass.

WANTED—Two experienced specialty salesmen on new patented device, used by stockholders, references required, had experience selling cash registers, adding machines or such like; straight salary basis, references required. J. W. MACINTYRE CO., 107 Massachusetts st., Boston.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE

AMATEUR MUSICIANS wanted for concert orchestra; splendid opportunity. Call with instrument Sunday at 2:35, ELIZABETH PEARSON HOUSE, 250 Charles st., Boston.

APPRENTICE, with dressmaking knowledge in city; \$4. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

ATTENDANT—One to do light housework in institution; \$5 week, board and room. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

ATTENDANT in state institution; in and out of town; \$20 month, board, room and washing. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

BROOKLINE GIRL wanted to do chamber work and baby's washing mornings, take children out afternoons; go home nights. MRS. N. KEEFER, 101 Beale st., Brookline, Mass.

CHOCOLATE DIPPER, in Somerville, work week. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

COMPOSITOR in Brookline; job work. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS for family of five at Ft. Greble, R. I.; wages \$25; references required. CAPT. W. L. BETTISON, Ft. Greble, R. I.

CORSET FITTER and CUTTER wanted. MRS. ELEANOR CLAFF, 462 Boylston st., Boston.

ERRAND GIRL, with dressmaker in Back Bay (white or colored); \$4. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED CASHIERS for our great January birthday sale. Apply at once to Mr. Colburn, Store, 1000 Washington, rest. JORDAN MARSH CO., Boston.

EXP. NUMBERER in city; \$7 a wk. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

EXP. PATENT LEATHER REPAIRER in South Boston; good salary. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

FACTORY HELP, large shoe factory; 18, in South Boston; \$5-6. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

FACTORY HELP, in Brighton; \$1 day. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

GIRL OR WOMAN wanted for general housework in country; good plain food and laundress; 3 in family; 6 boarders; state wages and references. V. A. BATES, R. D. 1, Williamstown, Vt.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted—Middle-aged woman who prefers good home to large salary; references required. HENRIETTA HENDERSON, 94 Glover av., Norfolk, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted; competent, charge; good wages; small family. Mrs. HARRIS, 960 Commercial st., Weymouth Heights, Mass.

HOUSEMAID, to assist with infant; must be neat and quiet; references required. Write CAPT. W. L. BETTISON, Ft. Greble, R. I.

MARKER AND SORTER, in Brighton; \$5-6 week. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PAINT CLEANER, four or five days a week; hours 10 to 5; references for honesty and ability required. See H. H. HOLT, HOTEL VICTORIA, Dartmouth st., Boston.

SALESWOMEN—We require in our new and neater departments several experienced saleswomen; we prefer those having experience at the locality specialty shops; we offer permanent positions with good salaries to those who can qualify. Apply Superintendent, Office 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. SLATTERY CO., 155 Tremont st., Boston.

SECOND MAID, experienced, wanted; references required. MRS. WALTER B. FARMER, 75 Sewall av., Brookline, Mass.

TRUSTWORTHY GIRL wanted to act as mother's helper (white or colored); 10 hours per week; call mornings. MRS. R. H. HILSON, 32 Burton st., Brighton.

WATERS—Call any day between 9 and 12 and 4, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; smart, capable woman, 20-25, to do all mother's helper work; references required. MRS. J. W. WOODMAN, 76 Fourth st., Wellington, Mass.

WANTED—Woman to care for lodging house; furnished rooms given in exchange for services. MRS. TENNEY, 480 Commonwealth st., Boston.

WANTED—Working housekeeper in small modern suburban home; 5 in family; on laundry; references required. MRS. W. W. WOODMAN, 76 Fourth st., Wellington, Mass.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED-FEMALE

WANTED—Young lady to assist in general housework, preferring good home and permanent position to high wages; references. MRS. C. A. SPINNEY, 24 Chester st., Somerville, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced ladies and chamber waiters. Apply W. D. QUIMBY & CO., 200 North St., Boston.

WANTED—First-class chambermaid for small hotel; references required. MISS J. C. WHITE, 373 Commonwealth st., Boston.

WANTED—Girl to assist with housework and the care of two children. MRS. L. W. TOLLIN, 21 Bullard st., Dorchester, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, residence Worcester, 33 single, speaks French and English; references; \$12-15. Mention 350. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR, forist and handy man, residence Boston, 20, first-class references and experience; \$18 week; mention 1154. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR, residence Worcester, 22, single, good references and experience; \$15; mention 383. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR—Young married man wants work; private family preferred; best of references. BELMONT H. CAITRE, 101 Park 470.

CHAUFFEUR OR DEMONSTRATOR on pleasure cars or tractor; class man; years' experience on road and in shop; make all own repairs; temperate; willing to go anywhere. BELMONT H. CAITRE, 101 Park 470.

CHIEF, residence Worcester, 58, married, speaks Italian and English; W. M. where; references; mention 352. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

CLERK, salesman, residence Worcester, 30, married; good education, references and experience; \$15. Mention 408. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

COLLECTOR, residence Worcester, 28, married, like position and references; mention 388. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

COLLEGE MAN (24) with 3 years' business experience desires to represent a home concern in some foreign country; speaks Armenian, Turkish, French, German, Russian, English, Italian and Spanish. HAM QUARIN CUTTIAN, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

COLORED CHAUFFEUR would like position driving for private family; 6 years' experience; best of references. THOMAS J. G. ATKINS, 117 Lenox st., Roxbury, Mass.

COST CLERK, assistant bookkeeper, residence Worcester, 23, married; references and experience; \$12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

GENERAL handy man or meat cook, wife laundress, cook or chambermaid; best references. 277 Washington st., Providence, R. I.

CYLINDER PRESSMAN, 20 years' experience, all grades printing, good on half-tone and vignettes. DANAH, 200 Washington st., Boston.

DAY WORK wanted; housecleaning, finances, etc. MOSES MADISON, 2 Hampton st., Boston.

DIAMETER and toolmaker, residence Worcester, 24, married; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, mechanical or mill, wants position; understands architectural drawing; 10 years' experience. J. W. LLEWELLYN, 941 Tremont st., East Boston.

ELECTRICIAN, married, A. I. experience, would like position; large city or experience. A. R. MERRILL, 294 Columbia st., Boston.

ELEVATOR BOY wants work; best references; colored. CHARLES H. STEWART, 14 Union st., Boston.

ENGINEER, experienced, residence Worcester, 37, married; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

ENGINEER (34), residence Fall River, 60, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

ENGINEER, first residence Worcester, 37, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

ENGINEER or Janitor, married, wants position; wife will work; A. I. references; mention 408. JAMES D. WRIGHT, 10 Camden st., Boston.

ENGINEER or Janitor, third-class license, wants situation. J. A. ANAGAN, 44 Hillside av., Roxbury, Mass.

EXPERIENCED PICTURE FRAME FITTER and passer-partout worker. GEORGE H. HILL, 16 Hawthorne st., Roslindale, Mass.

FARMING, Teaming, driving auto truck, headman on stock farm, foreman or line driver. W. B. BLODGETT, 10 North Brookfield, Mass.

FOREMAN—Young married man (24) wants position; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

FOREMAN (labors), residence New York city, 37, single, 14 years last place; references. GEORGE T. PURNA, 3601 FIVE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

GARDENER, residence Worcester, 40, married; references; mention 412. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK for gentleman wanted by man with good references, or would act as general housekeeper. E. WILLIAMS, 216 W. Springfield st., Boston.

GENERAL INSIDE WORK wanted by neat, willing man; sweeping, cleaning, etc. LOUIS A. HILL, 79 Montgomery st., Boston.

GENERAL WORK, houseman, Janitor, etc.; experienced man wants work in or out of town; good references furnished. H. WILSON, Boston.

GENERAL WORK wanted; window cleaning, floors, rugs, etc. CHARLES J. TORNEY, 505 Washington st., Boston.

GENERAL WORK—Young American would like a position; city or country; hands with tools; farm or small estate. WILLIAM BARRETT, 260 Greenwood av., Wollaston, Mass.

GENERAL WORK wanted at once by married man with family; best references. WALTER F. BARROWS, 57 Grove st., Worcester, Mass.

HARNES REPAIRER, residence Boston, 30, married; references; \$15-18. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

HEAD GARDENER with Holland, Paris and London experience, desires position; thoroughly experienced. JOHN VAN HEESE, 140 Boylston st., Boston.

HOTEL MANAGER, steward or head waiter, residence Roxbury, 40, married, would go anywhere; references; best references; \$25-30 week; mention 1158. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

HOUSEMAN OR COOK (colored) wants work; first-class French and American cooking; references. SADIE N. PRINCE, 20 Harvard st., Brookline, Mass.

HOUSEWORK wanted in Boston or vicinity by Japanese student; can give good references. GEORGE T. PURNA, 3601 FIVE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

INSIDE POSITION wanted by educated young man not afraid of work; go anywhere. F. L. GOODMAN, 38 Yorktown st., North Cambridge, Mass.

IRREGULAR MOLDER, carpenter, residence Worcester, 58, married; \$18 week; mention 38. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

JANITOR OR PORTER (colored) wants work. W. & MOORE, 111 Cumnor pl., Boston.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

JANITOR—Young man would like work of some kind; handy with all kinds of tools; honest and temperate; best of references. A. L. HEDD, 659 Tremont st., Boston.

JANITOR—Position wanted by American (57), experienced first-class references; 22 years' experience; references; \$12-15. HENRY LANGFORD, 73 Empire st., Boston.

JANITOR or assistant; hotel building or family work; temporary or steady job; capable and experienced; references. A. M. MCCLE, 100 Worcester st., Boston.

JANITOR OR PORTER—Colored man wants work. SAMUEL CLARKE, 108 Kendall st., Boston.

JANITOR WANTS SITUATION—Can do painting, paper hanging and general repairs. H. P. PEAK, 15 Lawrence rd., Mattapan, Mass.

LUMBER FOREMAN (Italian man and yard), res. Methuen, age 38, married; will do any kind of work; references; \$10-12 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MACHINE BLACKSMITH, residence Worcester, 50, married, A. I. references and experience; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MACHINIST foreman on turbine engines; had charge of turbines; references; \$18-20. THOMAS J. G. ATKINS, 117 Lenox st., Roxbury, Mass.

MACHINIST, all-round, residence Worcester, 46, married, capable of taking charge of machinery; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MACHINIST (toolmaker), residence Worcester, 40, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MACHINIST, residence Boston, 26, good penman, first-class references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MEAT CUTTER, residence Leominster, 40, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MEAT OR FISH CUTTER, residence Pittsburg, 42, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MILLWRIGHT, residence Worcester, 44, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

MILLWRIGHT, carpenter, residence Worcester, 35, married; A. I. references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

OFFICE ASSISTANT OR SALESMAN—High school graduate (24), student at M. C. A. evening law school; good at figures; good references. ALTON R. C. PETERSON, 1025 W. Winthrop, Mass.

OFFICE CLERK, residence Boston, 24, first-class references and experience; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

OFFICE OR HOTEL CLERK (afternoons or evenings), residence Brookline, 15, can speak English and French; \$8-10; mention 408. F. DOLAN, 41 Mark st., Boston.

OFFICE WORK, bookkeeping, proof, ruling, etc.; residence Boston, 37, married; references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

PAINTER desires steady work; good in house and large city; references. WILLIAM E. DEANE, 21 Pine st., Waltham, Mass.

PAINTER, experienced, paperhanging or sign writing; res. Jamaica Plain, age 48, married; 1st cl. ref. and exp.; \$25-30 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

PAINTER AND DECORATOR, residence Worcester, 44, married; A. I. references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

PAINTER AND WHITENESS, first-class, wants work; good all-round man. FRID NELSON, 20 Notre Dame st., Roxbury, Mass.

PORTER OR BUTLER—Young colored man, good worker, wants situation. L. WILLIAMS, 190 Northampton st., Boston.

POSITION of any kind wanted by married man; 2 children; experienced newspaper editor; references. R. E. ELMES, 19 Huron av., Cambridge, Mass.

PRACTICAL GARDENER wishes position for garden or private estate; experienced under glass and out-of-doors. P. E. STENNEBERG, Box 6, South Hamilton, Mass.

PROOFREADER, res. Greenfield, age 25, single, will go anywhere; speaks French, German, Italian, Spanish, etc.; \$15 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

ROUGH PAINTER, American, 22, desires position; 2 years' experience; will start for \$12. FRANK D. LUCY, 118 Southern av., Dorchester, Mass.

SECRETARY—Young man of ability, now engaged in conducting an effective campaign; well qualified to handle general business correspondence, desires engagement. W. E. ENGLISH, 75 Boylston st., Boston.

SHIPPER, experienced, thoroughly acquainted with routing shipments to America and foreign countries, and also parcel post rates. ALBERT H. ALLETT, 20 Southern av., Dorchester, Mass.

SHOE FACTORY BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires position in the shoe business in Boston; 10 years' experience; best references; young married man. GEO. W. WHITMORE, 9 Swan st., Everett, Mass.

SITUATION wanted in a store; \$18 wk.; grocery, meat market, dry goods, hardware, notions, etc. GEORGE T. PURNA, 3601 FIVE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

STEAM SHOVEL ENGINEER, residence Boston, 37, married; good references; \$18-20. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

STRONG YOUNG MAN wants work as general helper; willing and energetic. WILLIAM E. LLEWELLYN, 941 Tremont st., East Boston.

TAILOR, experienced, wants position in clothing store; good work. ARAM N. SOLAKIAN, 602 Tremont st., Boston.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

TINSMITH, PLUMBER, steamfitter, res. Boston; age 45, married; 1st cl. ref. and exp.; awaits an offer. Mention 11552. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

USHER (theater), res. Belmont, age 40, married; 1st cl. ref. and exp.; \$12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Work in American private family; Armenian young man (18); 18 months in U. S. GUY DAMIRIAN, 13 Milford st., Boston.

WANTED—Position as working foreman on modern farm, by graduate of agricultural college; also with practical experience on farm; thorough understanding of care of poultry, draining, sheep and swine; familiar with modern machinery and tools; references. HENRY T. COVELL, Wells Beach, Me.

WANTED—Situations of most any kind by man who has worked in candy factory. JOE WILKINSON, 6 Frye st., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Work on a small farm by a capable, reliable man (50); a slightly location near a railroad preferred. D. A. LORR, 10 Berkeley st., Leominster, Mass.

WATCHMAN or caretaker of real estate; situation in large city; references. JOHN NIELSEN, 1121 Harrison av., Boston.

WATCHMAN—light inside work wanted by man with good references; 23 years' experience; present firm; would be assistant to shipper. JAMES HARKFORD, 329 Shawmut av., Boston.

WATCHMAN OR GENERAL ATTENDANT—Position wanted. THOMAS J. G. ATKINS, 117 Lenox st., Roxbury, Mass.

WEIGHER, residence West Tibury, 40, married, 14 years last place; references; mention 388. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

YOUNG BOY, strong, wants to learn to be a cooper. ALTON R. C. PETERSON, 1025 W. Winthrop, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (24), high school graduate, would like position in office of large wholesale or retail store; references. CHAS. A. LA ROCHELLE, 41 Bowdoin st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (Armenian, 19) wants position in an American family; references; \$12-15. CHALUKIAN, 121 E. Springfield st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (22), 6 years' experience, painter, willing and able; quick at learning; will go to any place for right place. J. BIRD, 14 E. Canton st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (22), strong and intelligent, wants position in a store; references. ORCHAMAN, 535 Mt. Auburn st., Watertown, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (17-18) wants position; high school graduate; accurate; can furnish first-class references; insurance experience. F. DOLAN, 41 Mark st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (22, single, American) desires position of any kind; experienced in general housework; also competent stock clerk; can drive and repair automobiles. F. S. DRAPER, 47 Chestnut st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN wishes employment in vicinity of Boston Y. M. C. A. mornings or evenings; experienced in business and hotel work; can run elevators, operate telephone switchboard and moving picture machine; licensed welder of coal. MAYNARD R. ELLIS, 16 Beacon st., Dorchester, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (20), Harvard graduate, has position in large city; references; also has literary ability. FRED L. DAY, 16 Lake av., Lynn, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (19) seeks position offering advancement; experienced in bookkeeping and general office work; can handle typewriter. J. RAWLINSON, 27 Copeland st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN, handy at anything, wishes position where there is opportunity to learn; good education, good references. GEORGE T. PURNA, 3601 FIVE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (20), Harvard graduate, has position in large city; references; also has literary ability. FRED L. DAY, 16 Lake av., Lynn, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, educated, good address, desires position; experienced in bookkeeping and general office work; can handle typewriter. J. RAWLINSON, 27 Copeland st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN, educated, good address, desires position; experienced in bookkeeping and general office work; can handle typewriter. J. RAWLINSON, 27 Copeland st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (21) desires work in Boston; first-class references; references. WM. F. REHER, 121 E. 5th st., South Boston.

YOUNG MAN, educated, good address, desires position; experienced in bookkeeping and general office work; can handle typewriter. J. RAWLINSON, 27 Copeland st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN, educated, good address, desires position; experienced in bookkeeping and general office work; can handle typewriter. J. RAWLINSON, 27 Copeland st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN (21), first-class painter, paperhanging and sign writing; \$8-10. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green st., Worcester, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (26), educated, good references, desires position evenings; employed daytime. ARTHUR KIRK, 127 Tremont st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, up-to-date, desires opening with good concern offering advancement; best references. ABRAHAM S. SILVERMAN, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

CLEANING STORES, offices, etc.; experienced woman. MINNIE SHEERAN, 1451 Columbus av., Roxbury, Mass.

COLORED WOMAN, good education, desires work by the hour or day; would sew, mend, do shopping, be mother's helper. Address MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

COMPANION—Position wanted with a middle-aged lady. MRS. E. L. MONROE, 23 Beale st., Roslindale, Mass.

COMPANION of care of children—Position wanted by competent, experienced woman, or would keep house for one person. MRS. ANNA SPINNEY, 2 Claremont pk., Boston.

COMPETENT, REFINED YOUNG WOMAN desires work by hour or day; line or Roxbury preferred; any day but Monday; best references. Address MRS. M. FARRELL, Allghany st., Roxbury, Mass.

COOK—Colored woman wants work in city or country. ADOLPHUS BROWN, 230 W. Canton st., Boston.

COOK—Competent colored woman desires work where second maid is kept; best references. ADOLPHUS BROWN, 230 W. Canton st., Boston.

COUPLE (Swedish)—Man useful butler, laundress, cook or chambermaid; references; private or institution. J. V. O'LEARY, 10 Berkeley st., Leominster, Mass.

DAY WORK wanted by colored woman. MRS. KNIGHT, 136 Hastings st., Cambridge, Mass.

DAY WORK wanted, or laundry at home. ALICE PAUL, 8 Kendall st., Roxbury, Mass.

DAY WORK wanted, and laundry to take home. C. ALLEN, 5 E. Lenox st., Boston.

DAY WORK wanted for Thursday and Friday. ALICE BAKER, 25 Algonquin st., RIS, 15 E. Lenox st., Boston.

DAY WORK wanted by competent, reliable woman; washing, ironing or accompanying a child to school. MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day; remodeling, etc. H. W. WALKER, 177 Beale st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER would like engagements by the day; evening gowns and tailoring; \$2.00 per day. MRS. C. A. LYNN, 114 Bedford st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER desires work at \$1.50 a day; fancy gowns, etc. BEATRICE HENRY, Tufts College P. O., Medford, Mass.

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day with dressmaker or in private family; references. ESTHER G. ADAMS, 31 Albemarle st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER would like work; \$2 per day. ALICE BAKER, 25 Algonquin st., RIS, 15 E. Lenox st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day; MRS. DELLE F. KENT, 131 Pearl st., Somerville, Mass.

DRESSMAKER wants work by the day. MARY O. HIGGINS, 33 Adams st., Allston, Mass.

EXPERIENCED drapery sewer and slip cover work would like work; references. MRS. ELLA SCHARTEY, 34 Union pk., Boston.

FIRST CLASS STENOGRAPHER, 11 years' experience, excellent references, good salary expected. GRACE E. JENNEY, 11 Worcester square, Boston.

GARDENER—Practical, artistic, with 10 years' experience, desires position of following details of architect's planting plan. JEANETTE REBER TAYLOR, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK or cooking wanted by colored woman; references. MRS. L. B. BROOKS, 980 Tremont st., Boston.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK without laundry desired by competent colored woman; references. MRS. J. M. EMMA DAVIDSON, 10 Shawmut av., Boston.

GENERAL HOUSEMAID OR LAUNDRESS—Situations wanted to do housework; references. JESSIE BAILEY, 41 Hammond st., Boston.

GENERAL WORK, sweeping, cleaning, etc.; experienced; references. LANDRY ANNIE JAMES, 18 Lynde st., Everett, Mass.

GOVERNNESS and French teacher would like position; references. MRS. L. B. BROOKS, 980 Tremont st., Boston.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE (21) desires office position; experienced, accurate figure; references. RUTH HASKELL, Suite 10, 1 R. B. Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined middle-aged woman; position; good references; references. MRS. E. CHASE, 5 Howland st., Roxbury, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situations wanted by American woman with girl (5). MRS. L. B. BROOKS, 980 Tremont st., Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situations wanted by American woman. MRS. ISABELLA WALKER, Brook rd., Mattapan, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, economical in management, excellent cook, desires engagement; would like to read aloud, at any time. MRS. H. H. HART, 49 E. Cottage st., Dorchester, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, wants position with one adult; good references. MRS. E. CHASE, 5 Howland st., Roxbury, Mass.

HOUSEWORK wanted near Boston by woman with 3-year-old girl; reasonable wages. MRS. MARY GRAY, 8 Homer st., Brookline, Mass.

HOUSEWORK or chamberwork wanted by colored girl; will sleep in. LILLIAN HILL, 146 Grand st., Allston, Mass.

HOUSEWORK wanted by colored woman with good references. LILLIAN HILL, 146 Grand st., Allston, Mass.

LADY—Maid—Position wanted. YOUNG LADY, 34 MARY BUNES 17 Appleton st., Boston.

LAUNDRESS or general housework desired. MRS. J. M. EMMA DAVIDSON, 10 Shawmut av., Boston.

LAUNDRESS—Colored woman wants work. MRS. Z. G. CLARKE, 108 Kendall st., Boston.

LAUNDRESS wants work by the day or at home. MRS. E. BRIGGS, 371 Northampton st., Boston.

LAUNDRY or care of apartments wanted by colored woman. ETHEL GRAY, Suite 1, 386 Shawmut av., Boston.

LAUNDRESS, experienced, desires position; references. MRS. MARY E. LEWIS, 57 Hammond st., Roxbury, Mass.

LIGHT DUTIES wanted at once for room or board. SOLOMON, 155 E. 5th st., B. BUTMAN, 501 Columbus av., Boston.

MAID—Neat young colored woman wants work in city or country. MARY CLARK, 11 Dundee st., Boston.

MAN AND WIFE (American) want work in country; references. SADIE N. PRINCE, 20 Harvard st., Brookline, Mass.

MORNING WORK wanted by young colored woman. MRS. JESSIE WILSON, 11 Cumnor pl. of Shawmut av., Boston.

MORNING WORK, care of apartments, references. MRS. JESSIE WILSON, 11 Cumnor pl. of Shawmut av., Boston.

MORNING WORK, care of apartments, references. MRS. JESSIE WILSON, 11 Cumnor pl. of Shawmut av., Boston.

MORNING WORK wanted by colored woman. MRS. JESSIE WILSON, 11 Cumnor pl. of Shawmut av., Boston.

MORNING WORK wanted by young colored woman. MRS. JESSIE WILSON, 11 Cumnor pl. of Shawmut av., Boston.

MORNING WORK wanted by neat colored woman. J. H. HENRY, 34 Magoe st., Cambridge, Mass.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

MORNING WORK (until 3 o'clock) desired by young American woman. MISS ANNA LONG, 6 Wainwright st., Dorchester, Mass.

MORNING WORK wanted, cleaning, chamberwork, etc. MRS. ORA MURRELL, 28 Warwick st., Roxbury, Mass.

MORNING WORK or position as attendant in office or club wanted by capable young woman; can do anything. BESSIE ADAMS, 24 Dilworth st., Suite 3, Boston.

MOTHER'S HELPER or second maid—Young Swedish girl, experienced in Germany and America; desires position; has had instruction in shampooing, hairdressing and manicuring. Apply to MRS. A. TONING, 13 Oakdale st., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with some knowledge of bookkeeping; residence Everett, 21, high and commercial school graduate; good penman; first-class references; \$7-8; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

OFFICE CLERK, addressing, or sales, residence Boston, 23, high school graduate; good penman; first-class references and experience; awaits an offer; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

OFFICE CLERK, residence Dorchester, 17, good penman, good references; \$7-8; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

OFFICE CLERK, typist or general office work, residence Somerville, 18, good penman, first-class references; \$5; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PART DAY WORK wanted. MRS. ORA MURRELL, 28 Warwick st., Boston.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, stenographer, office work, residence Roxbury, 25, A. I. penman; first-class references; \$12-15; education; awaits an offer; mention 1156. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PROOFREADER, residence Newton, 34, first-class references and experience; \$15 week; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

PROOFREADER or compositor, residence Newton, 34, first-class references and experience; \$12-15; mention 1157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

SCOTCH GIRL wants position as housemaid managing housekeeper or care of lady children; references. MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

SEAMSTRESS would like work by day; \$1.75. MRS. RUTH PETERSON, 40 Brookfield st., Roxbury, Mass.

SEAMSTRESS, experienced operator, work by the day; American. MRS. E. H. DE LUE, 983 Washington st., Suite 2, Boston.

SEAMSTRESS—Middle-aged woman wants mending and repairing; good seamstress; or light household duties by the day; references. MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

SEAMSTRESS—Colored young woman, 13 years' experience; references. MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

SEAMSTRESS would like work to do out by day; understands cutting, fitting, making, etc. E. A. MERCEY, 470 Massachusetts st., Boston.

SEAMSTRESS (colored) wants work with dressmaker; good plain sewer. LUCY WOODMAN, 31 Harvard st., Boston.

SEAMSTRESS—CHAMBERMAID, desires work with dressmaker; good plain sewer; sewing for families or clubs; 10 years' experience in both positions. E. WIGGIN, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

SECRETARIAL POSITION wanted for experienced stenographer; references. ALICE M. DILLAWAY, 76 Westland st., Boston.

SEWING in all lines, mending, remodeling, making, etc.; references. MISS ROSE HOPKINS, 42 Grove st., West Somerville, Mass.

SITUATION WANTED by young woman experienced in fashion and newspaper drawing; willing to go anywhere; references. MRS. J. JONES, 12 Hubbard av., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER with broad experience and excellent references desires position with good home. A. M. DISMORE, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER—Private Secretary wants position; exceptional experience; references. ISABEL MOORE, 19 Mountfort st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, residence Chelsea, 23, high school graduate; 5 years' experience; A. I. penman; best references; \$12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER, also experienced in billing and some knowledge of bookkeeping; first-class penman; high and business school graduate; 3 years' experience; best references; \$23. residence Franklin, Mass.; \$12; mention 1073. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER, residence Roslindale, 18, willing to go anywhere; references; mention 1123. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, residence Boston, 17, high school graduate; good penman; willing to start for \$6; mention 1154. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER, residence Boston, 21, commercial school graduate, good penman, good experience; \$7-8; mention 1073. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, residence Boston, 17, high and business school graduate; good penman; A. I. references; \$15; mention 1143. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston.

STENOGRAP

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Work of any kind by the day or hour by first-class woman. TENA HARLESLEY, 22 Emerald st., Suite 3, Boston.

WANTED—By young lady (22), position as companion in lady's home. References: HELEN C. ROBERTSON, 60 Pearson rd., West Somerville, Mass.

WANTED—Position in office; 5 years' experience in general office work. HELEN M. LAURIA, 25 Gilman ter., Somerville, Mass.

WANTED—By young American girl, the care of one or two children in a refined family. MAUD E. ELLISON, 50 Willow st., Malden, Mass.

WANTED—Day's work or laundry to take home; handy; by first-class woman. MRS. A. DUNN, 210 Columbia st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2043-M.

WANTED—Cleaning, three days a week, no morning work; honest and reliable colored girl; references if desired. W. J. WILLIAMS, 88 Sawyer st., Boston.

WANTED—Sewing machine by day. MRS. OLIVIA BURGESS, 27 Bennett st., Bridgeport, Conn.

WANTED—Work of any kind by the day; 200 per hour. MRS. M. J. TIPPETT, 100 Prince st., Cambridge, Mass.

WOMAN (colored) desires position as maid for reception; good references; good references. MRS. HATTIE LEE, 16 Hammond st., Boston.

WORK wanted for evening, 5 to 8, by young colored woman. C. HILL, 172 Northampton st., Boston.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted position as housekeeper; good references; good references. MRS. HATTIE LEE, 16 Hammond st., Boston.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—A very experienced American woman (30) wishes position; good salary; New York city or state preferred; have excellent references. MRS. M. J. TIPPETT, 100 Prince st., Cambridge, Mass.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged woman wants situation; Mrs. ANNA DUNN, 210 Columbia st., Cambridge, Mass.

YOUNG NEW ENGLAND WOMAN would like position; care for baby over 3 months; light attendant's work or light housework; references. MISS THEODORE A. JOHNSON, 371 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. Tel. Camb. 2337.

YOUNG STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, also of Bryant & Stratton's, living at home, with parents; good references; will work for small pay if good prospects of advancement. JANET DICKENS, 2 Louise pk., Roxbury, Mass.

YOUNG WOMAN, proficient in cooking, four years' experience, desires position as assistant to domestic science teacher; work in tea-room; good references. C. BROWN, 15 Batavia st., Boston. Tel. South. 8450.

YOUNG WOMAN wants situation; references in book store; ETHEL ROBBINS, 325 Ocean ave., Revere Beach, Mass.

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

PIANO TUNER wanted; must be first class, fine tuner; permanent position. HUNT'S MUSIC HOUSE, White Plains, N. Y.

PORTERS (colored) wanted for factory and retail candy stores. MIRROR CANDY CO., 433 Hudson st., New York.

SALESMAN for asphalt products; ready to make felt, roof, and other work; good references; experience and acquaintance with the trade. AMERICAN ELECTRICITY EXCHANGING CO., 602 West 149th st., New York.

WANTED—Boy 16 to 20 years of age in advertising office; good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter, M. C. WATSON, 286 Fifth ave., New York city.

WANTED—Young man to do stenography, typewriting and general office work in a wholesale business; will do any work unless you have speed of 100 a minute and can type with fast and accurate. E. D. SEALY, 396 Broadway, rm. 1306, New York.

YOUNG BOY OR GIRL wanted to run errands after school and Saturdays. MRS. L. B. BROWN, 3900 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

APRENTICE in dressmaking and millinery establishments; good references; right person. MELLISOP-MCKEE, 3806 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

ATTENDANT in the children (2, 6 and 8); honest, experienced. H. HYMAN, 80 West 93d st., New York; Tel. 4702 Riverside.

CASHIERS, experienced, for retail candy stores in New York city. MIRROR CANDY CO., 433 Hudson st., New York.

CHOCOLATE MAKER, good factory experience; wanted; steady work and good wages. MIRROR CANDY CO., 433 Hudson st., New York.

CORSETT—Strippers, steel stitchers, examiners and ironers wanted; experienced and industrious girls of good family; also a few bright girls learn examining and machine work; model workrooms; free proof; luncheon from our canteen at cost. KOPPEL BROTHERS, 500 Cornhill, 10th and Irving pl., near 11th st., subway station, 1 block west of 54th av., New York.

DRESSMAKER, first-class finisher in establishment; good opportunity for right person. Write HARRY HALL, 212 E. 12th st., New York.

SALESWOMEN wanted in shoe department; good salaries to those thoroughly experienced. GIMBEL BROS., New York.

MILLINERY—Designer and preparator on ladies' hats. I. EPSTEIN, 5 Division st., New York.

REFINED WOMAN as working housekeeper in beautiful suburban home half hour from New York; good references; good cook; competent to take full charge; no washing; give full particulars references and salary expectations; must be able to create in return for good home and kind treatment. MISS H. PEPPER, 30 Vesey st., New York.

SALESWOMEN, experienced, wanted for retail candy stores in New York city; steady positions to suitable applicants. MIRROR CANDY CO., 433 Hudson st., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, double entry bookkeeper, wanted Feb. 1; able take trial balance; German-American preferred; \$15 weekly; permanent position. Apply letter, HUNT'S MUSIC HOUSE, White Plains, N. Y.

WANTED—Salesladies for permanent positions; also extras. Apply F. W. WOOLWORTH & CO., 258 Sixth av., New York.

WANTED—Young woman of good address and appearance for show room in Broadway house; to wear expensive costumes; last 3 to 5 hours; 7 to 9; \$25 week for about two months; might continue for whole year at smaller salary. H. GAYLE, 1501 W. 121st st., New York. Tel. 4887 Morningside.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, in family. MRS. J. RIGDON, 408 Beverly rd., Brookline, N. Y.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted, or woman for general housework; family; 3 adults; no washing; must be capable and reliable; the right person will be made one of the family. Address, forthwith, references. E. W. DOUGLAS, Troy, N. Y.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER (30-40) for family of 3 in 8-room house. E. R. ROSS, 25 Ely pl., East Orange, N. J. Tel. 12.

YOUNG BOY OR GIRL wanted to run errands after school and Saturdays. MELLISOP-MCKEE, 3806 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted for office work; must understand telephone switchboard as to be able to receive operator. THE MIRROR, 433 Hudson st., New York.

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER—Young man (22), 5 years' experience, wishes position as bookkeeper or assistant with advancement. OSCAR TUNELL, 240 Ralph av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man, good penman, 4 years' automobile experience, cashier and general office routine; trial balance, etc.; excellent references. MICHAEL V. KRAMER, 22 Post av., New York.

BOY (17), P. 8 graduate, honest, wishes position in wholesale house, with opportunity of advancement; best of references. JACOB A. SOLOMON, 240 Floyd st., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS MAN, middle-aged, of intelligence and integrity, long experience, wants position; good appearance and trustworthy. MRS. A. DUNN, 210 Columbia st., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2043-M.

CAPABLE, RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, married, experienced as cashier and in office management, desires position as assistant to executive or in responsible capacity. J. CONLAN, 60 Broad st., Newark, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR (21) wishes position in city or country; private or commercial; good salary; 200 per hour. MRS. M. J. TIPPETT, 100 Prince st., Cambridge, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed, experienced, disinterested, reliable, temperate, good habits; 19; driving a Wilson "six." J. ATKINS, 814 av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR (24), single, wants position as chauffeur; good references. JACK FACCIOLA, 212 N. 62d st., Philadelphia.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC (American), 20 years' experience, repairs and drives, home and abroad, high-class references regarding ability, manners, trustworthiness, etc. R. A. FIELD, 78 Van Buren st., Passaic, N. J.

COACHMAN (colored) wants first-class references. E. L. DEWEY, 84 Garfield st., New York.

COUPLE (German)—Man butler and useful valet, wife experienced cook; position wanted anywhere. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN, graduate bridge engineer, 12 years' experience, detailing, checking, estimating, etc.; good references; good buildings; complicated structural work a specialty; desire situation; J. GILBERT, 100 W. Chelton av., Germantown, Pa.

ELECTRICIAN—An intelligent and efficient man wants position; capable of handling any electrical job, alternating or direct current; high voltage; can erect, direct and install men on construction work, new or old buildings; highest references. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

JANITOR or superintendent of high-class apartment house; will go anywhere; long experience and best references; married. EDWARD W. FIELD, 174 Woodruff av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HANDY MAN wants position in hotel, office building or an estate; good carpenter; reliable and efficient. A. JOHNSON, 1372 Park pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MAIL ORDER CLERK desires position in a mail order house; salary \$2.00 a week. 146 D. 120th st., New York city.

MAN AND WIFE (44 and 38), no children, want situation in the country; man is Al gardener, handy with tools; wife is Al cook, laundress, butler maker; good references. NEVIN BAY, 2 Murland st., N. S. Pittsburg, Pa.

MARRIED MAN (30) wishes to manage position in hotel; good references; best references. ALFRED S. HOOKER, JR., 96 E. DECATUR, 12th st., New York.

MARRIED MAN, living in Germantown, would like position with real estate business or insurance; Philadelphia position. E. DECATUR, 12th st., New York.

PIANO TUNER and tone regulator wants position in factory; warehouse; best references. F. E. BART, 1315 Warrenton av., Yonkers, N. Y.

PORTER—Situations wanted by young colored man; can furnish good references. E. DECATUR, 12th st., New York.

PORTER—Strong, energetic young man wants position; wholesale house or hotel; New York city preferred. W. M. H. McCORMACK, 100 W. 10th st., New York.

PORTER, laborer, pipe cutter, fitter's helper, watchman, married, temperate, intelligent, reliable, willing to go anywhere; preferred but will go anywhere. JNO WM POTTER, 219 Bowery, New York.

SALESMAN (30) wishes position; have cooked and wait on table; open apron; good references; willing to locate anywhere. J. T. MACMANUS, 1918 82d st., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING OR DELIVERY CLERK, married, experienced packer, good marksman, good references. E. DECATUR, 12th st., New York.

STEWART with several years' experience desires position as manager of lunch room or restaurant; permanent location; 1534 Market st., Philadelphia.

SUPERINTENDENT (47), best references; paving, sewer, street railway, curb, etc.; good references; willing to go anywhere. J. G. RYAN, 5429 Howe st., Pittsburgh.

THOROUGHLY GOOD HOUSEMAN and cook, reliable and trustworthy; wants position; excellent references. Write HARRY HALL, 212 E. 12th st., New York.

VALET (colored) for taking care of bachelor's apartment, city or country; good references; good references. GENE LUCAS, 123 W. 137th st., New York; Tel. 8862 Morningside.

YOUNG MAN (29), married, porter, handy man, office boy; experienced 5 years' reference. TOM JONES, 26 W. 126th st., Apt. 2, New York.

WANTED—Position in hotel or restaurant; good salary; good references. JOHN G. CREA, 119 Highland av., Pittsburgh.

WANTED by Al Salesman to represent reliable concern in Greater New York on commission basis; can give bond and references. Address P. M. MILLSPAUGH, 214 W. 128th st., New York city.

WATCHMAN, etc. Constables and barge sailor, honest, temperate, highly recommended; will appreciate employment; must give present occupation as seaman; 32nd av., West Philadelphia.

YOUNG MAN (18) wants position to learn; good references. EMANUEL M. GROSS, 110 W. 143d st., New York.

YOUNG MAN (22), college graduate, desires position with future; good habits and references; will go anywhere. H. GERRY, 800 E. 18th st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN (29), traveling 10 years through Europe, speaks good English, German and French. R. A. FIELD, 78 Van Buren st., Passaic, N. J.

YOUNG MAN (22) would like employment as apprentice-machinist or to work in automobile garage; strong and of good habits. WILLIAM HOYT, P. O. Box 51, Liberty, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN (20) would like work on farm; good milk; would take full charge of employment. EDWARD A. KNIGHT, 4929 Girard av., West Philadelphia.

YOUNG MAN, 10 years traveling through Europe, wants position; speaks English, French and German. R. A. FIELD, 78 Van Buren st., Passaic, N. J.

YOUNG MAN (23) would like work of any kind during evenings; best of references. GEORGE R. DAVIS, 121 S. 93d st., Philadelphia.

YOUNG MAN (20), 4 years' experience in hotel; desires position. CHAS. TERREY, 302 Baxter av., Utica, N. Y.

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

YOUNG MAN (19), good penman, who handles mail and professional office English (26). MISS MARIE MANNING, 601 W. 172d st., New York.

YOUNG MAN (18) reliable and neat; assistant costume designer or as general office assistant; 7 years' experience in latter position; best references. MISS MARIE M. MILLER, 265 Audubon av., New York.

YOUNG WOMAN, bright, cheerful, desires to enter home of refinement as companion and assistant. MRS. J. A. WHITE, 324 Clifton pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Phone 5935 Bedford.

YOUNG MAN (25), thorough knowledge of English, German, Spanish, desires work for evenings. Apply by letter only. W. HOFER, 24 W. 10th st., New York.

YOUNG MAN, good penman and mathematician, read and write English, French, German, desires clerical position in Philadelphia. C. B. GILBERT, 109 W. Chelton av., Germantown, Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

AMERICAN WOMAN of intelligence and ability desires position as secretary or stenographer; well educated, trained musician and some knowledge of stenography and office methods. MRS. B. WARD, 510 124th st., New York city.

ATTENDANT, generally useful; situation wanted. MRS. MARGARET JONES, 123 Summer st., Philadelphia.

ATTENDANT OR CHAMBERMAID, WAITRESS—Neat, reliable colored woman wants position in hotel or restaurant; references. HATTIE L. BROWN, 4241 Butler st., Philadelphia.

WAITRESS—Neat, reliable colored woman, stock and window dresser, 15 years' first-class experience in the shoe and dressmaking. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

CLERICAL WORK, typewriting, etc., desired by young woman. MRS. LAURA SCHULTE, 1218 Garden st., Hoboken, N. J.

COLLEGE trained gentleman as companion-secretary; city or country; willing to travel; exceptional references. MISS MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

COOKING OR HOUSEWORK for family; Scotchman; wants position; preferred; references. A. FREEMAN, 20 96th st., West, ground floor, New York.

COUPLE (German)—Man butler and useful valet, wife experienced cook; position wanted anywhere. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, desires position with lady to sew by the day or permanent position. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

DRESSMAKER, formerly with New York establishment, desires employment by the day; \$3 per day. MRS. BECKER, 1501 Dorchester, Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRESSMAKER desires work, remodeling children's clothes; undergarments, etc. day. MRS. M. WILLIAMSON, 132 W. 90th st., New York.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wants sewing out by the day; good references. MRS. HELEN PORTER, 308 W. 154th st., New York.

ENGLISH LADY, much traveled, desires post as companion, chaperone, or any position of trust. MRS. B. A. L. Aberdeen, 100 W. 132d st., New York.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY in fur coats and suits, would like position at once. MRS. A. ISAACS, 7 W. 124th st., New York.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted for half time by colored woman with references. MRS. ROSIE STEWART, 126 W. 139th st., New York.

GENERAL WORKER OR ASSISTANT in home; care of small children, sewing, mending, etc. MRS. R. WALLACE, 144 W. 171st st., East Orange, N. J.

GERMAN COUPLE, man butler and useful man, wife experienced cook; position desired anywhere. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

GERMAN LADY, well educated, good penman, desires position in hotel or restaurant. MRS. W. D. WODICKA, 440 E. 14th st., New York.

HOUSEKEEPER wants situation. MRS. ELLEN FOLKSTEIN, 21 S. 32d st., Philadelphia.

HOUSEKEEPER OR COMPANION to older children—Position wanted by experienced woman; good references. ELIN L. HOLM, 81 Eighth av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LAUNDRESS wants fine washing to be done at home. S. H. HYNES, 306 124th st., New York.

LAUNDRESS (colored), experienced, with washed and wait on table; open apron; good references; willing to go anywhere. A. DRUFFLE, 536 W. 53d st., New York.

PIANO TEACHER wants employment. MRS. MARION WHITE, 101 W. 101st st., New York.

MAN AND WIFE (44 and 38), no children, want situation in the country; man is Al gardener, handy with tools; wife is Al cook, laundress, butler maker; good references. NEVIN BAY, 2 Murland st., N. S. Pittsburg, Pa.

NURSERY GOVERNESS or companion—English girl desires position; fluent English; also knowledge of other languages; city references. E. FOLEY, 145 Audubon av., New York.

REFINED WOMAN wants position as companion to middle-aged lady; New York city preferred. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

SECRETARY, publicity or private, two years' experience; good references; good references. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant—Young lady (19), good penman, wishes position in hotel or restaurant; references. HELEN C. KRANTZ, 1297 St. Johns pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience, desires position where efficiency, accuracy and neatness would be essential; excellent references. MRS. A. A. BRUCE, 144 W. 111th st., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience, accustomed to holding high class position; to locate with reliable man; well educated, competent; highest references. LARA BOOSINGER, 315 W. 113th st., New York.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wants situation; 6 years' experience; good references. R. A. FIELD, 78 Van Buren st., Passaic, N. J.

TUTOR—College graduate desires to instruct children in general or special studies. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

TYPIST, STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator, assistant, etc.; fluent English; references. CORA C. YOUNG, 7 Manhattan av., New York.

VISITING NURSE, desires position in private families; good references. MARY FALKNER, 23 W. 120th st., New York.

WANTED—Position by refined American woman as housekeeper in small family or rooming house; experienced. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

WELL-BRED AMERICAN (28) wishes position as companion or chaperone; references. CATHARINE WILSON, 300 Claremont av., New York.

WOMAN, refined, traveled, wishes position as companion; cheerful, agreeable disposition; highest references. ISABEL E. LAMMER, 210 W. 94th st., New York.

YOUNG GIRL (19) wishes a position at general office work; have had some experience; willing to learn. EUGENE GLOVER, 202 W. 85th st., New York.

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG LADY seeks position as office assistant; good references. MISS MARIE MANNING, 601 W. 172d st., New York.

YOUNG LADY desires position as assistant; 7 years' experience in latter position; best references. MISS MARIE M. MILLER, 265 Audubon av., New York.

YOUNG WOMAN, bright, cheerful, desires to enter home of refinement as companion and assistant. MRS. J. A. WHITE, 324 Clifton pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Phone 5935 Bedford.

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CALLAWAY FUEL CO., Milwaukee, Wis., want reliable collector and collector; present resident of East or West side; write application stating salary expected and references. CALLAWAY FUEL CO., 747 17th st., Milwaukee, Wis.

NATURE LOVER AND INTERPRETER wanted for a girl's summer camp in upper Michigan from July 10 to Aug. 31. Address: MRS. J. O. WELLS, 8607 Indian rd., Kansas City, Mo.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COOK, competent, wanted for private family in country home; or woman for general housework. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

WAITRESS—Neat, reliable colored woman, stock and window dresser, 15 years' first-class experience in the shoe and dressmaking. MRS. J. R. KRAMER, 27 Mechanic st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted for half time by colored woman with references. MRS. ROSIE STEWART, 126 W. 139th st., New York.

WESTERN
LONG BEACH, CA

CATERFLEA-KENNEBEC
A Good Place to Eat
137 West Ocean Avenue

**PAINTING, PLYING, REPAIRING
PERMANENT DYE WORKS**
First Ave. Home 213, Pacific 67-W

FINIS-DR. JAMES H. BOSWELL
802 First National Bank Bldg.
Home 100

FURNISHINGS AND HATS FOR MEN
THE TROGGER
W. Ocean Ave. Home 6184

FURNITURE-THE ARK FURNITURE CO.
C. Furniture of All Kinds
American and Broadway

GEM JEWELRY-ALAN HARRIS
Broadway and Pacific Ave.
Home 5173 Sunset 657 W

NEEDLEWORK SHOP
E. PRICILL-Original Designs
Arlington Hotel, Pacific Way

SHOES-PINK SHOES
CATES BROS.
312 Pine Ave.

SHOES-COVER SHOE COMPANY
Sell Shoe Satisfaction
208 Pine Ave.

TAILOR
J. ABRAMS, THE TAILOR
27 Pine Ave. Home 191

FISH MARKET
FRANK S. VOLK
Pine Ave. Home 132, S. S. 21-W

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ANCHOR REALTY COMPANY
Young, Pres. H. Van Bergen, Secy.
409-17 Market St.
& Country Realty, Loans, Insurance.

456. Shop 118 Geary, 4th
 MAKING—MRS. O. P.

ETS—Call a **SPIRELLA** corsetiere
your home without obligation. SUT-
R 2456. Shop 118 Geary, 4th floor.

ISMAGING MRS. O. P. COLE,
—class work. Reasonable prices.
See Franklin 2134. 2509A Larkin St.

FARMS AND COUNTRY LANDS
E. BESECKER, Established 1885
Pacific Building, San Francisco.

GLADY'S MILLINERY
70 Eddy Street
Next Door to New Tivoli

GLOVES OF QUALITY
THE GLOVE SHOP
E. A. ORR CO., 106 Grant Ave.

OWNS—SCHNEIDER—LANGROCK

BESECKER, Established
Pacific Building, San Francisco

OLUSEAUX—Gowns—Ladies' Tailor
Geary St., Rooms 82-85. Ky. 1913

DRESSING, Manicuring, Shampoo-
ing and Hair Cutting—Columbia and
Peeps. GOLDSTEIN'S, 231-53 Powell at
8.

MILLINERY IMPORTER
RAY LEVIN, 247 Powell St.
diversity in Design and Style

OS—Behning player pianos and
Victor and Columbia phonographs.
CLARK WISE & CO., 51 Geary at
8.

TAILORS—J. A. ULRICH
Men's Tailoring
5 Kearney St., San Francisco

OSK—Leather Goods, Ladies' Hand
bags, Tailoring. FPFENHEIMER, The
Knickerman, 114 Grant Ave., near Post and
8.

OAKLAND, CAL.

OSK—And Craft—Koda's Finishing,
Varging, Picture Framing. COOK &
OSK, 543 16th St.

BARBER—Arcade Baths
and

OAKLAND, CAL.

PAVE, Prop. 464 1/2 City, Bacon Bldg.
 "CITY HALL"
 Cold Lunches a Specialty
 an Pablo. S. A. DAVIDSON, Prop.
 ERATIVE NEEDLECRAFT—Artistic
 industrial designs and materials.
 orders solicited. Estab. 3 yrs.
 MA R. ILSEN, 14th, at Grove.
 SMOKING and ALTERATIONS
 LADIES' TAILORING
 S. H. STARK, 1320 West St.
 ERIS—SUNSET GROCERY CO.
 y delivery, Oakland and Berkeley.
 nes Berkeley 6295, Oakland 567.
 Ballard's \$2.00 hats cover every
 head. Hats renovated.
 J. BALLARD, 18 S. 1st.
 AN HAIR GOODS—Mfrs. and deal-
 Hairdressing, manicuring, sham-

delivery, Oakland and
Berkeley 6295, Oakland

ing, etc. MARVIN'S, 14th, at Wash-
ELLY—WATCHES—REPAIRING
 Mail orders solicited
 Absolutely dependable
SCHOENFELD 1203 Broadway
PAINTERS AND DECORATORS
 B. B. BAKER in FINEST WORK
WELWYLL CO., 1635 Bdw. Oak. 1108
TS—The Shirt Shop, up-to-the-min
 Haberdashers. MCNUTT & SWIFT,
 14th St., at Broadway.
GRACE GILDEA HARVEY
RETRAITS—PHOTOGRAPHER
 1st man Clay Bldg., 14th and Clay
FOR to Oakland's best trade. Im-
 mediate woollens. B. A. OVLEN, 394-5
 Commercial Bldg., 12th, at Broadway.
SHOES and Fine Leather Goods. Man-
 ufacturing and Retailing. Especially.
LEATHY TRUNK CO., 1414 Broadway.
BERKELEY, CAL.
ERS—The Shattuck Barber Shop.

GRACE GILDEA HAN
RTRAIT PHOTOGRAPH
an Clay Bldg., 14th and

SANTA CRUZ, CAL.
S—H. E. IRISH-BOOK CO. will
store of Cal. and the Wild Flow-
\$2.00; California Beautiful \$2.50.
ETS, Linoleums, Stoves, Wall Pa-
Complete House Furnishers. PA-
C COAST LINE FURNITURE CO.
NO & GARFIELD. Fine shoes for
cular men, \$6 only. Also a splendid
at \$4 and \$5. SEASIDE TOGGERY

SANTA BARBARA, CAL.
GOODS AND GIFT NOVELTIES
TE GIFT SHOP
1204 State Street
CLOTHING

S. Linoleums, Stoves, W
omplete House Furnishe
COAST FURNITURE CO

THE GREAT WARDROBE
Good Things in Clothes for Men and
Mrs. Hatis and Co. for Ladies

DRY GOODS
G. F. TRENWITH
LADIES' FURNISHINGS

SERIES—DIEHL'S. A grocery since
Dependable sales and good
137 State St. Both phones 44

Patrons of This Advertising
Will note that

COPS OF QUALITY
ADVERTISING

From Merchants in
Western U. S. and Canada

827 State St. Both ph

Eastern U. S. and Canada
 rs each Tuesday, Thursday and
 Saturday.
 'ps of Quality Advertising from
 Central and Western U. S.
 rs each Monday, Wednesday and
 Friday.
 his advertising costs 10c per
 ne, and is placed under annual
 contract. No advertisement is
 cepted for less than 5 lines.

Friday.
advertising costs 10c



MARKET MOVES IN A RATHER UNSTEADY WAY

BOSTON & MAINE UP

AL MARKET
At the metal exchange
e was shown. Spelter
while tin improved ¼c.
Lead 4.05@4.15; spel-
@5.35; tin 36.50@37.

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU
PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Rain or snow tonight or Saturday; increasing easterly shifting to west-
winds.

TEMPERATURE TODAY	
3 a. m.	38 1/2 noon.
Average in Boston yesterday, 47 1/2.	
IN OTHER CITIES	
(8 a. m. today)	
Bibany	34 New York
Buffalo	38 Philadelphia
Chicago	34 Pittsburgh
Cleveland	28 Portland
St. Louis	24 San Francisco
Jacksonville	24 St. Louis
St. Paul	30 Washington
San Francisco	36

ALMANAC FOR TODAY
 rises 7:13 High water,
 sets 4:30 8:34 a.m., 9:26 p.m.
 length of day... 9:10
LIGHT AUTO LAMPS AT 5 P M

GOOD YEAR IS

GOOD YEAR IS
RECORDED BY

STANDARD OIL

APITAL INCREASES

MIXED PRICE MOVEMENT IN LONDON TODAY

Operations Restricted on Account of War Emergency

Approach—Profit Taking Apparent in Home Rails

AMERICANS IRREGULAR

LONDON—Markets dull, continental

(By Boston Financial News)
LONDON—Securities movements were slow and price changes

g to the approaching week-end
ement restricting operations.
nsols hardened again but home rails
ed under profit taking.

ing to above parity Americans be-
weaker. Canadian Pacific exhibited
tainty and Grand Trunks were
sh. Mexican Railway

signers had a hesitating appearance
as Tintos sold off $\frac{3}{4}$ to $67\frac{1}{2}$ on
red labor troubles. Mince

ers shaded to 17½, a loss of 3-16.

LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

money	Dealing
-------	---------

ount	71 1/4	
ated	71 1/4	
.....	71 1/4	
e & Ohio	94 1/4	
Pacific	80	
e & Ohio	207 3/4	

Great Western.....	60%
.....	114
Rio Grande.....	100%
.....	163
of.....	28%
entral.....	44

& Nashville	108
Central	134
Western	90
Western	100
la	26
	100

ailway	168%
acific	23%
fic	91%
tes Mail	156%
.....	58%
.....	27%
exas	27%

1938
H. WESTERN

BSORBS ROAD

ed by it, transferring that Northwestern. The property miles of track between Pe-

pin County railroad of 24
ard to Benld, which was
rs ago, is also transferred

SILVER PRICES

-Zimmermann & For-
r silver 57½ cents an
dollars 44 cents.
—.

silver 26½d, off ⅓.

R MARKET

-Domestic refined

Jan. 9s., off $\frac{3}{4}$ d.;
May, 9s. $4\frac{1}{2}$ d.,

IDEAL
TIME

MENT
1914

5%, 5½%, 6%.
qualified.
Booklet

ated Trust
et, Boston

LANDS
all Tracts
umber Land

safest and best in American Continent. Ordinary bargains for 1100 Feet, especially profits will be seen here. Correct.

correspondence
guaranteed.
UNDERWOOD
curities
e Building
CALIFORNIA

BRANCH

rust Co.
S AVENUE

ICITED

GENERAL
INSURANCE

ST RATES
1000 & 4120 Euro

Latest Financial, Industrial and Investment News

OPERATIONS OF THE WESTERN RAILROADS LAST FISCAL YEAR

Performances for Twelve Months Best Ever Reported by Systems West of the Mississippi—Interesting Comparisons of Companies' Earnings

NEW YORK—In contrast with previous year, the 12 months ended June 30 last were one of the best periods ever enjoyed by the leading railroad systems west of the Mississippi, according to the Wall Street Journal. Where, in 1912, comparisons of results showed effects of indifferent business, this year they afford examples of how the roads handled what was, in many cases, record-breaking traffic.

Figures of the Southern Pacific are not included, owing to lateness in publication of its annual statement.

Chicago and Northern are taken as the measure in the following grouped comparisons, because it well illustrates a conservatively run system, whose results average up well with any. Northern Western's figures in each case are considered as 100 per cent, and results of other roads are reckoned on that basis. For example, Northern Western had gross operating revenues of \$85,035,921, or 100 per cent, while St. Paul's total income was \$94,084,053, or 113.31 per cent. Northern Western reported net operating revenues of \$58,252,780, or 100 per cent, while St. Paul had \$62,483,908, or 107.95 per cent.

Comparisons in the following tables should not be too strictly interpreted, but serve to illustrate as fairly as can be done the advantages and disadvantages under which the roads work.

In the first table are included mileage of each road, total tonnage moved one mile, and traffic density; followed by a supplementary comparison of percentages to the standard:

Av. mil. Tons 1 mil. Tons 1 mi. road rev. per mil. mil.	Av. mil. Tons 1 mil. Tons 1 mi. road rev. per mil. mil.
Chic. & N. W. 7,974 6,282,916 222 787,902	St. Paul 9,613 8,570,061 411 801,323
Chic. & N. W. 9,110 8,791,433 397 985,062	Rock Island 8,048 5,203,978 687 646,011
Chic. & N. W. 11,002 12,422,690 989 989,081	Atchafalaya 10,750 7,802,544 667 725,797
Chic. & N. W. 7,888 7,634,056 449 992,220	Great Northern 6,200 6,222,168 657 963,527
Chic. & N. W. 7,349 6,282,916 222 787,902	Union Pacific 7,349 6,282,916 222 787,902

Chic. & N. W.	St. Paul	Rock Island	Atchafalaya	Great Northern	Union Pacific
100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
120.55	136.40	113.15	130.35	122.49	113.15
114.24	130.35	122.49	82.58	92.07	113.15
143.49	178.94	125.33	134.87	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15

Northern Pacific displaced Canadian Pacific as the road with greatest traffic density, and Great Northern, a close second, also reported a heavier density. Both Hill roads operate a much smaller mileage than their northern neighbor and move less tonnage, but their lines were proportionately busier. Rock Island, operating 100.93 per cent of standard mileage, moved less tonnage and had a lighter density than any road except Colorado & Southern, a comparatively small system. Northwestern and Union Pacific had practically the same ton mileage, but Union's density was greater.

In the second table are shown the total mileage run by freight and mixed trains, the average number of tons of freight carried per ton mile, and the average number of cars per freight train mile:

Chic. & N. W.	St. Paul	Rock Island	Atchafalaya	Great Northern	Union Pacific
100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
120.55	136.40	113.15	130.35	122.49	113.15
114.24	130.35	122.49	82.58	92.07	113.15
143.49	178.94	125.33	134.87	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15

Great Northern, as usual, topped the list in train load, with Northern Pacific and Burlington next. Great Northern's train mileage was only 66.82 per cent of Northwestern's, and its train load was 182.338 per cent of the unit. St. Paul, Northern Pacific's closest competitor, showed a train load 102.58 per cent of standard, while the Hill road's percentage was 155.65 per cent. Great Northern led with number of cars per train. Rock Island reflected general weakness of its condition, with smallest train load of any road under discussion.

In the above table the cardinal principle of the Hill school of railroading, heavy loading, is vividly illustrated. True, Great Northern's average train load is helped by high percentage of ore tonnage, but Northern Pacific and Burlington, without this favorable factor, are close behind. The effect of heavy loading is seen in the low percentage train mileage of the Hill group. St. Paul, in comparison with Northern Pacific, could well stand an improvement in train loading. Canadian Pacific's train load was above all except the Hill roads.

In the next table are given average number of revenue tons per loaded freight car mile (the car load), the gross and net revenue per freight train mile, and the ton mile rate:

Chic. & N. W.	St. Paul	Rock Island	Atchafalaya	Great Northern	Union Pacific
100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
120.55	136.40	113.15	130.35	122.49	113.15
114.24	130.35	122.49	82.58	92.07	113.15
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134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15
134.87	134.87	124.19	124.19	124.19	113.15

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER
CHICAGO—Cyrus H. McCormick, president of the International Harvester Company, gave out a statement denying the report that the company is negotiating with the department of justice in regard to the suit against it.

GOOD FORTUNE OF PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY

PITTSBURGH—A report just submitted by J. C. Barr, general manager of the Pittsburgh Steel Ore Co., a subsidiary of the Pittsburgh Steel Company, discloses that an iron ore property in Crow Wing county, Minn., acquired by the Pittsburgh Steel Company early in 1913, is more valuable than was supposed when the deal was made, and is probably one of the largest three iron ore mines in the United States. The report shows that the property contains not less than 100,000,000 tons of high grade shipping ore, averaging not less than 56 to 58 per cent iron content. The property was purchased on favorable terms by the Pittsburgh Steel Company, as at the time the deal was made neither party to the transaction knew of the enormous quantity of ore in the property.

A number of geologists and iron ore men have agreed upon the estimate of not less than 100,000,000 tons. What this means for the steel company may be seen from the fact that leading ore producers have fixed the value of the ore in the ground at \$1 a ton. The property is a "stripping" proposition, which will mean the minimum of cost of mining. The property was acquired primarily to supply ore for use in the two modern blast furnaces recently built by the Pittsburgh Steel Company in Monaca, but it will give a large surplus beyond the requirements of the company. The new mine has been named the Rowe in honor of President Wallace H. Rowe of the steel company.

With the acquisition of this ore property, the Pittsburgh Steel Company with its closely allied company, the Pittsburgh Steel Products Company, has plans for expanding operations so that they will employ about 6000 men, with an annual payroll approximating \$5,000,000.

PANAMA ROAD MAKES PUBLIC ANNUAL REPORT

Panama Railroad Company has issued its pamphlet report for year ended June 30 last. The income account compares with the previous year as follows:

1913	1912
Gross revenue \$4,200,253	\$3,780,293
Operating expenses 2,770,510	2,600,225
Net earnings 1,429,743	1,180,068
Operating expenses 2,770,510	2,600,225
Net earnings 1,429,743	1,180,068
Operating expenses 2,770,510	2,600,225
Net earnings 1,429,743	1,180,068
Operating expenses 2,770,510	2,600,225
Net earnings 1,429,743	1,180,068
Operating expenses 2,770,510	2,600,225
Net earnings 1,429,743	1,180,068

The income account for four months ended Oct. 31, 1913, shows:

1913	1912
Gross earnings \$1,506,734	\$1,316,734
Operating expenses 1,150,285	1,070,925
Net earnings 356,449	245,809
Operating expenses 1,150,285	1,070,925
Net earnings 356,449	245,809
Operating expenses 1,150,285	1,070,925
Net earnings 356,449	245,809
Operating expenses 1,150,285	1,070,925
Net earnings 356,449	245,809
Operating expenses 1,150,285	1,070,925
Net earnings 356,449	245,809

H. C. FRICK IS OPTIMISTIC

PITTSBURGH—H. C. Frick, who has been in this city for several days, is left for New York. In an interview Mr. Frick said that he agreed with the optimistic views expressed recently by President Farrell of the United States Steel Corporation. He said he saw no cause for alarm over general business and despite the changes in the tariff law the prospect for the steel industry and business in general was good.

Mr. Frick denied that the Pennsylvania or any other railroad company would build a passenger station on the spot owned by him bounded by Fifth and Oliver avenues, Grant street and Cherry way.

Mr. Frick declared he was in favor of a regional bank for Pittsburgh.

WOOLWORTH CO. HAS GOOD YEAR

NEW YORK—During fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 1913, gross sales of Woolworth stores totaled \$66,223,083, an increase of \$5,609,000, or 9.36 per cent. Sales during December were the largest of any single month in the company's history, amounting to \$10,568,433, an increase of \$1,091,701, or 11.52 per cent.

During 1913, 56 new stores were opened, placing total number of stores in operation at 687. Additions to real estate and building account during year, representing real estate acquired and buildings erected, amounted to more than \$500,000.

CENSUS BUREAU COTTON REPORT

WASHINGTON—A report issued by the bureau of the census shows that there were gained from the growth of 1913 prior to Jan. 1, 13,333,074 running bales of cotton, counting round as half bales, compared with 12,907,405 bales in the preceding year and 14,317,002 bales two years ago.

The corrected statistics of the quantity gained this season prior to Dec. 13, are 12,930,632 bales.

EARNINGS OF U. S. STEEL FOR QUARTER

Falling Off in Shipments and Low Prices for Products Lead to Expectation of Much Lower Profits for Period

DECEMBER'S SHOWING

NEW YORK—Due to low prices, drastic falling off in shipments and other factors, earnings of the United States Steel Corporation for the quarter ended Dec. 31 cover a wide range, with \$23,000,000 as minimum and \$30,000,000 as maximum, compared with preceding quarter of \$38,450,000 and \$35,182,000 in corresponding quarter of last year.

Assuming that net in the fourth quarter reaches \$28,500,000, total net for the year would be about \$140,500,000, and surplus available for dividends on the common \$58,500,000, or 11.3 per cent. Surplus after all charges would aggregate approximately \$33,500,000.

October was a good month, but November and December show up badly. If the corporation for December shows earnings sufficient to cover fixed charges and part of the preferred dividend, it will be doing very well.

According to trade authorities, net in the first quarter of the current year will fall below the last quarter of 1913. Prices are down to a very low level, and even if there is a material increase in shipments, returns will not exceed the last three months of last year. Deliveries will be on a price basis very close to present quotations.

In the last three years the corporation reported an aggregate surplus of approximately \$42,000,000, but in that period has spent considerably more than twice that for new construction. Therefore, it is not to be expected that 1913 will show much of an increase in excess of current assets.

The following gives annual net, surplus available for common stock, and surplus after all charges, including dividends of the United States Steel Corporation, from 1901:

Year	Total	% bal.	Surplus after dividends
1913	\$140,500,000	11.3	\$23,000,000
1912	\$135,000,000	11.3	\$22,000,000
1911	\$130,000,000	11.3	\$21,000,000
1910	\$125,000,000	11.3	\$20,000,000
1909	\$120,000,000	11.3	\$19,000,000
1908	\$115,000,000	11.3	\$18,000,000
1907	\$110,000,000	11.3	\$17,000,000
1906	\$105,000,000	11.3	\$16,000,000
1905	\$100,000,000	11.3	\$15,000,000
1904	\$95,000,000	11.3	\$14,000,000
1903	\$90,000,000	11.3	\$13,000,000
1902	\$85,000,000	11.3	\$12,000,000
1901	\$80,000,000	11.3	\$11,000,000

*Estimated.

The advice of Judge Gary to heads of subsidiary companies to conserve their cash resources seems to indicate that there will be no extensive construction campaign in 1914. In 1910 the corporation spent \$53,101,000 for new construction; in 1911, \$49,430,000, and in 1912 only \$13,780,000.

BOSTON & MAINE FINANCING PLAN PARTLY FINISHED

At the close of the directors' meeting held Thursday afternoon the Boston & Maine Railroad Company announced the completion of a transaction, which is a part of its financing plan, whereby it has exchanged with the Maine Central railroad 100,000 shares, or \$10,000,000 worth of Maine Central stock for Maine Central 50-year refunding 5 per cent mortgage bonds.

The authority for the issuing of the bonds was voted by the Maine Central stockholders and directors in 1911, but has never before been availed of. The Maine Central is practically free from mortgage so that the security for this 5 per cent bond issue is nearly the total mileage of the Maine Central railroad.

It is understood that the Maine Central will retire the 100,000 shares which have been exchanged with the Boston & Maine, leaving 150,000 shares of stock outstanding; and substituting a 5 per cent charge on the bonds for a charge which has been at the rate of a 6 per cent dividend per annum.

Inasmuch as a market seems assured for the Maine Central bonds, so exchanged with the Boston & Maine, provisions for the taking up of the Boston & Maine's \$10,000,000 note issue, due Feb. 3, 1914, look to be complete.

PACIFIC GAS CO. EARNINGS

It is estimated that the Pacific Gas & Electric Company for the year 1912 showed an increase in gross of \$1,400,000 and \$600,000 in net. This is sufficient to push gross earnings well above \$16,000,000 and net slightly less than \$7,000,000. The increase in net is arrived at after charging off all extraordinary expenses of strike costs of last summer. After deducting increased fixed charges and 6 per cent dividends on the \$10,000,000 preferred, there remained a balance equal to something over 7 per cent for the \$25,000,000 common stock.

Bankers for the Pacific Gas & Electric Company believe that the company's earnings have definitely turned the corner. November gross, compared with November, 1912, increased \$148,250, and net \$145,321.

B. & O. EARNINGS REPORT FOR THE LAST SIX MONTHS

NEW YORK—Baltimore & Ohio railroad reports for six months ended Dec. 31 (December partly estimated):

1913	1912
Gross revenue \$25,514,038	\$24,701,000
Operating expenses 15,000,000	14,500,000
Net revenue 10,514,038	10,201,000
Operating expenses 15,000,000	14,500,000
Net revenue 10,514,038	10,201,000
Operating expenses 15,000,000	14,500,000
Net revenue 10,514,038	10,201,000
Operating expenses 15,000,000	14,500,000
Net revenue 10,514,038	10,201,000
Operating expenses 15,000,000	14,500,000
Net revenue 10,514,038	10,201,000

*Decrease.

In a statement issued after the meeting it was pointed out that after deducting from the net corporate income of \$5,842,222 for the first half of the fiscal year the preferred amounting to \$1,178,000, there was a balance of approximately \$4,664,222, whereas the payment of common dividends require \$4,500,000. Attention was called to the fact that, notwithstanding this amount against the earnings for the six months' period, in addition to current expenses, there was also charged out approximately \$1,200,000 on account of damage incident to the floods which occurred in preceding fiscal year.

It was stated after the meeting that no changes in the board of directors took place as a result of the decision of the Union Pacific directors to distribute to their common stockholders the Baltimore & Ohio stock held in the company's treasury. Judge Lovett attended the meeting.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE FORD MOTOR COMPANY

The Ford Motor Company has been in the public eye in a large way only for three years. During 1911 the company made only 35,000 cars. In 1912 production got to 76,150 cars, and that was hailed as remarkable. In the year to Sept. 30 last the output was 188,000 cars, a phenomenal showing, and if the Canadian and European output be added the total would over-run 200,000 cars. This year it is expected that the American production alone will exceed 225,000 cars.

Ten years ago Henry Ford conceived the Ford Motor Company, with only \$100,000 of capital. Even today the capital stock is only \$2,000,000, but inasmuch as it is earning 500 per cent or better it is safe to say that its market value is to be computed in thousands of dollars a share and not at any per \$100. Henry Ford himself holds about 35 per cent and there are six others.

The Ford Motor Company has averaged to earn \$10,000,000 net for the last two years, and in the 1912 year net exceeded \$13,000,000. This year it looks as if profits would come close to \$15,000,000.

SHOE SALESMEN STOPPING AT THE UNITED STATES HOTEL

Eugene Francker, C. P. Ford & Co., Rochester, N. Y., room 40.
Nason & Phillips, Haverhill, Mass., room 40.
Knabe, Hogan Shoe Co., Cincinnati, O., room 52.
C. A. V. Fargo & Phelps, Chicago, Ill., room 53.
J. Datsch, Stewart & Potter, East Boston, Mass., room 54.
W. N. Fitzgerald, Fitzgerald, Phelps & Fargo Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis., room 204.
E. H. Eltinger, Eltinger Shoe Co., Lehigh, Pa., room 210.
J. J. Doyle, V. A. Street Shoe Co., South Boston, Mass., room 211.
J. H. Burger, Allentown Shoe Mfg. Co., Allentown, Pa., room 207.
W. H. Wagoner, Herman E. Lewis, Haverhill, Mass., room 211.
R. H. Sparrell, Sparrell Co., Marblehead, Mass., room 215.
W. K. Frybarger & F. M. Burrows, Little Falls Fall Shoe Co., Little Falls, N. Y., room 216.
C. H. Daniels, Healy Shoe Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., room 214.
J. H. Homan, manufacturer's agent, Philadelphia, Pa., room 216.
R. E. Yeager Shoe Co., Sellersgrove, Pa., room 216.
J. T. Mulcare, Weber Bros., North Adams, Mass., room 420.
Raymond McNamara, L. F. McNamara Co., Haverhill, Mass., room 216.
Wm. Heiber & Son, Rochester, N. Y., room 251.
Martin Kelly Co., Danvers, Mass., room 254.
P. Reynolds, Condon Bros., Brockton, Mass., room 270.
A. G. LaBonte, Bartlett-Howard Co., Lynn, Mass., room 271.
W. F. Crooke, Merrill, Porter & Co., Lynn, Mass., room 272.
Geo. Chandler, D. H. Chandler, Vineland, N. J., room 273.
J. S. Woodruff, Johnson-Ballie Shoe Co., Haverhill, Mass., room 274.
H. H. Tenney-Stoughton Shoe Co., Lynn, room 274.
A. J. Hyde, A. J. Hyde & Co., Cambridge, Mass., room 280.
J. Jacobs & Son, Lynn, Mass., room 300.
C. F. Kendall, Kendall, Sheehan Co., Haverhill, Mass., room 300.
Martin Shoe Co., Salem, Mass., room 308.
Harry P. Cateley, Three K Shoe Co., Stoughton, Mass., room 32.
M. Zuber, Crescent Shoe Co., Reading, Pa., room 323.
C. C. Golden, Utz & Dunn Co., Rochester, N. Y., room 44.
A. Doyle, Wall, Smitter & Doyle, North Adams, Mass., room 44.
Schneider Bros. Shoe Co., South Natick, Mass., room 44.
J. & John, Stork Shoe Co., Lynn, Mass., room 44.
R. J. McDonald, Nippardott Dittman Shoe Co., room 44.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled by The Christian Science Monitor, Jan. 9)

Among the boot and shoe dealers and leather buyers in Boston today are the following:

Atlanta, Ga.—W. V. Vyk of Vyk Bros.; Essex.	Baltimore—R. E. Tubman of Tubman & Co.; U. S.	Baltimore—Mr. Pollard of The Leader; Brewer.	Baltimore—Mr. Breslin of Eichman Dept. Store; Essex.	Baltimore—S. C. Adler and E. S. Cohen of Cohen-Adler Shoe Co.; Essex.	Baltimore—S. C. Adler & O. S. Anderson of Frank & Adler; Bruns.	Baltimore—W. A. Dixon of Dixon Bartlett & Co.; Tour.	Baltimore—J. G. Kochersmidt; U. S.	Baltimore—J. Eichenbaum of Eichenbaum & Co.; Adams.	Baltimore—Nathan Sachs; Essex.	Bangor, Me.—C. Sawyer of Sawyer B. & R. Co.; Adams.	Beaumont, Tex.—F. G. Michaels; U. S.	Bristol, Tenn.—E. King of King Bros. Shoe Co.; Parker.	Bristol, Tenn.—J. H. Fancette of Fancette Shoe Co.; U. S.	Buffalo, N. Y.—J. D. Jackson of Sweeney Dept. Store; U. S.	Butler, Pa.—Peter G. Fox of G. W. Farnham Co.; Adams.	Butler, Pa.—P. W. Ruff; U. S.	Camden, N. J.—C. E. K. & H. E. Payne of Payne Shoe Co.; U. S.	Charleston, S. C.—E. K
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Leading Events in Athletics

PRINCETON TEAM DEPENDING ON TWO SWIMMERS

Capt. E. J. D. Cross '14 in the 220-Yard Event and H. O'Sullivan '16 in 50-Yard Contest Expected to Score

SECOND MEN SCARCE

PRINCETON, N. J.—Candidates for the Princeton University swimming team are now busy practicing for the dual meet with the University of Pennsylvania which is scheduled to take place Feb. 12. This is the second contest the Orange and Black aquatic men have scheduled for this season, and is expected to play an important part in the deciding of the intercollegiate championship.

While Pennsylvania is always represented by strong swimming and water

THREE RECORDS ARE BETTERED AT MEET IN CHICAGO

World's Marks for 120, 200 and 220-Yard Swims Broken—Illinois A. C. Wins First Honors

CHICAGO—Three world's swimming records—the 120 yards, 200 and 220 yards—were broken in the first swim for the Central Amateur Athletic Union championships here Thursday night, first honors going to the Illinois Athletic Club. H. J. Heber and Perry McGilivray were the record breakers.

Heber won the 220-yard race in 2m. 21.8s. P. McGilivray, I. A. C., second, and Ross Strayder, Northwestern University, third. The record was held by C. M. Daniels of New York, and was 2m. 25.2-5s.

Heber also lowered the 200-yard record in this race, making the distance in 2m. 7.2-5s., against C. Healy's former time of 2m. 11.1-5s.

Perry McGilivray won the 100-yard race in 56s. W. R. Vosburgh, I. A. C., second; F. Harless, Chicago Athletic Association, third. McGilivray swam an extra length of the tank, going 120 yards, in 1m. 8.2-5s., lowering Daniels' record of 1m. 10s.

Perry McGilivray also won the 880-yard swim in 12m. 32s.; Vosburgh, second, and J. R. Woods, Northwestern University, third.

DATE GIVEN FOR FENCING MATCH

The northern division of the Intercollegiate Fencing Association, including Harvard, Yale, Cornell, and Bowdoin, will hold the preliminary match in the Hemenway gymnasium, Harvard on the afternoon and evening of Saturday, March 21. About the same time, the southern division will hold its preliminary round and two weeks later the intercollegiate finals will be held in New York.

There are four colleges represented in each of the two divisions, and after the elimination of one college from each, there will be six teams to compete for the championship.

FOOTBALL MEN OUT AT PENN

PHILADELPHIA—Coach Brooke of the University of Pennsylvania football team has 20 candidates out for winter practice. Four prizes have been offered for this work, one for the man showing the most improvement, another for the best punter, a third for the most capable drop kicker and one for the strongest all around player.

COLBY CANDIDATES OUT

WATERVILLE, Me.—Fourteen candidates were out for the first time on the board running track here Thursday for the Colby College relay team, which will run in the big B. A. A. meet.

BASEBALL PICKUPS

Catcher Whaling of the Boston Nationals is playing winter baseball on the Pacific Coast.

The Chicago Nationals are going to take a big squad south for spring training with 34 the total number.

With A. G. Herrmann again chairman of the national commission, that body should go along as smoothly as ever.

Manager Mack of the Athletics says he expects the 1914 baseball season will be one of the best the national game has ever seen.

Harry Niles, outfielder for the Boston Americans a number of years ago, played third base for the Indianapolis team last summer.

The Wisconsin-Illinois league clubs made no less than \$15,000 last year by selling players to the major leagues. Seventeen men were released.

Cincinnati claims to own Romanach, the Cuban shortstop, who had been picked to play that position for the Brooklyn Nationals this summer.

The Keio University of Japan baseball nine will be welcomed in this country. Several Japanese college teams have visited this country in the past few years and have given very good exhibitions of our national game.

Edward McKeever, vice-president of the Brooklyn Nationals, states that unless Tinker plays with his team this summer, the club will try to get back the \$15,000 paid the Cincinnati club for the player's release.

Manager Clark Griffith of the Washington Senators has sold Pitcher Hughes to the Los Angeles club of the Pacific Coast League with the understanding he need not go unless the salary is satisfactory.

It now looks as if the National and American leagues would not take any legal action against such of its players as may join the Federal league ranks. Both President Johnson and President Tener appear to be against any such steps.

President D. L. Fultz of the Baseball Players Fraternity has announced that

LEAGUES DO NOT EXPECT TROUBLE IN SIGNING MEN

Baseball Players Fraternity Well Satisfied With Demands Granted by Magnates—Statement Given by Committee

OUTCOME GRATIFYING

NEW YORK—That the National and American league clubs, as well as the minor teams that belong to organized baseball, will not have any trouble in signing their players for 1914, is evident today, following the announcement made by the committee that represented the Baseball Players Fraternity at the Cincinnati conference Tuesday that the outcome was entirely satisfactory to the players.

That the magnates granted so many of the players' requests was very pleasing to the players, and while they regret that all of their demands were not acceded to and that the minor leagues made the most opposition, they feel that they were exceptionally well received. The statement given out reads as follows:

"We believe that in the Cincinnati conference of Jan. 6 the ball players won a victory which a year ago could not have been dreamed of. Twelve of our requests were granted, three modified and two withdrawn. Eight or 10 of them were opposed very vigorously, but with the utmost frankness and good feeling.

"We met far more opposition from the minor league representatives than from the national commission, and were, therefore, unable to do as much for our minor league members as we had hoped. But even as it is, they will be materially helped.

"These representatives, we felt, were sincere in their belief that an undue hardship would be placed upon them unless some requests were modified, and, as we had no disposition to bring this about, we waived the points.

"The treatment accorded us, except in the offensive attitude of one of the conferees, was all that we could have asked. We were met in a fair, cordial and dignified manner, which, in view of the strained relations previously existing, was gratifying in the extreme."

The statement was signed by John P. Henry, Edward M. Reulbach, Jacob E. Daubert, John B. Miller, Ray W. Collins and David L. Fultz.

ST. NICHOLAS BEATS CRESCENTS

NEW YORK—Giving a rather poor exhibition of hockey, the St. Nicholas hockey team defeated the Crescent Athletic Club seven in their Amateur Hockey League match at St. Nicholas rink Thursday night, 3 goals to 2.

U. S. GOLF ASSO. MEETS TONIGHT TO PICK COURSES

Links for Three National Championships Will Be Selected at Annual Gathering of Organization in the Waldorf-Astoria

OTHER BUSINESS ON

NEW YORK—The annual meeting of the United States Golf Association will be held in the Waldorf Astoria this evening to elect officers and select three courses for the national open, amateur and women's championships. While there will be a number of interesting subjects brought up, such as rating players, etc., the awarding of the championship courses will be the most important.

For the open championship three western clubs, the Midlothian at Blue Island, Ill., Minikahada of Minneapolis and the Homewood near Chicago, are eligible, but the latter club is said to have withdrawn its application for holding the national open, leaving only two clubs eligible for this event.

The women's championship, which was won this year by Miss Gladys Ravenscroft, has the Nassau Country Club, Glen Cove, L. I., the Exmoor Country Club, Highland Park, Ill., and the Chicago Golf Club at Wheaton, Ill., as applicants from which a choice will be made.

The Ekwanok Country Club of Manchester, Vt., Mayfield Country Club, Cleveland, and Detroit Country Club, have been selected for the amateur event, the first named club being talked of as the place to hold this event in 1914.

The story that the Ekwanok Club will not be able or willing to accept the championship if awarded it appears to be without foundation, as Ekwanok will enter the field, according to a prominent golfer of Massachusetts, who states that the club will be ready next September, and there is little question if the Vermont club wishes to run the tournament that they can have it for the asking.

Of the 358 clubs belonging to the U. S. G. A., 270 are allied, leaving only 81 clubs which have a vote in tonight's proceedings. While there will be a large number of golfers present, the allied members have the right to take part in the discussions before the meeting. The delegates who will represent the Massachusetts clubs and Vermont, six in Massachusetts and one from the Green Mountain state, follow:

Brae-Burn, Harry L. Ayer; the Country Club, G. Herbert Windeler; Oakley, Charles Stetson; Essex Country Club, George F. Willett; Country Club, Springfield, Herbert Jaques; Ekwanok Country Club, Manchester, Vt., James L. Taylor.

YALE FOOTBALL COACH READY TO START PRACTISE

NEW HAVEN—Football plans at Yale are expected to start at once, and a meeting of the football committee and the coaches who will train the candidates is looked for soon. Frank Hinkley, head of the coaching system of the eleven for the coming year, arrived Thursday to take charge of the gridiron campaign.

Hinkley is unwilling to discuss plans. He said that he is in favor of the open game, including forward passing, and under his direction Yale expects to develop a far more formidable attack than the team has had in the past few years. With Hinkley as an all-the-year resident, will be Dr. W. Bull, who has now taken permanent position as Yale football adviser, and who will be in charge of Yale's backfield coaching.

Winter practice in football and rowing will be started as soon as the new coaches, Hinkley and Armstrong, both of the class of 1896, can get the squads into the gymnasium.

YALE NEWS FOR PAID MANAGER

NEW HAVEN—A single paid graduate manager for all the athletic teams at Yale in place of the 17 men now occupying managerships or assistant managerships in each class for the various branches of sport is the gradual reform advocated by the current issue of the Yale News.

Under the plan proposed the graduate manager would be supplied with such clerical assistance as might be necessary, and it is pointed out "the managing would be done competently and with some continuity," and the 17 men from each class would be "liberated from managerial servitude."

Foreseeing some opposition to the proposal among even the managers themselves, the News declares that "if the managers or the athletic committee will not abolish the drudgery of managerships, then it is time for the arbitrary intervention of the faculty."

PENN MAY PLAY NAVY ELEVEN PHILADELPHIA—Pennsylvania football authorities are negotiating with the Annapolis academy authorities with a view to playing a football match next fall. Pennsylvania has decided to drop Brown from her schedule and the navy is sought to take the vacant place.

TWO MATCHES FOR TODAY IN BILLIARD MEET

Clark and Leonard Are Winners in Annual National Class B Tournament, the Former Taking Contest by 300 to 294

EXCITING FINISH MADE

NEW YORK—Two matches are scheduled for today in the annual national amateur class B 18.2 ballroom billiard tournament here. Two were played Thursday, and G. P. B. Clark and Walter Leonard were the winners, Clark defeating William Gershal, 300 to 294, and Leonard winning from Frederick Lowenthal, 300 to 190.

Clark won by putting the carroms solidly together in the final innings after he had trailed for the greater part of the match. The contest furnished an exciting ending, as Gershal, needing only 7 more points, while Clark's score stood at 269, was faced with a lineup of the balls which he failed to solve. From a bad leave Clark proceeded to close the gap in the score by a masterful run of 25.

Then he missed a little draw and Gershal had another chance. The latter was unsuccessful in making anything out of the wide spreading of the globes and was compelled to let Clark solve the riddle, which he did with a run of 6 to win the match.

For the early part of his string Gershal played to an average of 11. His final average was 5 44-50, while Clark's was an even 6. Gershal put together a fine run of 49 at close range play on his twelfth inning as his best effort, while Clark's high run was 36. The summary follows:

George P. B. Clark (white ball)—5 1 23 3 2 2 19 1 1 0 5 1 1 28 0 3 8 3 0 2 0 0 11 32 0 14 14 2 1 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 2 10 2 0 3 0 36 25 0 6. Total, 300 points. Average, 9. High runs, 36, 32 and 28.

William Gershal (spot ball)—4 2 0 8 13 4 2 2 15 0 49 19 12 4 0 0 2 1 2 0 2 0 0 8 4 0 1 1 7 0 10 0 2 16 4 3 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 2 23 21 1 0. Total, 294 points. Average, 5 44-50. High runs, 49, 34 and 21.

Leonard easily won from Lowenthal by the score of 300 points to 190. Leonard lumped up the high average for the tournament with 9 21-31, with high runs of 36, 28 and 25. His short table game was filled with pretty maneuvering and he had 13 double figure clusters on his string. Lowenthal's average was 6 13-31, with high runs of 26, 23 and 22. The summary follows:

Walter Leonard (spot ball)—0 9 1 28 4 0 1 3 13 0 4 3 0 18 21 6 3 2 2 23 18 1 0 10 36 0 25 0 23 11 12. Total, 300 points. Average, 9 21-31. High runs, 36, 28 and 25.

Frederick Lowenthal (white ball)—1 1 5 0 4 23 2 3 2 2 8 3 2 2 14 1 3 0 11 26 0 1 0 2 1 15. Total, 190 points. Average, 6 13-31. High runs, 26, 23 and 22.

Referee, John Daly.

WIDER STREET IS PROPOSITION

KANSAS CITY—A wider Twentieth street is favored by the city's engineering department. It is the plan to widen the street from the Southwest boulevard to McGee street, giving a new width of 80 feet. The proposition is also made that the widening go to Locust street, says the Star.

By making Twentieth street a traffic way between these points, traffic connection to the South side from the West side would be possible by a direct line. The traffic would enter the South side arteries to be afforded by the Main street viaduct, the Grand avenue viaduct and the McGee street traffic way by means of the McGee street viaduct. Traffic from the south, using the same arteries, would find Twentieth street the first wide street leading to the West side.

DUTTON WINS IN PINEHURST GOLF

PINEHURST, N. C.—George C. Dutton of the Belmont Club, Boston; C. L. Becker of Woodlawn, Mass.; Maurice Risley of Atlantic City, and Harold Slater of Fox Hills, were winners in the second round of match play at the annual winter golf tournament here Thursday.

W. E. Truesdel of Fox Hills; H. W. Segerman of Englewood, N. J.; Robert Hunter of Wee Burn, Conn., and W. H. Faust of the Buffalo Country Club won in the consolation division.

COLUMBIA AND HARVARD WON

NEW YORK—Squash teams of the Columbia and Harvard University clubs were victorious Thursday on their respective courts in interclub matches. The Blue and White outscored the Princeton clubmen 3 to 2, while the Crimson men pulled out ahead of Heights Casino representatives 4 to 3.

PENN MAY RUN DARTMOUTH

University of Pennsylvania has notified Manager G. V. Brown of the B. A. A. games to be held in Mechanics hall, Saturday, Feb. 7, it would not run a relay race against Georgetown University, as proposed. The Red and Blue will now be asked to run Dartmouth.

TUFTS EASILY BEATS AMHERST

Tufts' varsity hockey team won an easy victory from the Amherst College seven in the Boston Arena Thursday night by a score of 11 to 1.

KAHANAMOKU IS NOT TO JOIN THE PROFESSIONALS

Famous Hawaiian Swimmer Anxious to Come to the U. S. and Join Missouri Athletic Club

ST. LOUIS—Much interest is being taken in local circles over the announcement that Duke Kahanamoku of Honolulu, the famous amateur swimming champion, is considering coming to the United States and joining the Missouri Athletic Club.

Should the famous aquatic star come here and join the Cherry Circle Club it will place the local club in the first rank as a swimming aggregation as Kahanamoku is the best all-round swimmer in the world.

Some time ago the report was circulated that he contemplated turning professional in order to compete against the famous professional champions of Australia. This report is denied, however, by C. T. Carr, a graduate of the University of Illinois who has just returned from Hawaii.

That Kahanamoku is not going to turn professional is welcome news to the United States in view of the coming international swimming meets at the Panama-Pacific exposition in 1915 and at the Berlin Olympics in 1916. The famous Hawaiian has given indication of ability to develop into the best all-round swimmer ever produced and his loss to amateur competition would have been a source of universal regret.

VICTORIAS PLAY HERE TONIGHT

The contest between the Irish-American Athletic Association and the Victorias of Montreal at the Boston Arena tonight is expected to furnish the local hockey enthusiasts with some fine playing, as the game is expected to be one of the hardest fought of the season. The match will be the first appearance of the Irish-American seven, although all of the players on that team are well known to local followers of the game. R. Skilton, the big cover point, is sure to furnish some fast playing, and Fred Hurlbert, the former Williams and Technology athlete, will play center, and will be watched closely.

The Victorias have been playing very fast hockey all season, and arrived in Boston this morning feeling confident of their ability to beat their opponents. The teams will line up as follows:

IRISH-AMER. A. A. VICT. OF MONT.
Ford, L. W. F. W. McMurtry
Hurlbert, F. G. H. Hale
Telford, F. F. J. Chambers
Skilton, R. L. W. Mowatt
Skilton, R. G. H. Hale
Hurlbert, F. F. J. Chambers
Bray, G. G. L. Law

HANDICAP MEETS ON B. A. A. COURTS

The tennis committee of the Boston Athletic Association has arranged several handicap court tennis tournaments for the next few weeks to be played on the indoor courts of the organization. The pairings follow:

Junior handicap—F. Snow vs. E. Kimball Jr., S. M. Morris vs. A. Lyman, H. L. Shaw vs. G. V. Morris, H. P. Wood vs. R. E. Palmer, A. C. Needham vs. M. E. Colby, draw a bye.

Senior handicap—C. W. Wightman vs. J. Smith Jr., J. B. Chamberlain vs. J. Kestland, S. D. Pope vs. G. A. Rockwell, J. T. Shaw vs. G. V. Morris, E. K. Speare vs. H. A. Tucker, F. E. Cutler and G. F. Wales drew byes.

Double handicap—F. E. Cutler and S. D. Pope vs. J. B. Chamberlain and G. A. Rockwell, H. P. Wood and S. M. Morris vs. G. V. Morris and partner, E. K. Speare and G. F. Wales vs. winners of Wood, Merrill and Morris watch, J. T. Shaw and D. P. Rhodes vs. winners of Cutler, Pope and Chamberlain, Rockwell watch.

TOWNSEND DEFEATS PUTNAM

R. S. Townsend of the Boston Athletic Association defeated G. P. Putnam of the Union Boat Club on the courts of the latter organization in the interclub tournament of the Massachusetts Squash Racquet Association Thursday. This allows the B. A. A. a clean sweep of the tournament, as the Unicorn players won all of the others matches last Saturday.

FOUR NOT FOR FEDERALS

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—That Konetchy, Viox, Mitchell and Harmon will not cast their lot with the Federals was settled today, following the signing of George Watson, the St. Joseph, Mo. player. President Barney Dreyfus declared that he had talked to the four others named and that all were satisfied.

BOSTON A. A. TO PLAY PILGRIM A. A.

The Boston Athletic Association hockey seven will meet the Pilgrim A. A. in the Boston Arena Saturday night instead of the Victorias of Canada. Charges of semi-professionalism have been brought against the Canadian team and the B. A. A. has declined to meet them as they are a strictly amateur seven.

WYNDE NAMED AS COMMODORE

Edward J. Wynde has been nominated as commodore, Frank Fais as vice-commodore, and Walter H. Lord as rear-commodore of the Dorchester Yacht Club in the report of the nominating committee submitted to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the club next Thursday evening.

Entire Wheat Bread

Is best for children. They like it. Get some Franklin Mills Entire Wheat Flour today for your children's sake. Franklin Mills Co., 121 State St., Boston.

BIG SEASON FOR N. E. LEAGUE IS POPULAR IDEA

One of Most Successful Years in History of Organization Is Predicted as Result of Changes in the Position of the Clubs

CIRCUIT NOW COMPACT

That the New England Baseball league is going to have one of the best years in its history during the 1914 season is the opinion today of those in close touch with the organization. This is due to the placing of clubs in Fitchburg, Haverhill and Lewiston in place of Brockton, New Bedford and Fall River, as voted on at the meeting held in Boston Thursday afternoon.

The meeting was one of the most optimistic ever held by the league. The magnates voted unanimously to change the circuit, and it is a noticeable feature of their new circuit that no city south of Boston will be represented next summer. The league now appears more compact than heretofore and should result in much keener rivalry and better financial returns.

Secretary Cooper stated that the season will open April 29 and close on Sept. 12, and that he has virtually engaged Charlie Lannigan of Providence as the foundation of a new umpire staff, which shall consist of the best men who can be secured.

A schedule committee, consisting of Messrs. Burket, Pieper, Fraser, Lake and Duffy, will prepare the schedule and report at a final meeting of the league in Boston March 3.

Many baseball men were in attendance at the meeting, and a number of trades were completed or set in motion. M. Finn for his Memphis club secured Arthur Lavigne, the star Lynn catcher, giving a round sum of money and a good pitcher to be delivered in the spring, also Johnson, the Fall River pitcher who is expected to develop into a good man.

All three of the new cities will probably have new grounds to open on. At Fitchburg the street railway company has agreed to find a new location, while it is expected that President Clotchy of Haverhill will also have a new location as the old grounds are not accessible. At Lewiston, the Chamber of Commerce is looking up a site which will be used by the club as well as for other athletic events.

COLUMBIA Y. C. ELECTS MORGAN

The Columbia Yacht Club has elected the following officers for 1914: Commodore J. C. Morgan; vice-commodore, H. W. Schatzel; rear commodore, W. J. Flynn; secretary, Alexander Moore; treasurer, G. H. Carver; regatta committee, T. H. Campbell, chairman; P. F. Pfund, James Booth, R. J. Huntley, F. Van Couverberg.

James Fleming, skipper of the Wayward, has been appointed fleet captain. The club now has 175 members.

BOSTON BOYS MEET

Boys representing Boston won the Greater Boston Y. M. C. A. indoor meet in the Boston gymnasium Thursday night with 44 points. Everett was second with 31. Reed of Everett was high individual scorer with 13 points.

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT, 8 to 11:15. JEWELS OF THE MADONNA. Edna, Dalva, Ferrar-Fonatas, Harcourt. Cond. Morosoni.

SAT., 2 to 4:45. LUCIA. Tetrazzini, Heyman, Tanlongo, Fornari. Cond. Morosoni.

SAT., 8 to 11:15. PAULINE. Tetrazzini, Heyman, Tanlongo, Fornari. Cond. Morosoni.

SUN., 8 to 10. MME. TETRAZZINI IN CONCERT. PAULINE. TO BOSTON THIS SEASON. Broadway, Wrentham, Sings, Tetrazzini. Orchestra of 75. Prices 25c to \$2.

MON., 8 to 10:45. TALES OF HOFFMANN. Ravina, Amundsen, Scotney, Latitte, Marcoux. Cond. Strany.

WED., 7:45 to 11:15. LOUISE. Edna, Dalva, Delmore, Moore. Cond. Andre-Caplet. Box Office, week days 9 to 6. Sundays 2 to 9. Downtown Office, Steiner's, 162 Boylston. Mason and Hamlin Pianos Used.

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SYMPHONY HALL SUNDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 11, AT 3:30

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HARRY O'SULLIVAN '16

THE HOME FORUM

ERASMUS AND SIR THOMAS MORE

THE following is the picture which Erasmus painted of Sir Thomas More, his friend and ally in Chelsea. He finds the task of describing him not an easy one: "For not every one understands More, who is as difficult a subject as Alexander or Achilles. From childhood he has been careless of appearance, but he has still the charm which I remember when I first knew him. . . . He dresses plainly; no silks, or velvets, or gold chains. He has no concern for ceremony, expects none from others, and shows little himself. He holds forms and courtesies unworthy of a man of sense. . . . He is a true friend. When he finds a man to be of the wrong sort, he lets him drop, but he enjoys nothing so much as the society of those who suit him and whose character he approves. Gambling of all kinds, balls, dice and such like he detests. None of that sort are to be found about him. In short, he is the best type of companion. . . . He is fond of animals of all kinds, and likes to watch their habits. All the birds in Chelsea come to him to be fed. He has a menagerie of tame beasts, a monkey, a fox, a ferret and a weasel. He buys any singular thing which is brought to him. . . . More was forced upon a foreign mission and conducted himself so well that the King would not afterwards part with him, and dragged him

into the circle of the Court. 'Dragged' is the word, for no one ever struggled harder to gain admission there than More struggled to escape. But the King was bent on surrounding himself with the most capable men in his dominions. . . . More has never been known to accept a present. Happy the commonwealth where the magistrates are of such material! Elevation has not elated him or made him forget his humble friends, and he returns whenever he can to his beloved books. . . . After pages of appreciation of his friend, Erasmus tells how Sir Thomas More came to him because in early life he was a versifier and wanted him to improve his style. Erasmus touches lightly on their connection with each other and again launches out in generous praise of More, his readiness in argument, his fine intellect and excellent memory. Erasmus declares that his friend was 'religious but without superstition. He has his hours for prayer, but he uses no forms and prays out of his heart. He will talk with his friends about a life to come, and you can see that he means it and has real hopes. Such is More, and More is an English courtier, and people fancy that no Christians are to be found outside monasteries.'

REGARDING U. S. PATENT LAWS

INVENTION is the deepest and most fruitful root of better business, affirms William Hard in his series on "Better Business" in Everybody's magazine, and yet it is exactly in inventiveness where the laws and court rulings in the United States, he affirms, are hampering and discouraging business. We have the astounding sight of such a man as Edison devoting himself to phonographs and motion pictures instead of to the really great things that are being worked out in Europe. Why? Because the laws of the United States do not afford actual protection to its inventors.

The writer in Everybody's goes on to show how the great companies have the game in their own hands and can drive out of the field inventors whom they do not themselves control. In hundreds of cases tried for infringement of patents against the great industrial combinations it is said that only 22 have resulted in verdicts for the inventor.

Women's Names and New Laws

Significant of changing social conditions is a note printed lately in one of Los Angeles papers about the signatures of women on petitions. Whereas until lately in California a woman's only right of petition was through her husband or the masculine head of her family—if there was one—now she may herself ask what she wants of the government. But she is slow to learn that now she not only may but must ask in her own name, not in that of her husband. If she signs herself "Mrs. John Smith" she is rated as nobody and the name is stricken off the list. She is Mary Smith; she is herself at last in the eyes of the government. It is said that in the face of repeated instruction 30 per cent of the women who petitioned against prize fighting in Los Angeles recently lost their prayer because they signed not their own name but their husband's, preceded by "Mrs."

Heavenly Love

My eyes for beauty pine,
My soul for God's grace;
No other care nor hope is mine:
To Heaven I turn my face.

One splendor thence is shed
From all the stars above:
'Tis named when God's name is said,
'Tis Love, 'tis heavenly Love.

And every gentle heart,
That burns with true desire,
Is lit with eyes that meet
Of that celestial fire.

—Robert Bridges.

McKinley

He was strong, he was wise, he was gentle. . . . Confronted continually with new and exacting situations he was never unequal to them; his serenity was never clouded; he took the storm and sunshine with the same cheery welcome. —John Hay, of President McKinley.

SITE OF EARLY WOOLEN MILL IN AMERICA



COMPLETE and authentic records of the first cloth manufacturing by power in the United States are not available today, but according to Royal C. Taft, who investigated a number of claims, the first woolen mill that was successfully operated in America with power machinery was built in 1794 at the falls of the Parker river in Byfield parish of Newburyport, Mass. Directing the enterprise were John and Arthur Scholfield, who came to Boston from Saddleworth, Yorkshire, Eng., in 1793. John Scholfield later moved to Montville, Conn., and built there the first woolen mill in Connecticut. Most of the machinery for the mill at Byfield was built in Newburyport, and it is said to have been the first made in America. A fulling mill

had been in operation here since 1687. Woolen blankets are still being manufactured on this spot. Here in Byfield Paul Pillsbury invented machinery for making wooden shoe pegs, an invention which did much to develop and revolutionize the shoe industry. In this place also the first nails made by machinery were manufactured on machines invented by Jacob Perkins, a Newburyport man, and one of the great mechanical geniuses of America. Before his invention nails were wrought by hand, and 1000 was a long day's work. With Perkins' machine hundreds of thousands were made by one man.

American Indians in Public Affairs

OF the Indians who have attained positions of national or international reputation, the Red Man mentions these: Robert Owen, Cherokee, who is United States senator from Oklahoma; Charles Curtis, Kaw, United States senator from Kansas; Charles D. Carter, member of Congress from Oklahoma; Charles E. Dagenett, supervisor of Indian employment, United States department of Indian affairs; J. N. B. Hewitt, ethnologist, Smithsonian Institution; Arthur C. Parker, Seneca, archeologist, New York State Museum; the Rev. Sherman Coolidge, Arapaho, president of the Society of American Indians; Charles A. Eastman, M. D., Sioux, author and lecturer; Henry Roe Cloud, Winnebago, a Yale graduate and authority on Indian social conditions, etc.; John M. Oskison, Cherokee, magazine writer; Dennison Wheelock, Oneida, lawyer and authority on Indian administration; the Rev. Frank Wright, Choctaw, the famous southern evangelist; Angel DeCora Deitz, Winnebago, artist, and teacher of art at the Carlisle Indian school.

Responsiveness

The disposition to be friendly, to like people, and to find out what they are like, tends to make you alert mentally in social intercourse; whereas, if your tendency is to suspect people, to think they are critical of you, or trying to get the better of you, or to make use of you, you are likely to be an unresponsive person. To be sure, unresponsiveness does not always imply the possession of such unfortunate tendencies or traits; sometimes it is due to self-distrust, self-criticism or self-depreciation. You think that you are really not a very interesting or "exciting" person, and you therefore make yourself less interesting than you are. So the Youth's Companion admonishes and continues: What you should remember is that the important thing in social intercourse is not to try always to be interesting; it is rather to make the other person feel that he is interesting. Just as soon as you lose self-consciousness, you will become responsive. . . . Bringing out the best in others, you enlarge your own horizon.

Typical Old Church Roofs of England

The old timbered church roofs of some of the ancient churches of England, with their rich carving and impressive proportions formed the subject of a lecture delivered lately by Mr. Howard before the Archeological Society at Burlington House, London. The varieties, he said, were enormous, but the types, which merged into each other, might be generalized in two main divisions as those that were a dead weight on the walls and those that tended to thrust the walls apart. There had been, he thought, a misunderstanding on the part of modern writers as to the principles of medieval roof construction, and this he attributed to failure to recognize the limitations that beset the ancient carpenters. The pegs that they used were useless to resist tension or strain. Moreover, the carpenters' trade was the most conservative in the world. Yet it appeared that with all the mistakes in construction, where there was failure it was the walls that failed and not the roofs, and the rods across the nave under the roof were solely for the support of the walls. The Devonshire roofs had a charm of their own, due to the curve of the rafters and rich carving. Some of the wide and lofty churches of East Anglia had roofs of much interest, with arched braces, hammer-beams, and buttresses, the wall posts being brought down so that the thrust was conveyed through the roofs of the aisles to the buttresses. In this way the Gothic builders had come near the perfect solution of a difficult problem, and would have quite succeeded if they had made the wall posts strong enough.

We Are Nothing

From within or from behind,
A light shines through us upon things
And makes us aware
That we are nothing, but the
light is all.—Emerson.

Today's Puzzle

TRANSELETON

Oh, had I but the power and skill
Of masters of the minstrel's THREE
That I might raise my voice and fill
The air with music soft and free,
The sweetest song man ever sung
I'd enroll till the whole world rung,
And all this wealth of melody
Would sing of thee and be for thee!

Yes, were I but you little wren,
And could I sing as sweet as he,
I'd seek thy lattice hollow, and then
I'd fill the air with melody,
Which every ALL of passing air
Would carry to you resting there,
And, oh, my ONE would happier be
If you but dropped a TWO for me!

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE
Texas.

Brilliant Carnations Now Fashionable

It is amusing to hear that the fashion of wearing brilliant pure colors is extending beyond the boundaries of fashion in dress and furniture, and has invaded the world of flowers. The Daily Chronicle (London) gives the views of Laurence J. Cook, the honorary treasurer of the Royal Horticultural Society on this subject. Only a few years ago he said people would not buy rich colors in carnations. They wanted the paler and softer shades, such as the old Enchantress. Carnations, as well as fashionable millinery, have been affected by the new love of color, and both for decorative and wearing purposes people have become much bolder in their tastes.

A striking example of the new order of brilliantly hued perpetual carnations is the Gorgeous, a rich deep glowing cerise flower, which will make its debut. By night the Gorgeous, which is the deepest in color of the whole cerise family, lights up to a glowing non-flashing red. Another special point about the Gorgeous is its stem, which, according to the experts, is the largest and the strongest stem of any carnation.

The blue carnation still dwells in the realm of romance, but another newcomer is the Laueven, which is the nearest approach to the perpetual blue carnation which has yet been produced. The Laueven is really only a mauve, but it is a very bluish mauve.

When the Royal Horticultural hall was opened about eight years ago there were only three colors in perpetuals, white, magenta and pink, added Mr. Cook. Today the perpetual carnation is to be had in every shade, from the crudest red to the most delicate mauve. Even art shades are being produced, as in the case of the Cinnabar, which is an old rose terra-cotta.

Mazzini on Carlyle

Mr. Carlyle is no homeopathist; he never administers remedies for evil in infinitesimal doses; he never pollutes the sacredness of thought by outward concession or compromise with error. Like Luther, he hurls his inkstand at the head of the devil, under whatever form he shows himself, without looking to the consequences; but he does it with such sincerity, such naivete and good will that the devil himself could not be displaced at it, were the moment not critical and every blow of the inkstand a serious thing to him. I know an English writer who has during the last 10 years so vigorously attacked the half-gothic, half-pagan edifice which still imprisons the free flight of the spirit, no one who has thrown among a public much addicted to routine and formalism so many bold negations, so many religious and social views, novel and contrary to any existing ones, yet no one who excites less of hostility and animadversion. . . . He condemns because there are things which neither heaven nor earth can justify; but his reader always feels that it is a painful duty he fulfills. When he says to a creed or an institution, "You are rotten—begone!" he has always some good word upon what it has achieved in the past, upon its utility, sometimes even upon its inutility. He never buries without an epitaph—"Valeat quantum valere potest."

Kentucky Taxes in 1834

J. C. Ringo of Mexico, Mo., has a tax receipt that was issued to his father in Montgomery county, Kentucky, in 1834. The receipt shows the great difference in the taxes of that time and the present. Mr. Ringo paid 94 cents on personal property that included 14 horses, a bunch of cattle and sheep, etc. He owned 160 acres of land, on which he paid taxes to the amount of \$117. The property was valued at \$794.

Republic's Rock

That Rock is the rock on which our republic rests.—Andrew Jackson.

GUATEMALA SPEAKS OF OLD SPAIN

IN A city of Guatemala the traveler may take a cab from the tiny railway station to the rambling old hotel. The street is paved with big blocks of stone. The cobbles bounce and rattle and you wish you had walked. When you arrive and ask the fare, you gasp with dismay. "Eighteen dollars!" But you presently learn that this in Guatemalan only means \$1 United States. Here you see the Indian women in the simple costumes they have worn for many generations, embroidered white linen chemises, and hand woven cloths of gay patterns bound tightly round the body for skirts. Lilac and green are favorite colors and pale blue, contradicting the usual notion that the southern is fond of bright colors. There are glimpses in all these Central American and Mexican towns of coloring that recall the Spanish dominion, for they are in pale colors, light and lovely against the brilliant southern skies, as the Spanish custom was.

In the old Spanish days, all that we now call Central America, as Ernest Peixotto says in "Pacific Shores from Panama," was known as the Captain-Generalcy of Kingdom of Guatemala. Don Pedro de Alvarado is the name that is linked with the first conquest of this region even as Cortez, who was Alvarado's captain, is known for his Mexican campaigns and Pizarro for his exploits in Peru. Alvarado found a civilization much like that of the Aztecs of Mexico and the Incas of Peru, with in-

dustries and arts and picture writings. He planned to make a capital that should be the most gorgeous in the world. He brought over artisans of all sorts from Spain, and the Mayas, who had built the great temples at Yucatan and Honduras, built the vicegeral palace at Antigua. In 1776 the capital was removed to Guatemala City and Antigua stands today a mere city of the past, with interesting ruins.

Pass Christy Ann

It is said that the little southern town which the President of the United States chose for his winter vacation pronounces its own name as if it were Pass Christy Ann, with the accent on Ann. Of course other people have always said it Pass Christy, the last word with the quick syllable or with the hint of a third, according to one's habit of pronouncing the word Christian. Apparently the pronunciation of the town's name lingers from an early day when Christian was given a careful three syllables.

Appreciation

Happiness comes not from the power of possession, but from the power of appreciation. Above most other things it is wise to cultivate the powers of appreciation. The greater the number of stops on an organ the greater its possibilities as an instrument of music.—H. W. Sylvester.

House Moving by Water

Towing houses on lighters for a distance of 34 miles is the unusual method adopted by a Detroit, Mich., contractor in carrying out a job of house moving says Popular Mechanics. These houses were originally located at Marine City, and to bring them to their final destination at the east end of Detroit, it was necessary to place them on scows and tow them down the St. Clair river for a distance of 30 miles and then straight across Lake St. Clair. The actual towing time varied from 14 to 18 hours, and in each case the work was done successfully, without trouble of any kind. Three houses were moved in this way.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear"

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Friday, January 9, 1914

Bigger Share for the Wage Earners

THE impression made on public thought by the departure of the Ford Motor Company of Detroit from the lines of relationship usually existing between employer and employee can no more be satisfactorily defined at the present time than its consequences can be accurately determined. It cannot be considered either the initiation or the culmination of a new industrialism, notwithstanding that it stands out as one of the most conspicuous proofs the times have known of a marvelous change in human consciousness as to man's responsibility to man. For a considerable time past there has been a known and a strong tendency among individual employers, firms and corporations toward the sharing of profits with faithful and capable employees. Profit-sharing is not now uncommon in mercantile and manufacturing establishments. Great industrial corporations have in recent years and in many instances enabled their workers to become shareholders. Sometimes dividends to employees at the year's end have taken the form of gifts. In the United States, generous and whole-sale divisions of wealth, either among workers or among institutions intended to benefit workers, have been of almost daily occurrence.

Notwithstanding all this, it must be admitted that the Ford action, taken comprehensively or in detail, came as a surprise. George M. Pullman years ago built a town, provided it with every civic necessity and luxury known to the times, and invited the employees of the Pullman Car Company to make use of it on what he regarded as reasonable terms. He desired to bestow upon them the opportunity of becoming parts of a model industrial community. His motives were apparently philanthropic and patriarchal, but the results fell short of his expectations. Others before and since have been led by honest desire to enter upon similar undertakings. None of these, however, have been permitted to influence the conditions affecting intimately the occupation and compensation of the employee.

In the Ford case a step has been taken which seemingly introduces philanthropy into the daily operations of a great industry. Altruism has apparently gone into partnership with automobile building. The human being may be said to have been moved ahead of the machine. Yet, an analysis of the conditions under which this radical departure from the beaten path in industrialism has been taken will disclose the happy fact that it is free from utopianism. The impelling force in the situation is a tremendous and a beautiful ideal, but it differs from many such in the fact that the means for its realization had first been provided and are at hand. Its practical application must exercise an immense and a wide-spread influence throughout the entire domain of human activity. Carried to its ultimate this influence should quiet tumult in the industrial world, dispel discord, harmonize the relations between capital and labor, and diffuse tranquility and comfort among the millions. Evidently the leaven of righteousness is working.

Practical Way of Meeting Loan Abuses

WITH all the laws that have been drawn to protect the person in need of money from the extortion of the professional loaner, there remains so much of the usurious practice that there is a turning to other means than restraint by statute to lessen it. The prime difficulty of the law's enforcement is in the privacy of the arrangement between the person in dire need of money and the lender in eager pursuit of the opportunity of

extortionate rates. At all events, the practice continues and the escape that seems to have the greatest worth is through the provision of some way of money being loaned to worthy persons at fair return. Substitution is possible where restraint fails that simply prevents the person without security getting needed money. An instance of such an undertaking comes from Springfield, Mass., where, according to the Springfield Republican, an industrial loan company is proving the successful competitor of the grasping lender.

In a modest office, where he is readily accessible to the people, the cashier of the Springfield concern receives those who have only their wage, as yet unearned, and their own character to offer as collateral. Capitalizing honesty, the process is called. In eight months 800 persons have found this modest bank their helper and the good it has done is out of all proportion to the \$100,000 capital engaged. Stories are told of the escape it has supplied to the men and women who had become enmeshed in the snare of the money lenders, of the means it has supplied for a modest start in business, of the relief it has afforded a pressed mechanic, all on the assurance of wages to be earned. Another service has been the collection of accounts by an arrangement which permits the small weekly payment on a debt that would never be discharged in the lump.

Precisely this sort of institution has its place in every city. It turns banking from the sole concern for the investor to practical usefulness to the needy. It defeats easily the wiles of the extortioner. It does good and does it wisely. It serves a better purpose than restrictive laws because it still makes possible the obtaining of the money while it reduces the interest charge to a basis of equity and right. The government that tries to stop the extortion would do well to patronize the establishment of agencies that offer such a substitute.

The New City of Balboa

JUDGING from the facts presented in our Culebra, C. Z., correspondence, the permanent town of Balboa is to be constructed along lines followed by the engineers and architects in laying out and building the community groups in the zone that during a decade have compelled the attention and admiration of the world. Construction of the waterway across the isthmus must, of course, overshadow everything else accomplished in Panama, but those who knew the country before the route passed under the control of the United States and during the early stages of the preliminary work, find it difficult to divest themselves of the thought even now, when the great waterway is all but ready

for commerce, that of all things achieved the subjugation of every untoward condition in the land itself was the most marvelous.

It was the triumph over so-called "natural conditions" on the isthmus that made everything else possible, and the engineering and architectural planning of the early days contributed to this in an essential degree. In plain terms, the first great step was to make existence in the zone bearable, labor in the zone possible. And in the accomplishment of this it was necessary to create new conditions which have been and which must continue to be object lessons to all semi-tropical and tropical countries.

Practically all of the temporary structural work will soon have disappeared. The mission of the temporary communities is drawing to a conclusion rapidly. If this were to be the end, if only the great waterway of all material things were to remain to mark the accomplishment of the tens of thousands who toiled for years along its right-of-way, the moral influence of the victory over climate, soggy soil, malaria and insects would lose nothing of its value to humanity.

Nevertheless, it is pleasant to learn that in the building of the new city of Balboa, between Ancon and Sosa hills, a permanent object lesson in community planning for the tropics is to be provided. Whatever else Balboa may be, to native or tourist, in the years to come, it will point eloquently to the fact that man is master of every condition and every situation with which he may be confronted in the material world. Every belief, law and superstition to which nearly four hundred years of wrong thinking on the isthmus of Panama had given birth were obliterated by the wave of intelligence that swept down from the north ten years ago. Balboa will well deserve to be called a monumental city.

It is coming to be recognized in thousands of communities that the paving and the shade-tree problems are not only closely allied but inextricably complicated. The coming of motor vehicles, as everybody knows, has stimulated widespread and intense interest in road construction and maintenance. The advantage of providing highways of smooth surface is recognized with equal clearness whether the matter be viewed from a social or a commercial standpoint. Travel and trade are both induced by good pavement. So well is it understood that local advantage lies in the direction of building and maintaining good streets and good roads that the investments for 1914 in highways over the states and counties and municipalities of the North American Union will aggregate hundreds of millions of dollars.

So much for the roads. They are now, for the most part, being constructed along the most approved lines. Where the surface is not of some basic material that is hard, oil is used to harden it. Many state and county roads and city streets in all sections of the land are found to be almost as smooth as bowling alleys. They stretch out before the oncoming motor car like ribbons. They invite travel; they stimulate rapid motion; they make possible long and delightful journeys within a minimum of time. But they are impervious to water. They prevent the seepage of moisture for which the trees along the roadway are thirsting. They threaten magnificent avenues of old trees; they prevent the growth of magnificent avenues of new trees. Almost every considerable community in the country finds itself confronted with the question of maintaining fine roadways at the expense of its fine trees, or maintaining its trees at the cost of the roadways. Of course, the problem must be worked out without going to either extreme.

At present the real difficulty lies in the prevalent disposition everywhere to postpone action that will lead to the solution. A few trees, it is felt, can be spared. It will not matter, some believe, if the weaklings are thinned out. But intelligent observation establishes the fact that continued indifference or negligence in this respect is bound to result in destroying much of the attractiveness that good road building was intended to promote. Gaps in the tree avenues, decaying tops and limbs, early drying of the leaves, faded foliage along the roadways in midsummer are all reminders of urgent duties to be performed. It is surprising to find that the subject of providing means of watering the roots of trees in road-building undertakings is now claiming scant attention. There is talk of making such provision an essential part of all highway construction contracts in the future. Apparently this is what should be done if many of the splendidly paved roadways of the present are not to have unattractive and ragged fringes in the future.

School Credits for Home Work Done

THE plan now on trial more by western than by eastern educators in the United States, that gives the public school pupil credit for his or her attainments as a child in the home, as a worker in shop, factory or as student of music, art and kindred matters not included in the school curriculum, has the merit of diminishing the pressure upon a child ambitious for high marks. This ambition may not be altogether wholesome, but it exists and has to be reckoned with. Hence if a pupil who aspires to extra-scholastic learning or doing, who will work as well as study or who will take lessons in subjects not taught in the schools, can have this effort and whatever success may go with it credited to him, he is that much better off, so far as school rating goes, than he ever was before. Assets on which he hitherto could not bank are now his to count upon when he has to meet the liabilities imposed by the school's scholarship standards.

Nor can it be overlooked that the plan has the advantage of bringing school, home and place of income-earning very much nearer together than is the case under the conventional system. If credits for domestic serviceability or shop efficiency or skill in music or painting are to weigh in the final accounting of the school on a pupil's claim to be educated, why of course school and home, shop and studio, must know much more about each other than is now the case. Experience has shown that such new knowledge at once follows, with benefit to all involved.

Another beneficial result of this plan is its disintegrating effect upon the conventional, scholastic ideal that education is a process of information-getting, best carried on within institutional walls and strictly limited in its choice of subjects investigated. The innovation does not take from the school the dominant place it deserves to have in a community scheme of education, nor its right to award promotion and finishing honors. But it does insist on broader tests and a wider area of action for the pupil, and a theory of education that includes willing and doing as well as thinking.

Mechanical Transit and the Pioneers

FROM earliest times mankind have studied and striven to discover easier and more effective methods of transit. It is, however, of a comparatively recent date that anything in the nature of mechanically propelled vehicles has been attempted. In the year 1830 steam carriages were seen running in London and the neighborhood, and although an attempt was made to use them as public vehicles, they were too ponderous and unwieldy to become a commercial success. Nevertheless the public of today perhaps owes a greater debt of gratitude than is generally recognized to those early pioneers. After these first attempts there was a lull of many years, finally broken by the advent of the internal combustion engine.

It is true that Sir Hiram Maxim made valiant attempts to construct a steam engine of sufficient lightness, and developing power enough to propel a heavier-than-air flying machine. The results of these experiments are well known, and although Sir Hiram's ambition was never fulfilled, the remarkable engine he constructed will always remain a landmark in the history of mechanical development.

Not many years after Sir Hiram's interesting experiments, the internal combustion engine appeared. The services of this class of engine, capable of developing more power compared to its weight than any steam engine was able to, are used today in a great variety of directions. By their means boats are propelled along the surface of the water and under it; the motor car is driven by means of them; whilst to their services airmen owe the fact that they can travel at a greater speed than has ever been previously attained by any means of conveyance.

As to what further developments may be in store for the internal combustion engine, time will show. Probably the latest use to which it has been put is driving craft over the shallow waters of a canal by means of a propeller revolving in the air after the manner of an aeroplane. Owing to the shallowness of the water as well as to the narrowness of the bed, the use of the ordinary ship's propeller is not always practical in inland waterways. Theoretically there is no reason why this new application of the internal combustion engine should not prove successful, and further experiments will be watched with interest. Those familiar with the working of the canals in England have often wished some method could be devised whereby the services of the tow-horse could be dispensed with. If the method of propulsion referred to should prove practical the advent of this novel form of transit will be welcomed by those who are anxious to see the horse relieved of what is undoubtedly an arduous task.

NOVELS, plays, speeches, propaganda literature and personal appeals of radicals all bring to the college woman of the United States today influences that, together with some of her studies, create for administrative officials somewhat altered problems of discipline from those faced by Mary Lyon, Emma Willard or Alice Freeman. The ambition to be "free," to be "economically independent," to vote, to be a social revolutionist after graduation, inevitably shapes conduct as well as belief while in college. Nor is it surprising, even if it be disconcerting, to deans and professors. Conservative though all academic institutions are, they never are free from the ferment of the outer world; and the women's colleges consequently are being forced today to face and to deal with feminism.

At Oberlin, a coeducational institution, the problem of shaping legislation defining social usage in connection with the life of the women students has taken on a wider scope of investigation than originally planned. The process had not proceeded very far before it was seen that issues other than local ones were involved. If the college of today and tomorrow is to retain aught of the older theory of officials' moral responsibility for students, what are the standards of conduct to be imposed; how much extension of freedom of choice as to personal habits, friends and opinions is to be granted; what concessions from past conventions of manners and morals are to be made to feminism; do the data for standardizing conduct exist, and what are they?

Wishing illumination on these and other important details prior to acting, the Oberlin officials have sent out circulars to educators, to students of social problems, to alumni and alumnae, and to parents of students seeking guidance from them in meeting a new situation. Synthetic appraisal of the resulting data will be invaluable. The more intimately one knows the practical conditions of school and college life for girls at this juncture in the evolution of woman and of education, the keener is the desire to see what measure of unity of opinion the poll brings out.

COMPETITION likely to be aroused by the American Society for Thrift, in its effort to find the thriftiest American city, bids fair to be lively, interesting and instructive. It is encouraging to find that testimony to thrift is to be given a much wider range than is commonly the case. The per capita savings bank balances, that is, are not to carry all the weight, or most of it. The society must know how communities in competition are doing along other lines—in education, in civic duties, in small gardening, marketing and cooperation, and in music, art and athletics.

The savings test is not to be either ignored or underrated. It is to be given a full measure of consideration, but it is evidently not the idea that savings bank deposits alone, aggregate or per capita, can tell the whole story of communal progress. It may take a little time to assimilate the society's complete test requirements, but it is clear that a community that does not grasp the educational, the cultural and the esthetic, as well as the economic, phases of the problem of thrift is hardly prepared for the contest.

In this undertaking there is no lack of scope for investigation and constructive effort. If it should accomplish nothing more than the awakening of the public conscience to the value of individual and communal thrift, leaving the rest to other agencies, the home, the school, the college, it would be performing a tremendous service. But apparently the society is not to be content with merely taking the initial steps; it proposes to popularize the movement, to have a day set aside for its promotion, to enlist in its behalf the school children of the nation. All this indicates a wholesome enthusiasm in a wholesome cause. Whether this enthusiasm continues long or ceases soon, society must be all the better for its influence while it lasts.

Modern Woman and College Discipline

Seeking the Thriftiest City